## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 27919-2

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### Carbon dioxide capture —

Part 2:

Evaluation procedure to assure and maintain stable performance of post-combustion CO<sub>2</sub> capture plant integrated with a power plant

Captage du dioxyde de carbone —

Partie 2: Mode opératoire d'évaluation pour assurer et maintenir une performance stable du captage du  $CO_2$  post-combustion intégré à une centrale thermique





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### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 265, *Carbon dioxide capture, transportation, and geological storage*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 27919 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

### Introduction

Atmospheric carbon dioxide ( $\mathrm{CO_2}$ ) emissions must be reduced to meet climate change mitigation targets. Including carbon dioxide capture and storage (CCS) in current emission reduction approaches increases the probability of meeting these targets at the lowest cost to the global economy.  $\mathrm{CO_2}$  capture from gases produced by combustion of carbonaceous fuels is the only technology capable of dealing directly with emissions from power plants and other industrial sectors, such as cement manufacture and fertilizer production.

This document is the second in a series of standards for post-combustion  $CO_2$  capture (PCC) from a power plant using a liquid-based chemical absorption process. Building on ISO 27919-1 on evaluation of key performance indicators (KPIs), this document provides an evaluation procedure to assure and maintain reliable performance of a PCC plant integrated with a power plant. New or revised standards focusing on other  $CO_2$  capture technologies and approaches will be developed later.

PCC is applicable to all combustion-based thermal power plants. A simplified block diagram illustrating the PCC process is shown in <u>Figure 1</u>.

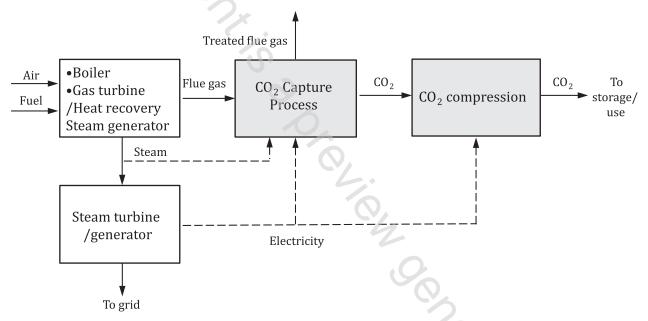


Figure 1 — Simplified block diagram of PCC

In a typical power generation facility, carbonaceous fuel (e.g. coal, oil, gas, biomass) is combusted with air in a boiler to raise steam. The steam drives a turbine or generator to produce power. In a gasturbine combined-cycle system, the combustion in the gas turbine drives power generation, while steam generated through a heat-recovery steam generator produces additional power. Flue gas from the boiler or gas turbine consists mostly of  $N_2$ ,  $CO_2$ ,  $H_2O$  and  $O_2$ , with smaller amounts of other compounds depending on the fuel used. The PCC process is located downstream of conventional pollutant controls. Chemical-absorption-based PCC usually requires steam to be extracted from the power plant's steam cycle or the use of lower-grade heat sources for absorption liquid regeneration, depending on the absorption liquid and process employed.

The economic and environmental value of a PCC plant is determined by its technical performance, as well as its ability to achieve and maintain stable operation as required by its owners/stakeholders, as follows:

- The owner of the flue gas source has an interest in sustained  $CO_2$ -emission reductions.
- The owner of the CO<sub>2</sub>-product has an interest being able to supply CO<sub>2</sub> at the desired rate regardless
  of external conditions.

The  ${\rm CO_2}$  receiver has an interest in  ${\rm CO_2}$ -product availability for its own operations.

As, this docum, iability, availabil. Thus, this document describes a procedure that combines technology item evaluation procedure with This document is a previous general ded by tills

### Carbon dioxide capture —

### Part 2:

# Evaluation procedure to assure and maintain stable performance of post-combustion ${\rm CO}_2$ capture plant integrated with a power plant

### 1 Scope

This document provides definitions, guidelines and supporting information for evaluating and reporting (with respect to the basic design items ongoing, and the operational results of a reference plant or unit as feedback) to ensure the (designed) performance of a PCC plant integrated with a host power plant. The PCC plant separates  $CO_2$  from the power plant flue gas in preparation for subsequent transportation and geological storage. The physical system being addressed is a single power plant, with an optional auxiliary unit to provide thermal energy required for the PCC plant, and a single PCC plant as described in ISO 27919-1.

The formulas and methods to assure and maintain reliable performance, presented in this document, describe issues addressed during the design and construction phases and practices that document reliability and availability during routine operation. These practices would also guide ongoing maintenance programmes.

This document does not provide guidelines for benchmark, comparison or assessment studies for PCC plant operations using different capture technologies (i.e. absorbents), nor does it specify appropriate operating conditions such as temperature etc.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 27919-1, Carbon dioxide capture — Part 1: Performance evaluation methods for post-combustion  ${\it CO}_2$  capture integrated with a power plant

### 3 Terms, definitions, abbreviated terms and symbols

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="https://www.electropedia.org/">https://www.electropedia.org/</a>

### 3.1 Terms and definitions

### 3.1.1

### administrative delay

delay to maintenance incurred for administrative reasons

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-192 (192-7-12), modified — "maintenance action" was changed to "maintenance"]