
**Information technology — JPEG 2000
image coding system —**

**Part 4:
Conformance Testing**

*Technologies de l'information — Système de codage d'images JPEG
2000 —*

Partie 4: Tests de conformité



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Foreword

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This document was prepared by ITU-T (as ITU-T REC. T.803) and drafted in accordance with its editorial rules, in collaboration with Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology, Subcommittee SC 29, Coding of audio, picture, multimedia and hypermedia information*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO/IEC 15444-4:2004), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- addition of the criteria to be achieved to claim compliance with Rec. ITU-T 814 | ISO/IEC 15444-15.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 15444 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

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**INTERNATIONAL STANDARD
ITU-T RECOMMENDATION**

**Information technology –
JPEG 2000 image coding system: Conformance testing**

1 Scope

This Recommendation | International Standard specifies the framework, concepts, methodology for testing, and criteria to be achieved to claim compliance to Rec. ITU-T T.800 | ISO/IEC 15444-1 or Rec. ITU-T T.814 | ISO/IEC 15444-15. It provides a framework for specifying abstract test suites (ATSs) and for defining the procedures to be followed during compliance testing.

This Recommendation | International Standard:

- specifies compliance testing procedures for encoding and decoding using Rec. ITU-T T.800 | ISO/IEC 15444-1 and Rec. ITU-T T.814 | ISO/IEC 15444-15;
- specifies codestreams, decoded images, and error metrics to be used with the testing procedures;
- specifies ATSs;
- provides guidance for creating an encoder compliance test

This Recommendation | International Standard does not include the following tests:

Acceptance testing: the process of determining whether an implementation satisfies acceptance criteria and enables the user to determine whether or not to accept the implementation. This includes the planning and execution of several kinds of tests (e.g., functionality, quality, and speed performance testing) that demonstrate that the implementation satisfies the user requirements.

Performance testing: measures the performance characteristics of an implementation under test (IUT) such as its throughput and responsiveness, under various conditions.

Robustness testing: the process of determining how well an implementation processes data which contains errors.

2 References

The following Recommendations and International Standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation | International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and Standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Recommendation | International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and Standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. The Telecommunication Standardization Bureau of the ITU maintains a list of currently valid ITU-T Recommendations.

- Recommendation ITU-T T.800 (2019) | ISO/IEC 15444-1:2019, *Information technology – JPEG 2000 image coding system: Core coding system*.
- Recommendation ITU-T T.814 (2019) | ISO/IEC 15444-15:2019, *Information technology – JPEG 2000 image coding system: High-throughput JPEG 2000*.

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this Recommendation | International Standard, the terms and definitions given in Rec. ITU-T T.800 | ISO/IEC 15444-1, Rec. ITU-T T.814 | ISO/IEC 15444-15 and the following apply.

- 3.1 abstract test suite (ATS):** Generic compliance testing concepts and procedures for a given requirement.
- 3.2 arithmetic coder:** An entropy coder that converts variable length strings to variable length codes (encoding) and vice versa (decoding).
- 3.3 big endian:** An order of bytes with the most significant byte first.
- 3.4 bit:** A contraction of the term "binary digit"; a unit of information represented by a 0 or a 1.
- 3.5 bit-depth:** The number of bits required to represent an original component of an image.