## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION



First edition 2021-11

# Blockchain and distributed ledger technologies — Taxonomy and Ontology

nolog ribué – Technologies des chaînes de blocs et technologies de registre



Reference number ISO/TS 23258:2021(E)



© ISO 2021

. The communication of the second sec All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

## Contents

Fore	eword		iv	
Intr	oductio	n	v	
1		e		
2	<b>. . .</b>	Normative references		
3	Tern	ns and definitions	1	
4	Abbi	eviated terms	1	
5	Taxonomy			
	5.1	Introduction		
	5.2	Taxonomy of concepts		
	5.3	Taxonomy of DLT systems	12	
		5.3.1 General	12	
		5.3.2 Major characteristics of DLT systems	12	
	5.4	Taxonomy of application domains, purposes and economic activity sections for		
		use cases		
		5.4.1 General		
		5.4.2 Cross-sector application domains		
		5.4.3 Cross-sector use cases purposes		
		5.4.4 Economic activity sections	21	
6	Ontology			
	6.1	Introduction		
	6.2	Ledger Class		
	6.3	Distributed ledger class		
	6.4	Blockchain class		
	6.5	Block class	24	
Ann	ex A (in	formative) Classification of DLT system based on the taxonomy of DLT systems	25	
Ann	ex B (in	formative) Context from use-case classification		
	-	ıy		
וטום	iogiapi	1 y		

### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 307, *Blockchain and distributed ledger technologies*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

#### Introduction

A taxonomy is useful for defining information and data classification rules and for identifying classification items and classification criteria. An ontology aims at clearly showing the concepts that make up the conceptual basis and the vocabulary of the technology under consideration and at creating a foundation that is a prerequisite for understanding the concepts through the definition of their mutual relations (synonyms, inclusions, dependencies, etc.).

A consistent taxonomy is a valuable resource in its own right that also supports and helps to understand other relevant standards.

This document includes a taxonomy of concepts, a taxonomy of DLT systems, and a taxonomy of application domains, purposes and economic activity sections for use cases. This document includes an ontology providing classes and attributes as well as relations between concepts.

Figure 1 shows the relationships between this document and other standards developed by ISO/TC 307.

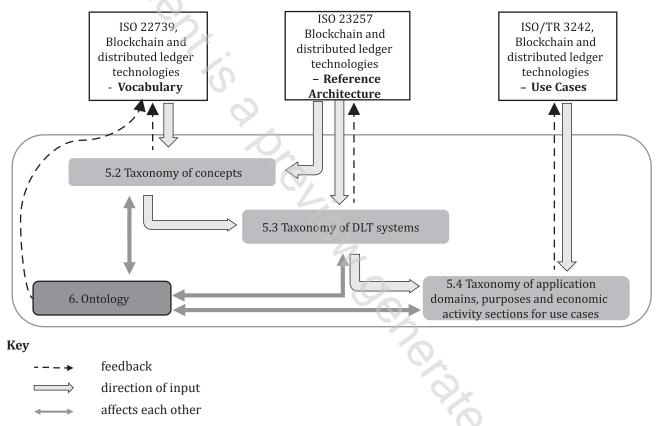


Figure 1 — Relationships between this document and other standards developed by ISO/TC 307

this document is a preview demendence of the document is a preview demendence of the document of the document

## Blockchain and distributed ledger technologies — **Taxonomy and Ontology**

#### **1** Scope

This document specifies a taxonomy and an ontology for blockchain and distributed ledger technologies (DLT). The taxonomy includes a taxonomy of concepts, a taxonomy of DLT systems and a taxonomy of application domains, purposes and economy activity sections for use cases. The ontology includes classes and attributes as well as relations between concepts.

The audience includes but is not limited to academics, architects, customers, users, tool developers, regulators, auditors and standards development organizations.

#### Normative references 2

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 22739, Blockchain and distributed ledger technologies — Vocabulary

#### 3 **Terms and definitions**

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 22739 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

#### 3.1

#### taxonomy

scheme of categories and subcategories that can be used to sort and otherwise organize itemized knowledge or information 

[SOURCE: ISO 5127:2017, 3.8.6.07]

#### 4 Abbreviated terms

DLT	Distributed Ledger Technology
-----	-------------------------------

Proof-of-Stake PoS

DPoS **Delegated Proof-of-Stake** 

BFT **Byzantine Fault Tolerance** 

Practical Byzantine Fault Tolerance PBFT

TPS **Transaction Per Second**