

Additive manufacturing - General principles -
Fundamentals and vocabulary (ISO/ASTM 52900:2021)

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

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English Version

Additive manufacturing - General principles - Fundamentals and vocabulary (ISO/ASTM 52900:2021)

Fabrication additive - Principes généraux -
Fondamentaux et vocabulaire (ISO/ASTM 52900:2021)

Additive Fertigung - Grundlagen - Terminologie
(ISO/ASTM 52900:2021)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO/ASTM 52900:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 261 "Additive manufacturing" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 438 "Additive Manufacturing" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2022, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2022.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO/ASTM 52900:2017.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO/ASTM 52900:2021 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO/ASTM 52900:2021 without any modification.

Contents

Page

Foreword	iv
Introduction	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
3.1 General terms.....	1
3.2 Process categories.....	2
3.3 Processing: general.....	4
3.4 Processing: data.....	5
3.5 Processing: positioning, coordinates and orientation.....	7
3.6 Processing: material.....	10
3.7 Processing: material extrusion.....	11
3.8 Processing: powder bed fusion.....	12
3.9 Parts: general.....	14
3.10 Parts: applications.....	14
3.11 Parts: properties.....	14
3.12 Parts: evaluation.....	16
Annex A (normative) Identification of AM processes based on process categories and determining characteristics	17
Annex B (informative) Basic principles	20
Bibliography	25
Alphabetical index	26

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by ISO/TC 261, *Additive manufacturing*, in cooperation with ASTM Committee F42, *Additive Manufacturing Technologies*, on the basis of a partnership agreement between ISO and ASTM International with the aim to create a common set of ISO/ASTM standards on additive manufacturing, and in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 438, *Additive manufacturing*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition of ISO/ASTM 52900 replaces the first edition (ISO/ASTM 52900:2015), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- new and modified terms and definitions;
- abbreviations added for seven process categories;
- new annex for the specification of AM processes based on process categories and determining characteristics ([Annex A](#)).

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Introduction

Additive manufacturing (AM) is the general term for those technologies that successively join material to create physical objects as specified by 3D model data. These technologies are presently used for various applications in engineering industry as well as other areas of society, such as medicine, education, architecture, cartography, toys and entertainment.

During the development of additive manufacturing technology, there have been numerous different terms and definitions in use, often with reference to specific application areas and trademarks. This is often ambiguous and confusing, which hampers communication and wider application of this technology.

It is the intention of this document to provide a basic understanding of the fundamental principles for additive manufacturing processes, and based on this, to give clear definitions for terms and nomenclature associated with additive manufacturing technology. The objective of this standardization of terminology for additive manufacturing is to facilitate communication between people involved in this field of technology on a worldwide basis.

Additive manufacturing — General principles — Fundamentals and vocabulary

1 Scope

This document establishes and defines terms used in additive manufacturing (AM) technology, which applies the additive shaping principle and thereby builds physical three-dimensional (3D) geometries by successive addition of material.

The terms have been classified into specific fields of application.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1 General terms

3.1.1

3D printer, noun

machine used for *3D printing* (3.3.1)

3.1.2

additive manufacturing, noun

AM

process of joining materials to make *parts* (3.9.1) from 3D model data, usually *layer* (3.3.7) upon layer, as opposed to subtractive manufacturing and formative manufacturing methodologies

Note 1 to entry: Historical terms include: additive fabrication, additive processes, additive techniques, additive layer manufacturing, layer manufacturing, solid freeform fabrication and freeform fabrication.

Note 2 to entry: The meaning of “additive-”, “subtractive-” and “formative-” manufacturing methodologies is further discussed in [Annex B](#).

3.1.3

additive system, noun

additive manufacturing system

additive manufacturing equipment

machine and auxiliary equipment used for *additive manufacturing* (3.1.2)

3.1.4

AM machine, noun

section of the *additive manufacturing system* (3.1.3) including hardware, machine control software, required set-up software and peripheral accessories necessary to complete a *build cycle* (3.3.8) for producing *parts* (3.9.1)