

**ESILETOODUD MUUDATUSTEGA VERSIOON
REDLINE VERSION**

**KESKKONNAMÄRGISED JA -TEATISED.
ISEDEKLAREERITAVAD KESKKONNAVÄITED (II TÜÜPI
KESKKONNAMÄRGISTAMINE)**

**Environmental labels and declarations - Self-declared
environmental claims (Type II environmental labelling)
(ISO 14021:2016 + ISO 14021:2016/Amd 1:2021)**

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÖNA**NATIONAL FOREWORD**

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 14021:2016+A1:2021 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 14021:2016 ja selle muudatuse A1:2021 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 14021:2016+A1:2021 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 14021:2016 and its amendment A1:2021.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas. Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 13.04.2016, muudatus A1 28.07.2021.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation. Date of Availability of the European standard is 13.04.2016, for A1 28.07.2021.
Muudatusega A1 lisatud või muudetud teksti algus ja lõpp on tekstis tähistatud sümbolitega A1 A1 . Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskusest.	The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment A1 is indicated in the text by tags A1 A1 . The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

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ICS 13.020.50

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 14021 + A1

April 2016, July 2021

ICS 13.020.50

Supersedes EN ISO 14021:2001

English Version

Environmental labels and declarations - Self-declared
environmental claims (Type II environmental labelling)
(ISO 14021:2016 + ISO 14021:2016/Amd 1:2021)

Marquage et déclarations environnementaux -
Autodéclarations environnementales (Étiquetage de
type II) (ISO 14021:2016 + ISO 14021:2016/Amd
1:2021)

Umweltkennzeichnungen und -deklarationen -
Umweltbezogene Anbietererklärungen
(Umweltkennzeichnung Typ II) (ISO 14021:2016 + ISO
14021:2016/Amd 1:2021)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 20 January 2016. Amendment A1 was approved by CEN on 1 June 2021.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 14021:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 207 "Environmental management".

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2016.

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This document supersedes EN ISO 14021:2001.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 14021:2016 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 14021:2016 without any modification.

[A1] Amendment A1 European foreword

This document (EN ISO 14021:2016/A1:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 207 "Environmental management" in collaboration with CCMC.

This Amendment to the European Standard EN ISO 14021:2016 shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2022, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2022.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 14021:2016/Amd 1:2021 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 14021:2016/A1:2021 without any modification. [A1]

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 207, *Environmental management*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Environmental labelling*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 14021:1999), of which it constitutes a minor revision. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 14021:1999/Amd 1:2011.

[A1] Amendment A1 foreword

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 207, *Environmental management*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Environmental labelling*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/SS S26, *Environmental management*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

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Introduction

The proliferation of environmental claims has created a need for environmental labelling standards which require that consideration be given to all relevant aspects of the life cycle of the product when such claims are developed.

Self-declared environmental claims may be made by manufacturers, importers, distributors, retailers or anyone else likely to benefit from such claims. Environmental claims made in regard to products may take the form of statements, symbols or graphics on product or package labels, or in product literature, technical bulletins, advertising, publicity, telemarketing, as well as digital or electronic media, such as the Internet.

In self-declared environmental claims, the assurance of reliability is essential. It is important that verification is properly conducted to avoid negative market effects such as trade barriers or unfair competition, which can arise from unreliable and deceptive environmental claims. The evaluation methodology used by those who make environmental claims should be clear, transparent, scientifically sound and documented so that those who purchase or may potentially purchase products can be ensured of the validity of the claims.

Environmental labels and declarations — Self-declared environmental claims (Type II environmental labelling)

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for self-declared environmental claims, including statements, symbols and graphics, regarding products. It further describes selected terms commonly used in environmental claims and gives qualifications for their use. This International Standard also describes a general evaluation and verification methodology for self-declared environmental claims and specific evaluation and verification methods for the selected claims in this International Standard.

This International Standard does not preclude, override, or in any way change, legally required environmental information, claims or labelling, or any other applicable legal requirements.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7000, *Graphical symbols for use on equipment — Registered symbols*

ISO 14020, *Environmental labels and declarations — General principles*

[A1] ISO 14026, *Environmental labels and declarations — Principles, requirements and guidelines for communication of footprint information* [A1]

[A1] ISO 14067, *Greenhouse gases — Carbon footprint of products — Requirements and guidelines for quantification* [A1]

3 Terms and definitions

[A1] For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 14067 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/> [A1]

3.1 General terms

3.1.1

biomass

material of biological origin, excluding material embedded in geological formations or transformed to fossilised material and excluding peat

NOTE This includes organic material (both living and dead) from above and below ground, e.g. trees, crops, grasses, tree litter, algae, animals and waste of biological origin, e.g. manure.

3.1.2

co-product

two or more products from the same unit process

[SOURCE: ISO 14040:2006, 3.10, modified]