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Information technology — Digitally recorded media for information interchange and storage — 120 mm triple layer (100,0 Gbytes per disk) BD rewritable disk

Technologies de l'information — Supports enregistrés numériquement pour échange et stockage d'information — Disques BD réinscriptibles de 120 mm triple couche (100,0 Go par disque)





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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document is in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 23, *Digitally recorded media for information interchange and storage*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO/IEC 30193:2020), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

— The missing condition of pulse width regarding residual errors has been added.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

In March 2002, the Blu-ray Disc Founders (BDF) came together to create optical-disk formats with large capacity and high-speed transfer rates that would be needed for recording and reproducing high-definition video content. This joint effort turned out to be fruitful and the first version of its Blu-ray Disc^{m1} Rewritable format Part 1 version 1.0, with cartridge, was issued in June 2002.

The Blu-ray Disc Association (BDA) issued version 2.1 of the Blu-ray Disc™ Rewritable format Part 1 in October 2005 and version 3.0, without cartridge, in June 2010.

To maintain compatibility of the removable medium in the market, a standard alone is not enough. It is necessary to check that the disks and devices can satisfy the specifications. The BDA also conducts verification activities for both disks and devices and has established more than 10 testing centers in Asia, Europe and the USA.

Blu-rayTM disks, players, recorders and PC drives/software based on BDA standards became popular all over the world. The BDA gave consumer applications the highest priority in the first few years. But it was known, of course, that international standardization would be required before many government entities and their contractors would be allowed to use Blu-ray Disc™. In January and February 2011, the chairs of ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 23 and JIIMA (Japan Image and information Management Association) formally requested the BDA to consider international standardization. The reason for this was to enable the inclusion of writable BDs along with DVDs and CDs in an international standard specifying the test methods for the estimation of a lifetime of optical storage media for long-term data storage. In October 2011, the President of the BDA responded that the organization had decided to pursue international standardization for the basic physical formats for the recordable and rewritable Blu-ray™ Formats.

In December 2011, the BDA sent project proposals for international standardization of four formats to ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 23 via the Japanese national body. They are 120 mm single layer (25,0 Gbytes per disk) and dual layer (50,0 Gbytes per disk) BD recordable disks, 120 mm single layer (25,0 Gbytes per disk) and dual layer (50,0 Gbytes per disk) BD rewritable disks, 120 mm triple layer (100,0 Gbytes per disk) and quadruple layer (128,0 Gbytes per disk) BD recordable disks and 120 mm triple layer (100,0 Gbytes per disk) BD rewritable disk.

This document specifies the mechanical, physical and optical characteristics of a 120 mm rewritable optical disk with a capacity of 100,0 Gbytes.

A few additional specifications are required in order to write and read video-recording applications, such as BDAV format which had been specified by the BDA for use on BD rewritable disks. These specifications, which are related to the BD application (BDAP), the file system or the content-protection system, are required for the disk, the generating system and the receiving system. For more information about the BDAP, the content-protection system and the additional requirements for the Blu-ray $^{\text{M}}$ Format specifications, see http://www.blu-raydisc.info.

The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) draw attention to the fact that it is claimed that compliance with this document may involve the use of a patent.

ISO and IEC take no position concerning the evidence, validity and scope of this patent right.

The holder of this patent right has assured ISO and IEC that he/she is willing to negotiate licences under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions with applicants throughout the world. In this respect, the statement of the holder of this patent right is registered with ISO and IEC. information may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents.

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¹⁾ Blu-ray™ and Blu-ray Disc™ are the trademark of products supplied by Blu-ray Disc Association. This information is given for the convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by ISO or IEC of the product named.

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Information technology — Digitally recorded media for information interchange and storage — 120 mm triple layer (100,0 Gbytes per disk) BD rewritable disk

1 Scope

This document specifies the mechanical, physical and optical characteristics of a 120 mm rewritable optical disk with a capacity of 100,0 Gbytes. It specifies the quality of the recorded and unrecorded signals, the format of the data and the recording method, thereby allowing for information interchange by means of such disks. User data can be written, read and overwritten many times using a reversible method. This disk is identified as a BD rewritable disk.

This document specifies the following:

- the one disk type;
- the conditions for conformance;
- the environments in which the disk is to be operated and stored;
- the mechanical and physical characteristics of the disk, in order to provide mechanical interchange between data processing systems;
- the format of the information on the disk, including the physical disposition of the tracks and sectors;
- the error-correcting codes and the coding method used;
- the characteristics of the signals recorded on the disk, enabling data processing systems to read data from the disk.

This document provides for interchange of disks between disk drives. Together with a standard for volume and file structure, it provides for full data interchange between data processing systems.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 646, Information technology — ISO 7-bit coded character set for information interchange

ISO 9352, Plastics — Determination of resistance to wear by abrasive wheels

IEC 60068-2-2, Environmental testing — Part 2-2: Tests — Test B: Dry heat

IEC 60068-2-30, Environmental testing — Part 2-30: Tests — Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)

IEC 60950-1, Information technology equipment — Safety — Part 1: General requirements

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.