HÄIRESÜSTEEMID. SISSETUNGI- JA PAANIKAHÄIRE SÜSTEEMID. OSA 2-2: NÕUDED PASSIIVSETELE INFRAPUNAANDURITELE

Alarm systems - Intrusion and hold-up systems - Part 2-2: Requirements for passive infrared detectors

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FORFWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 50131-2-2:2021 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 50131-2-2:2021 ingliskeelset teksti.

Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.

Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 17.12.2021.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardimis-ja Akrediteerimiskeskusest.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 50131-2-2:2021 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 50131-2-2:2021.

This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

Date of Availability of the European standard is 17.12.2021.

The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

Tagasisidet standardi sisu kohta on võimalik edastada, kasutades EVS-i veebilehel asuvat tagasiside vormi või saates e-kirja meiliaadressile standardiosakond@evs.ee.

ICS 13.310

Standardite reprodutseerimise ja levitamise õigus kuulub Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonsesse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel ilma Eesti Standardimis-ja Akrediteerimiskeskuse kirjaliku loata on keelatud.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, võtke palun ühendust Eesti Standardimis-ja Akrediteerimiskeskusega: Koduleht www.evs.ee; telefon 605 5050; e-post info@evs.ee

The right to reproduce and distribute standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without a written permission from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

If you have any questions about copyright, please contact Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation:

Homepage www.evs.ee; phone +372 605 5050; e-mail info@evs.ee

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 50131-2-2

December 2021

ICS 13.310

Supersedes EN 50131-2-2:2017 and all of its amendments and corrigenda (if any)

English Version

Alarm systems - Intrusion and hold-up systems - Part 2-2: Requirements for passive infrared detectors

Systèmes d'alarme - Systèmes d'alarme contre l'intrusion et les hold-up - Partie 2-2: Exigences pour détecteurs à infrarouges passifs

Alarmanlagen - Einbruch- und Überfallmeldeanlagen - Teil 2-2: Anforderungen an Passiv-Infrarotmelder

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2021-11-08. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

Contents				
Eur	opean forewor	d	5	
Intro	oduction		6	
1 8	Scope		7	
2 N	lormative refer	rences	7	
3 I 3.1		ons and abbreviationsefinitions		
3.1		enindons		
3.2	Abbreviations		С	
4 F	unctional requ	uirements	8	
4.1	Event process	sing	8	
4.2	Detection		10	
	4.2.1	Detection performance	10	
	4.2.2	Indication of detection	11	
4.3	Operational requirements		12	
	4.3.1	Time interval between intrusion signals or messages	12	
	4.3.2	Switch on delay	12	
	4.3.3	Self-tests	12	
4.4			12	
	4.4.1	General	12	
	4.4.2	Immunity to turbulent warm air flow	12	
	4.4.3	Immunity to visible and near infrared radiation	12	
4.5	Tamper secui	rity	13	
	4.5.1	General	13	
	4.5.2 of ac	Resistance to and detection of unauthorised access to components djustment		
	4.5.3	Detection of removal from the mounting surface	13	
	4.5.4	Resistance to, or detection of, re-orientation	13	
	4.5.5	Immunity to magnetic field interference	13	
	4.5.6	Detection of masking	14	
4.6	Electrical requ	uirements	14	
	4.6.1	General	14	
	4.6.2	Detector current consumption	14	
	4.6.3	Slow input voltage change and voltage range limits	14	
	4.6.4	Input voltage ripple	14	
	4.6.5	Input voltage step change	14	
4.7	Environmenta	al classification and conditions	15	
	4.7.1	Environmental classification	15	
	4.7.2	Immunity to environmental conditions	15	
5	=	ification and documentation		
5.1	Marking and/o	or identification		
E 0	Dagunaantatia		4.5	

6	Testing		16
6.1	General		16
6.2	General test con	nditions	16
	6.2.1	Standard conditions for testing	16
	6.2.2	General detection testing environment and procedures	16
	6.2.3	Testing environment	16
	6.2.4	Mounting height	16
	6.2.5	Standard walk test target	17
	6.2.6	Testing procedures	17
6.3	Basic detection	test	17
	6.3.1	General	17
	6.3.2	Basic detection targets (BDT)	17
	6.3.3	Basic Detection Test procedure	18
6.4	Walk testing	Q ₂	18
	6.4.1	General walk test method	18
	6.4.2	Verification of detection performance	18
	6.4.3	Detection across and within the detection boundary	19
	6.4.4 angle	Verify the high-velocity detection performance for detectors with a coverage less than or equal to 180°	
	6.4.5	Verify the high-velocity detection performance for detectors with a coverage of greater than 180°	.
	6.4.6	Verify the intermittent movement detection performance for detectors with a age angle less than or equal to 180°	ì
	6.4.7	Verify the intermittent movement detection performance for detectors with a age angle of greater than 180°	ì
	6.4.8	Verify the close-in detection performance for detectors with a coverage angles or equal to 180°	le
	6.4.9	Detection of radial movement for detectors with a coverage angle of greater	r
6.5		v, time interval between signals and indication of detection	
6.6		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	6.6.1	General	
	6.6.2	Application of the fault condition	
	6.6.3	Local self-test procedure	
	6.6.4	Remote self-test procedure	
6.7		orrect operation	
	6.7.1	Immunity to turbulent warm air flow	
	6.7.2	Immunity to visible and near infrared radiation	24
6.8		/	
	6.8.1	Resistance to and detection of unauthorised access to the inside of the or through covers and existing holes	
	6.8.2	Detection of removal from the mounting surface	
	6.8.3	Resistance to re-orientation of adjustable mountings	
	6.8.4	Immunity to magnetic field interference	
	6.8.5	Detection of detector masking	
	6.8.6	Immunity to False Masking Signals	
6.9		immunity to Faise Masking Signals	
U. 9	בוכטווטמו ופטוט		∠/

EVS-EN 50131-2-2:2021

	6.9.1	General	27
	6.9.2	Detector current consumption	27
	6.9.3	Slow input voltage change and input voltage range limits	28
	6.9.4	Input voltage ripple	28
	6.9.5	Input voltage step change	28
	6.9.6	Total loss of power supply	28
3.10 I	Environmental o	classification and conditions	28
6.11 I	Marking, identif	ication and documentation	30
	6.11.1	Marking and/or identification	30
	6.11.2	Documentation	30
Annex	(A (normative)	Dimensions and requirements of the standardized test magnets	31
\nnex	B (normative)	General testing matrix	34
	. • (00
\nnex	(C (normative)	Walk test diagrams	36
he sta	andard target a	Procedure for calculation of the average temperature difference is and the background	44
AIIIIEA	CE (IIIIOIIIIalive	basic detection target for the basic test of detection capability	45
Annex	F (informative	Equipment for walk test velocity control	46
) Immunity to visible and near Infrared radiation - Notes on calibra	
ne ng	int source		47
Annex	H (informative	Example list of small tools	48
		4	
Annex	(I (informative)	Test for resistance to re-orientation of adjustable mountings	49
\nnex	.l (informative)	Delta-T film adjustment lookup table	51
	(imormative)	Delta i illin adjustinont lookap table	
Annex	κ K (informative) Immunity to turbulent warm air flow	52
	_		
3iblio	graphy		53
		,0	
		6 ,	
		2	
		9_	
		2	^
		2	2
		2	25
			5

European foreword

This document (EN 50131-2-2:2021) has been prepared by CLC/TC 79, "Alarm systems".

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which this document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with this document have to be withdrawn
 (dow) 2024-11-08

This document supersedes EN 50131-2-2:2017 and all of its amendments and corrigenda (if any).

EN 50131-2-2:2021 includes the following significant technical changes with respect to EN 50131-2-2:2017:

- editorial changes and refinement of wording;
- removal of significant reduction of range requirements;
- addition of requirements, tests and corresponding Annexes throughout the overall standard, to support ceiling mounted detectors;

EN 50131 will consist of the following parts, under the general title *Alarm systems - Intrusion and hold-up systems*:

- Part 1: System requirements
- Part 2–2: Intrusion detectors Passive infrared detectors
- Part 2–3: Intrusion detectors Microwave detectors
- Part 2–4: Intrusion detectors Combined passive infrared / Microwave detectors
- Part 2–5: Intrusion detectors Combined passive infrared / Ultrasonic detectors
- Part 2–6: Intrusion detectors Opening contacts
- Part 2–7–1: Intrusion detectors Glass break detectors Acoustic
- Part 2–7–2: Intrusion detectors Glass break detectors Passive
- Part 2–7–3: Intrusion detectors Glass break detectors Active
- Part 3: Control and indicating equipment
- Part 4: Warning devices
- Part 5–3: Requirements for interconnections equipment using radio frequency techniques
- Part 6: Power supplies
- Part 7: Application guidelines
- Part 8: Security fog devices

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CENELEC website.

Introduction

This document deals with passive infrared detectors (to be referred to as the detector) used as part of intrusion alarm systems installed in buildings. It includes four security grades and four environmental classes.

The purpose of the detector is to detect the broad spectrum infrared radiation emitted by an intruder, to analyse the resulting signals and to provide the necessary range of signals or messages to be used by the rest of the intrusion alarm system.

The number and scope of these signals or messages will be more comprehensive for systems that are specified at the higher grades.

This version of the document contains limited requirements for Grade 4 detectors. Future revisions of the document are expected to include enhanced requirements for Grade 4 detectors.

This document is only concerned with the requirements and tests for the detector. Other types of detector are covered by other documents identified as in the EN 50131-2 series. is a provious services of the services of the

1 Scope

This document is for passive infrared detectors installed in buildings and provides for security grades 1 to 4 (see EN 50131-1), specific or non-specific wired or wire-free detectors, and uses environmental classes I to IV (see EN 50130-5). This document does not include requirements for detectors intended for use outdoors.

The purpose of the detector is to detect the broad spectrum infrared radiation emitted by an intruder, to analyse the resulting signals and to provide the necessary range of signals or messages to be used by the rest of the intrusion alarm system.

The grade-dependent requirements of this document apply and it is essential that a detector fulfils all the requirements of the specified grade.

Functions additional to the mandatory functions specified in this document can be included in the detector, providing they do not influence the correct operation of the mandatory functions.

Requirements for system interconnections are not included in this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 50130-4, Alarm systems - Part 4: Electromagnetic compatibility - Product family standard: Immunity requirements for components of fire, intruder, hold up, CCTV, access control and social alarm systems

EN 50130-5, Alarm systems - Part 5: Environmental test methods

EN 50131-1, Alarm systems - Intrusion and hold-up systems - Part 1: System requirements

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations

For the purposes of this document, the terms, definitions and abbreviations given in EN 50131-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

3.1 Terms and definitions

3.1.1

basic detection target

heat source designed to verify the operation of a detector

3.1.2

coverage angle

width of field of view in degrees provided by the detector when measured in the horizontal plane

3.1.3

detection settings

adjustments which influence the performance of the detector

EXAMPLE: pulse count settings, gain settings