TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

ISO/TS 19850

First edition 2022-05

Fire tests — Use of LED (light-emitting de for 150 de la company de la diode) as an alternative to white light



Reference number ISO/TS 19850:2022(E)



© ISO 2022

rtation, no part of 'including phore 'on either ! All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Coi	itent	tents		
Fore	word		v	
Intr	oductio	n	vi	
1	Scope	е	1	
2	Norn	native references	1	
3		is and definitions		
4		pols and units		
5		ciple		
	Overview of smoke measurement used in existing light extinction test methods			
6	6.1	GeneralGeneral	2	
	6.2	Light-receiving system	3	
	6.3	Measuring device		
_	6.4	Neutral density filter comparison		
7		ight sources		
8	_	parison of spectra from different light sources	3	
9	Method of measurement in each apparatus where the white light system is originally installed			
	origi 9.1	General		
	9.2	Comparison between the original white light and the new LED in ISO 9705-1		
		9.2.1 General	5	
		9.2.2 Method A		
	0.2	9.2.3 Method B		
	9.3 9.4	Comparison between the original white light and the new LED in ISO 24473Comparison between the original white light and the new LED in ISO 9239-1	/ 7	
	7.4	9.4.1 General		
		9.4.2 Method B		
	9.5	Comparison between the original white light source and the new LED source in	0	
		EN 13823		
		9.5.1 General 9.5.2 Method A		
		9.5.3 Method B		
	9.6	Comparison between the original white light source and the new LED source in		
		IEC 61034-1		
		9.6.1 General 9.6.2 Method B		
	_			
10		fire sources		
	10.1 10.2	General For standard tests in which a burner is used	12 12	
	10.2	For standard tests in which radiant heat is used	12	
	10.4	For standard tests in which liquid fuel is used		
	10.5	For the standard tests in which the fire source is not prescribed	13	
11	Alter	native method		
	11.1	General		
	11.2	Overview of apparatus		
	11.3 11.4	Smoke generator Flexible hose		
	11.4	Exhaust fan		
	11.6	Duct		
	11.7	Light source system		
	11.8	Test procedure for static system		
	11.9	Test procedure for static system	15	

ISO/TS 19850:2022(E)

	16
12.1 General 12.2 Calculation method — transmission	
nnex A (informative) Example of measurements in the IEC 61034-1:2005 apparatus	17
bliography	19
O Coument is a preview of netaled by K	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 92, Fire safety, Subcommittee SC 1, Fire initiation and growth.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Traditional white light bulbs including tungsten incandescent lamps, used until now for smoke density measurements in fire tests, are no longer available. Methods therefore need to be developed for their ED , ang the . replacement with LED (light-emitting diode) light sources. This document is intended to provide guidance on replacing the light source in a smoke density measurement with an LED light source.

Fire tests — Use of LED (light-emitting diode) as an alternative to white light for measuring smoke parameters

1 Scope

This document specifies methodologies for comparing the smoke density and the smoke production rate during fire tests measured by LED (light-emitting diode) with those measured by white light. These methodologies are intended for the identification of suitable LEDs which can be used as alternatives to white light sources.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

opacity of smoke

ratio of incident light intensity to transmitted light intensity through smoke, under specified conditions

3.2

optical density of smoke

measure of the attenuation of a light beam passing through smoke expressed as the logarithm to the base 10 of the opacity of smoke

3.3

transmittance

ratio of transmitted light intensity through smoke to incident light intensity, under specified conditions

3.4

smoke

visible part of fire effluent

3.5

smoke production

amount of smoke that is produced in a fire or fire test

3.6

smoke production rate

amount of smoke produced per unit of time in a fire or fire test

4 Symbols and units

For the purposes of this document, the symbols and units shown in Table 1 apply.