LÕPLIKULT STERILISEERITUD MEDITSIINISEADME PAKENDAMINE. OSA 2: VALIDEERIMISNÕUDED VORMIMIS-, HERMETISEERIMIS- JA KOOSTEPROTSESSILE

Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices -Part 2: Validation requirements for forming, sealing and assembly processes (ISO 11607-2:2019)



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 11607-2:2020 +A11:2022 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 11607-2:2020 ja selle muudatuse A11:2022 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 11607-2:2020 +A11:2022 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 11607-2:2020 and its amendment A11:2022.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 15.01.2020, muudatus A11 15.06.2022.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 15.01.2020, for A11 15.06.2022.
Muudatusega A11 lisatud või muudetud teksti algus ja lõpp on tekstis tähistatud sümbolitega	The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment A11 is indicated in the text by tags [A11] (A11].
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardimis-ja Akrediteerimiskeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

Tagasisidet standardi sisu kohta on võimalik edastada, kasutades EVS-i veebilehel asuvat tagasiside vormi või saates e-kirja meiliaadressile <u>standardiosakond@evs.eemailto:</u>.

ICS 11.080.30

Standardite reprodutseerimise ja levitamise õigus kuulub Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonsesse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel ilma Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskuse kirjaliku loata on keelatud.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autoriõiguse kaitse kohta, võtke palun ühendust Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskusega: Koduleht www.evs.ee; telefon 605 5050; e-post info@evs.ee

The right to reproduce and distribute standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without a written permission from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

If you have any questions about standards copyright protection, please contact the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation:

Homepage www.evs.ee; phone +372 605 5050; e-mail info@evs.ee

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

January 2020, June 2022

EN ISO 11607-2 + A11

ICS 11.080.30

Supersedes EN ISO 11607-2:2017

English Version

Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices - Part 2: Validation requirements for forming, sealing and assembly processes (ISO 11607-2:2019)

Emballages des dispositifs médicaux stérilisés au stade terminal - Partie 2: Exigences de validation pour les procédés de formage, scellage et assemblage (ISO 11607-2:2019) Verpackungen für in der Endverpackung zu sterilisierende Medizinprodukte - Teil 2: Validierungsanforderungen an Prozesse der Formgebung, Siegelung und des Zusammenstellens (ISO 11607-2:2019)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 4 December 2019. Amendment A11 was approved by CEN on 13 April 2022.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard and its amendment the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard and its Amendment A11 exist in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 11607-2:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 198 "Sterilization of health care products" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 102 "Sterilizers and associated equipment for processing of medical devices" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 11607-2:2017.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 11607-2:2019 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 11607-2:2020 without any modification.

And Amendment A11 European foreword

This document (EN ISO 11607-2:2020/A11:2022) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 102 "Sterilizers and associated equipment for processing of medical devices", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This Amendment to the European Standard EN ISO 11607-2:2020 shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2022, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2022.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document amends EN ISO 11607-2:2020 with a revised European Foreword and European Annexes ZA, ZB and ZC.

This Amendment to the European Standard EN ISO 11607-2:2020 has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, ZB and ZC, which are an integral part of this document.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN websites.

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. However, for any use of this standard 'within the meaning of Annex ZA', the user should always check that any referenced document has not been superseded and that its relevant contents can still be considered the generally acknowledged state-of-art.

When an IEC or ISO standard is referred to in the ISO standard text, this shall be understood as a normative reference to the corresponding EN standard, if available, and otherwise to the dated version of the ISO or IEC standard, as listed below.

NOTE The way in which these referenced documents are cited in normative requirements determines the extent (in whole or in part) to which they apply.

Table - Correlation between normative references and dated EN and ISO standards

Normative references	Equivalent dated standard		
as listed in Clause 2 of the ISO standard	EN	ISO or IEC	
ISO 11607-1	EN ISO 11607-1:2020	ISO 11607-1:2019	

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Republic of North Macedonia, France, Germany, elan.
erbia, c.

Romania de la companya de la compa Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom. (A₁₁

Contents

Page

Fore	word	ya	iv
Intro	ductio	n	v
1	Scop	e	1
2	-	native references	
3		ns and definitions	
4		eral requirements	
	4.1	Quality systems	
	4.2	Risk management	
	4.3	Sampling	
	4.4	Test methods	
	4.5	Documentation	
5	Validation of packaging processes		
	5.1	General	
	5.2	Installation qualification	8
	5.3	Operational qualification	9
	5.4	Performance qualification	9
	5.5	Formal approval of the process validation	10
	5.6	Process control and monitoring	10
	5.7	Process changes and revalidation	10
6	Asse	mbly	
7	IIse (of reusable sterile barrier systems	11
8	Steri	le fluid-path packaging	11
		formative) Process development	
			12
A ₁₁ > A	requ	A (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the essential irements of Directive 93/42/EEC [OJ L 169] (as amended) aimed to be red (A11)	12
			13
A11> A	requ	B (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the essential irements of Directive 90/385/EEC [OJ L 189] (as amended) aimed to be red (A11)	17
A ₁₁ > A		C (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the essential irements of Directive 98/79/EC [OJ L 331] aimed to be covered (A11)	19
Bibli	iograph	у	21
		S	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 198, *Sterilization of health care products*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 11607-2:2006), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the amendment ISO 11607-2:2006/Amd.1:2014.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- terms and definitions for "process variable", "process parameter" and "monitoring of processes" have been added:
- various definitions have been aligned with the latest version of ISO 11139;
- the terminology of "critical" process parameters has been discontinued and the concept of a process specification has been introduced to include all elements required to manufacture a product that consistently meets specifications.

A list of all parts in the ISO 11607 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices should be designed and manufactured to ensure that the medical device can be sterilized and remain sterile under documented storage and transport conditions until the sterile barrier system is damaged or opened.

One of the most critical characteristics of a sterile barrier system and packaging system for sterile medical devices is the assurance of sterility maintenance. Medical devices delivered in a sterile state should have been manufactured, packed and sterilized by appropriate, validated methods. The development and validation of packaging processes are crucial to ensure that sterile barrier system integrity is attained and will remain so until opened by the users of sterile medical devices.

There should be a documented process validation programme demonstrating the efficacy and reproducibility of all packaging and sterilization processes. Along with the sterilization process, some of the packaging operations that can affect sterile barrier system integrity are sealing, capping or other closure systems, cutting, form/fill/seal, assembly processes and subsequent handling. This document provides the framework of activities and requirements to develop and validate the process used to make and assemble the packaging system. Guidance for ISO 11607 series can be found in ISO/TS 16775.

The term "sterile barrier system" was introduced in 2006 to describe the minimum packaging required to perform the unique functions required of medical packaging: to allow sterilization, to provide an acceptable microbial barrier, and to allow for aseptic presentation. "Protective packaging" protects the sterile barrier system, and together they form the packaging system. "Preformed sterile barrier systems" would include any partially assembled sterile barrier systems such as pouches, header bags or hospital packaging reels.

The sterile barrier system is essential to ensure the safety of terminally sterilized medical devices. Regulatory authorities recognize the critical nature of sterile barrier systems by considering them as an accessory or a component of a medical device. Preformed sterile barrier systems sold to health care facilities for use in internal sterilization are considered medical devices in many parts of the world.

This document is a preview denetated by Files

Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices —

Part 2:

Validation requirements for forming, sealing and assembly processes

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for the development and validation of processes for packaging medical devices that are terminally sterilized. These processes include forming, sealing and assembly of preformed sterile barrier systems, sterile barrier systems and packaging systems.

It is applicable to industry, to health care facilities, and to wherever medical devices are packaged and sterilized.

It does not cover all requirements for packaging medical devices that are manufactured aseptically. Additional requirements can be necessary for drug/device combinations.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 11607-1:2018, Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices — Part 1: Requirements for materials, sterile barrier systems and packaging systems

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

aseptic presentation

transfer of sterile contents from its sterile barrier system using conditions and procedures that minimize the risk of microbial contamination

[SOURCE: ISO 11139:2018, 3.13]

3.2

closure

<packaging> means used to complete a sterile barrier system where no seal is formed

EXAMPLE By a reusable container gasket or sequential folding to construct a tortuous path.

[SOURCE: ISO 11139:2018, 3.51, modified — The example has been added.]