# **INTERNATIONAL STANDARD**

ISO 11114-6

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# Gas cylinders — Compatibility of cylinder and valve materials with gas contents —

## Part 6:

# Oxygen pressure surge testing

Bouteilles à gaz — Compatibilité des matériaux des bouteilles et des e comp. robinets avec les contenus gazeux —

Partie 6: Essai de compression adiabatique à l'oxygène





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#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee, ISO/TC 58, *Gas cylinders*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 23, *Transportable gas cylinders*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

A list of all parts in the ISO 11114 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

### Introduction

Oxygen pressure surge testing has been required by a number of different product standards covering:

- valves used for gas cylinders, tubes, pressure drums and cylinder bundles;
- residual pressure valves (RPVs);
- self-closing valves;
- industrial and medical valves with integrated pressure regulators (VIPRs);
- industrial and medical pressure regulators;
- hoses.

Oxygen pressure surge testing is also described in other testing standards such as ISO 21010, ASTM G175 and ASTM G74.

NOTE A list of standards is given in the Bibliography.

Requirements for the test facility and test procedures differ from standard to standard due to modifications introduced over the years and lack of coordination. This can result in a need to modify the testing procedures and equipment depending on the product (e.g. valves, hoses, pressure regulators) knowing that the aim of the test remains the same.

This document aims to standardize the test equipment and the test procedure so that, in future, product standards can refer to this document and only give additional requirements, e.g. test pressure, number of test samples needed to be submitted for the test.

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# Gas cylinders — Compatibility of cylinder and valve materials with gas contents —

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### 1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for the test apparatus and test procedure in order to apply oxygen pressure surges consistently to devices being tested for resistance to ignition by adiabatic compression and to materials for oxygen compatibility.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 10286, Gas cylinders — Vocabulary

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 10286 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="https://www.electropedia.org/">https://www.electropedia.org/</a>

#### 3.1

#### surge tube

<cannon> metallic tube of defined internal diameter and length installed between the outlet plane of the quick-opening valve (QOV) or the calibrated orifice (if applicable) and the intermediate connector to ensure a reproducible severity of the test condition

Note 1 to entry: In some documents, the term "connecting tube" is used for this purpose.

#### 3.2

#### test pressure

static pressure upstream of the quick-opening valve in the closed conditions

Note 1 to entry: The test pressure is expressed in bar.

Note 2 to entry: The test pressure is given in the *product standard* (3.4) (see the Bibliography).

#### 3.3

#### pressure rise time

time required for the pressure to rise

Note 1 to entry: This is as measured in <u>5.5</u>.