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Fire resistance tests for service installations - Part 10: Smoke control dampers

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

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Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 21.09.2022.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 21.09.2022.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardimis-ja Akrediteerimiskeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

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ICS 13.220.50, 91.140.30

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 1366-10

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English Version

Fire resistance tests for service installations - Part 10: Smoke control dampers

Essais de résistance au feu des installations techniques - Partie 10 : Volets de désenfumage

Feuerwiderstandsprüfungen für Installationen - Teil 10: Entrauchungsklappen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 24 July 2022.

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European foreword

This document (EN 1366-10:2022) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 127 “Fire safety in buildings”, the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2023, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2023.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 1366-10:2011+A1:2017.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

EN 1366, Fire resistance tests for service installations consists of the following:

— Part 1: Ventilation ducts

— Part 2: Fire dampers

— Part 3: Penetration seals

— Part 4: Linear joint seals

— Part 5: Service ducts and shafts

— Part 6: Raised access and hollow core floors

— Part 7: Conveyor systems and their closures

— Part 8: Smoke extraction ducts

— Part 9: Single compartment smoke extraction ducts

— Part 10: Smoke control dampers

— Part 11: Fire protective systems for cable systems and associated components

— Part 12: Non-mechanical fire barrier for ventilation ductwork

— Part 13: Chimneys

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users’ national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

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Introduction

When smoke and heat exhaust ventilation is being considered, it becomes apparent that a clear path between the area where heat and smoke is being generated (source of the fire) and the outside of the building is needed.

To create this path ducts and an uninterrupted smoke extract path are needed. This means that smoke control dampers at the fire and along the path are open and will remain open. Smoke control dampers at branches, or on the surface of the duct, along the path are closed and will remain closed. In fact, if the duct crosses a compartment boundary it becomes part of the fire compartment in which the fire started.

The purpose of this document is to define test methods to evaluate the abilities of smoke control dampers to:

a) be applicable to single compartment and/or multi compartment fire resisting applications;

b) be applicable to automatic systems or systems with manual activation;

c) change state from closed to open at elevated temperatures, (and vice versa);

d) once opened maintain a defined cross-sectional area at elevated temperature or under fire conditions following the standard time/temperature curve; and

e) maintain a satisfactory leakage performance when subjected to negative pressure at elevated temperatures or under fire conditions following the standard time/temperature curve.

The units are mounted for the tests in a manner representative of practice.

Temperature and integrity measurements are carried out on various parts of the test construction during the test. The required leakage measurements are measured by direct flow measurement at the prescribed pressure differentials. Ambient leakage of the units is also recorded.

The satisfactory passing of some, or all, of these tests will allow products to be assessed in accordance with EN 12101-8 and be classified to EN 13501-4. The required temperatures, pressure differentials etc. are stated in EN 12101-8. EN 13501-4 requires a classification report.

CAUTION:

The attention of all persons concerned with managing and carrying out this furnace testing is drawn to the fact that fire testing can be hazardous and that there is a possibility that toxic and/or harmful smoke and gases can be evolved during the test. Mechanical and operational hazards can also arise during the construction of the test elements or structures, their testing and disposal of test residues.

An assessment of all potential hazards and risks to health should be made and safety precautions should be identified and provided. Written safety instructions should be issued. Appropriate training should be given to relevant personnel. Laboratory personnel should ensure that they follow written safety instructions at all times.

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1 Scope

This document specifies test methods for smoke control dampers to assess their performance under elevated temperature or fire conditions, as well as at ambient temperatures.

Smoke control damper tests are used to confirm that the furnace testing requirements of EN 12101-8 are met and EN 12101-8 is for consideration before carrying out these tests.

Smoke control dampers tested to this document are expected to be classified using EN 13501-4 and this document is expected to be considered before carrying out these tests.

NOTE Some smoke control dampers to be tested might require testing following the information given in EN 1366-2 and this needs consideration before carrying out testing.

This document is expected to be read in conjunction with EN 12101-8, EN 13501-4, EN 1366-2 and EN 1363-1, the latter giving further details for fire resistance testing.

For installation details, the requirements for smoke extraction ducts are for consideration and these are defined in EN 1366-8 and EN 1366-9.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1363-1, *Fire resistance tests — Part 1: General requirements*

EN 1366-2, *Fire resistance tests for service installations — Part 2: Fire dampers*

EN 1366-8, *Fire resistance tests for service installations — Part 8: Smoke extraction ducts*

EN 1366-9, *Fire resistance tests for service installations — Part 9: Single compartment smoke extraction ducts*

EN 1751, *Ventilation for buildings — Air terminal devices — Aerodynamic testing of damper and valves*

EN 10095, *Heat resisting steels and nickel alloys*

EN 13501-4, *Fire classification of construction products and building elements — Part 4: Classification using data from fire resistance tests on components of smoke control systems*

EN ISO 5167-1, *Measurement of fluid flow by means of pressure differential devices inserted in circular cross-section conduits running full — Part 1: General principles and requirements (ISO 5167-1)*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

— IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

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