

Vitreous and porcelain enamels - Design of bolted steel tanks for the storage or treatment of water or municipal or industrial effluents and sludges (ISO 28765:2022)

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 28765:2022 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 28765:2022 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 28765:2022 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 28765:2022.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 16.11.2022.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 16.11.2022.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardimis-ja Akrediteerimiskeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

Tagasisidet standardi sisu kohta on võimalik edastada, kasutades EVS-i veebilehel asuvat tagasiside vormi või saates e-kirja meiliaadressile standardiosakond@evs.ee.

ICS 25.220.50

Standardite reprodutseerimise ja levitamise õigus kuulub Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonsesse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel ilma Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskuse kirjaliku loata on keelatud.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, võtke palun ühendust Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskusega: Koduleht www.evs.ee; telefon 605 5050; e-post info@evs.ee

The right to reproduce and distribute standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without a written permission from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

If you have any questions about copyright, please contact Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation:

Homepage www.evs.ee; phone +372 605 5050; e-mail info@evs.ee

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 28765

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

November 2022

ICS 25.220.50

Supersedes EN ISO 28765:2016

English Version

Vitreous and porcelain enamels - Design of bolted steel tanks for the storage or treatment of water or municipal or industrial effluents and sludges (ISO 28765:2022)

Émaux vitrifiés - Conception de réservoirs en acier boulonnés pour le stockage ou le traitement des eaux ou des effluents d'eaux usées urbains ou industriels (ISO 28765:2022)

Emails und Emailierungen - Gestaltung von verschraubten Stahlbehältern für die Speicherung oder Behandlung von Wasser oder kommunalen und industriellen Abwässern und Abwasserschläm (ISO 28765:2022)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 23 October 2022.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 28765:2022) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107 "Metallic and other inorganic coatings" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 262 "Metallic and other inorganic coatings, including for corrosion protection and corrosion testing of metals and alloys" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2023, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2023.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 28765:2016.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 28765:2022 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 28765:2022 without any modification.

Contents

	Page
Foreword.....	v
1 Scope.....	1
2 Normative references.....	2
3 Terms and definitions.....	2
4 Symbols.....	4
5 Units.....	5
6 Information and requirements to be agreed and documented.....	6
6.1 General.....	6
6.2 Information to be provided by the purchaser.....	6
6.3 Information to be provided by the designer.....	7
7 Applicable standards.....	7
8 Loads.....	8
8.1 General.....	8
8.2 Contents.....	8
8.2.1 General.....	8
8.2.2 Freeboard.....	8
8.2.3 Hydrostatic pressure.....	8
8.2.4 Axial wall forces.....	8
8.2.5 Filling and discharging.....	8
8.3 Tank structure.....	9
8.4 Roof.....	9
8.5 Equipment loads.....	9
8.5.1 General.....	9
8.5.2 Static load.....	9
8.5.3 Dynamic load.....	9
8.6 Access.....	9
8.7 Environmental.....	10
8.7.1 General.....	10
8.7.2 Seismic action.....	10
8.7.3 Wind.....	10
8.7.4 Snow.....	10
8.7.5 Ice.....	10
8.8 Ancillary items.....	10
9 Design.....	11
9.1 General.....	11
9.2 Steel.....	11
9.2.1 Specification.....	11
9.2.2 Effects of the enamelling process.....	11
9.3 Tank.....	11
9.3.1 Load factors.....	11
9.3.2 Tank walls.....	12
9.3.3 Tank roof.....	15
9.3.4 Attachment of walls to floor.....	15
9.3.5 Tank floor.....	15
9.3.6 Ancillary items.....	16
9.3.7 Cathodic protection.....	16
9.4 Openings.....	16
9.4.1 Access manway.....	16
9.4.2 Pipe connections.....	16
9.4.3 Overflows.....	17
9.4.4 Reinforcement of manways and pipe connections in the tank shell.....	17

9.4.5	Connections in the roof	17
9.5	Effects of accidents	17
9.5.1	Risk assessment	17
9.5.2	Explosions	18
9.5.3	Uncontrolled fluctuation in input stream characteristics	18
10	Vitreous enamel coating	18
10.1	Vitreous enamel	18
10.2	Coating	18
10.3	Vitreous enamel quality	18
10.3.1	Preparation and test frequency	18
10.3.2	Inspection	18
10.3.3	On-site rectification	19
10.4	Protection during shipping	25
10.5	Maintenance	25
11	Installation	25
11.1	General information	25
11.2	Foundations	25
11.3	Inspection of the vitreous enamel coating at the construction site	25
12	Disinfection	25
	Bibliography	27

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 262, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings, including for corrosion protection and corrosion testing of metals and alloys*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 28765:2016), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- the normative references have been updated;
- the terms and definitions have been updated;
- additional information relating to tank installation requirements, foundation requirements, tank roof openings and tank disinfection requirements have been added;
- additional tank applications have been added to the application guide along with their associated quality requirements.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Design of bolted steel tanks for the storage or treatment of water or municipal or industrial effluents and sludges

1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements for the design and use of vitreous enamel coated bolted cylindrical steel tanks for the storage or treatment of water or municipal or industrial effluents and sludges.

It is applicable to the design of the tank and any associated roof and gives guidance on the requirements for the design of the foundation.

It is applicable where:

- a) the tank is cylindrical and is mounted on a load-bearing base substantially at or above ground level;
- b) the product of the tank diameter in metres and the wall height in metres lies within the range 5 to 500;
- c) the tank diameter does not exceed 100 m and the total wall height does not exceed 50 m;
- d) the stored material has the characteristics of a liquid, exerting a negligible frictional force on the tank wall; the stored material can be undergoing treatment as part of a municipal or industrial effluent treatment process;
- e) the internal pressure in the headspace above the liquid does not exceed 50 kPa and the internal partial vacuum above the liquid does not exceed 10 kPa;
- f) the walls of the tank are vertical;
- g) the floor of the tank is substantially flat at its intersection with the wall; the floor of the tank can have a rise or fall built in to allow complete emptying of the tank contents, the slope of which does not exceed 1:100;
- h) there is negligible inertial and impact load due to tank filling;
- i) the minimum thickness of the tank shell is 1,5 mm;
- j) the material used for the manufacture of the steel sheets is carbon steel (tanks constructed of sheets made from aluminium or stainless steel are outside the scope of this document);
- k) the temperature of the tank wall during operation is within the range $-50\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ under all operating conditions.

This document also gives details of procedures to be followed during installation on site and for inspection and maintenance of the installed tank.

It does not apply to chemical-reaction vessels.

It does not cover resistance to fire.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2178, *Non-magnetic coatings on magnetic substrates — Measurement of coating thickness — Magnetic method*

ISO 2746:2015, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — High voltage test*

ISO 2859-1, *Sampling procedures for inspection by attributes — Part 1: Sampling schemes indexed by acceptance quality limit (AQL) for lot-by-lot inspection*

ISO 4532, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of the resistance of enamelled articles to impact — Pistol test*

ISO 6370-2, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of the resistance to abrasion — Part 2: Loss in mass after sub-surface abrasion*

ISO 6769, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of surface scratch hardness according to the Mohs scale*

ISO 8289-1:2020, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Low-voltage test for detecting and locating defects — Part 1: Swab test for non-profiled surfaces*

ISO 15686-1, *Buildings and constructed assets — Service life planning — Part 1: General principles and framework*

ISO 19496-1, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Terminology — Part 1: Terms and definitions*

ISO 28706-1:2008, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion — Part 1: Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion by acids at room temperature*

ISO 28706-2:2017, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion — Part 2: Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion by boiling acids, boiling neutral liquids, alkaline liquids and/or their vapours*

ISO 28706-3:2017, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion — Part 3: Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion by alkaline liquids using a hexagonal vessel or a tetragonal glass bottle*

ISO 28706-4:2016, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion — Part 4: Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion by alkaline liquids using a cylindrical vessel*

ISO 28763:2019, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Regenerative, enamelled and packed panels for air-gas and gas-gas heat exchangers — Specifications*

EN 1998-4, *Eurocode 8 — Design of structures for earthquake resistance — Part 4: Silos, tanks and pipelines*

EN 10209:2013, *Cold rolled low carbon steel flat products for vitreous enamelling — Technical delivery conditions*

ANSI/AWWA D 103, *Factory-Coated Bolted Steel Tanks for Water Storage*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 19496-1 and the following apply.