

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



**Semiconductor devices – Flexible and stretchable semiconductor devices –
Part 9: Performance testing methods of one transistor and one resistor (1T1R)
resistive memory cells**



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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STRETCHABLE SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES –****Part 9: Performance testing methods of one transistor
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Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

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SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES – FLEXIBLE AND STRETCHABLE SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES –

Part 9: Performance testing methods of one transistor and one resistor (1T1R) resistive memory cells

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62951 specifies the test methods for evaluating the performance of unipolar-type one transistor one resistor (1T1R) resistive memory cells. The performance test methods in this document include read, forming, SET, RESET, endurance and retention. This document is applicable to flexible devices as well as rigid resistive memory devices without any limitations prone to device technology and size.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purpose of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1

programming transistor

semiconductor device used to amplify, limit or switch electronic signals and electrical power

3.2

source voltage

V_S

bias applied to the source terminal of the programming transistor

3.3

gate voltage

V_G

bias applied to the gate terminal of the programming transistor

3.4

drain voltage

V_D

bias applied to the drain terminal of the programming transistor

3.5

resistive memory

two terminal device, based on reversible formation and rupture of filament within active layer, defining low and high resistance states, respectively