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**Leather — Measurement of leather
surface — Electronic techniques**

Cuir — Mesurage de la surface du cuir — Techniques électroniques



Reference numbers
ISO 19076:2023(E)
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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

IULTCS, originally formed in 1897, is a world-wide organization of professional leather societies to further the advancement of leather science and technology. IULTCS has three Commissions, which are responsible for establishing international methods for the sampling and testing of leather. ISO recognizes IULTCS as an international standardizing body for the preparation of test methods for leather.

This document was prepared by the Physical Test Commission of the International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies (IUP Commission, IULTCS), in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 289, *Leather*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 19076:2016), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- the Scope, [Clauses 3](#) to [9](#) and [Annex A](#) have been editorially and technically modified;
- a new [Annex E](#) for pickled and wet leather conditioning before testing has been inserted.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Leather surface measuring equipment used within the European Union (EU) for legal metrology applications is also subject to the EU Directive 2014/32/EU^[4] on measuring instruments.

Leather — Measurement of leather surface — Electronic techniques

1 Scope

This document provides a method for the measurement of the surface of leather or leather parts by the use of electronic measuring machines.

It applies to the measurement of leather (or leather parts) fulfilling the following requirements:

- flexible leather, finished or unfinished dry leather;
- flexible wet leather (see [Annex E](#));
- flexibility, such as to allow full distension on the measuring line or surface.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2419, *Leather — Physical and mechanical tests — Sample preparation and conditioning*

EN 15987, *Leather — Terminology — Key definitions for the leather trade*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 15987 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

longitudinal advancement sensing system

<measuring machines with linear sensor array> feeding movement sensing system to detect the longitudinal advancement of the leather with respect to the linear sensor array

3.2

measuring line

<measuring machines with linear sensor array> physical line where the leather presence is detected by the sensor array

3.3

relative feed

<non-static measuring machines> movement of relative translation between leather and the system detecting its presence

3.4

testing

setting and assessment of metrological compliance of the device