INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 20181

> First edition 2023-02

Stationary source emissions — Quality assurance of automated measuring systems

ion at matique. Émission des sources fixes — Assurance qualité des systèmes



Reference number ISO 20181:2023(E)



© ISO 2023

rtation, no part of 'including phore' 'com either' All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Coı	ntent	S	Page
Fore	word		v
Intro	oductio	on	vi
1	Scon	e	1
2		native references	
3		ns and definitions	
4	Sym 4.1	bols and abbreviated terms Symbols	
	4.2	Abbreviated terms	
5	Prin	ciple	7
0	5.1	General	
	5.2	Limitations	
	5.3	Measurement site and installation	
	5.4	Testing laboratories performing SRM measurements	
6		oration and validation of the AMS (QAL2)	
	6.1 6.2	GeneralFunctional test	
	6.3	Parallel measurements with the SRM	
	6.4	Data evaluation	
		6.4.1 Preparation of data	
		6.4.2 Selection of data points from automated SRM	
	(F	6.4.3 Establishing the calibration function	
	6.5 6.6	Calibration function of the AMS and its validity	10 18
	6.7	Test of variability	19
	6.8	QAL2 report	19
7	Ongo	oing quality assurance during operation (QAL3)	20
	7.1	General	
	7.2	Procedures to maintain ongoing quality	21
	7.3 7.4	Choosing control charts	
	7.4	7.4.1 General	22
		7.4.2 Calculation of control chart limits using performance data	22
		7.4.3 Calculation of control chart limits using the maximum permissible uncertainty	
	7.5	Zero and span measurements	23
		7.5.1 General	23
		7.5.2 Frequency of zero and span measurements	
		7.5.3 Extractive gas analysis systems	24 24
		7.5.5 Particulate-monitoring AMS	25
	7.6	Documentation of control charts	25
8	Annual surveillance test (AST)		
	8.1	General	25
	8.2	Functional test	
	8.3	Parallel measurements with the SRM	
	8.4 8.5	Data evaluation	
	8.6	Test of variability and validity of the calibration function	
	8.7	AST report	
9	Docı	ımentation	29

ISO 20181:2023(E)

nnex A (normative) QAL2 and AST functional test of AMS	30	
nnex B (normative) Test of linearity	34	
nnex C (informative) Control charts	36	
nnex D (normative) Documentation	46	
Annex E (informative) Examples of calculation of the calibration function and of the variability test. Annex F (informative) Example of calculation of the standard deviation $s_{\rm AMS}$ of the AMS at zero and span level		
nnex H (informative) Implementation of QAL1	70	
nnex I (normative) $k_{ m v}$ and $t_{0,95;\;N-1}$ values	71	
nnex J (informative) Significant technical changes	72	
Condition of the state of the s		
© ISO 2023 – All rights res	served	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) (as EN 14181:2014) and was adopted, without modification by Technical Committee ISO/TC 146, *Air quality,* Subcommittee SC 1, *Stationary source emission*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document describes the quality assurance procedures needed to ensure that an automated measuring system (AMS) installed to measure emissions to air are capable of meeting the uncertainty requirements on measured values e.g. given by legislation^{[1],[2],[3]} or more generally by competent authorities.

Three different quality assurance levels (QAL1, QAL2, and QAL3) are defined to achieve this objective. These quality assurance levels cover the suitability of an AMS for its measuring task (e.g. before or during the purchase period of the AMS), the validation of the AMS following its installation, and the control of the AMS during its ongoing operation on an industrial plant. An annual surveillance test (AST) is also defined.

The suitability evaluation (QAL1) of the AMS and its measuring procedure are described in EN 15267-3 and ISO 14956 where a methodology is given for calculating the total uncertainty of AMS measured values. This total uncertainty is calculated from the evaluation of all the uncertainty components is a property of the property arising from its individual performance characteristics that contribute.

Stationary source emissions — Quality assurance of automated measuring systems

1 Scope

This document specifies procedures for establishing quality assurance levels (QAL) for automated measuring systems (AMS) installed on industrial plants for the determination of the flue gas components and other flue gas parameters.

This document specifies:

- a procedure (QAL2) to calibrate the AMS and determine the variability of the measured values obtained by it, so as to demonstrate the suitability of the AMS for its application, following its installation;
- a procedure (QAL3) to maintain and demonstrate the required quality of the measurement results during the normal operation of an AMS, by checking that the zero and span characteristics are consistent with those determined during QAL1;
- a procedure for the annual surveillance tests (AST) of the AMS in order to evaluate (i) that it functions correctly and its performance remains valid and (ii) that its calibration function and variability remain as previously determined.

This document is designed to be used after the AMS has been certified in accordance with the series of documents EN 15267.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 15259:2007, Air quality — Measurement of stationary source emissions — Requirements for measurement sections and sites and for the measurement objective, plan and report

EN 15267-1, Air quality — Certification of automated measuring systems — Part 1: General principles

EN 15267-2, Air quality — Certification of automated measuring systems — Part 2: Initial assessment of the AMS manufacturer's quality management system and post certification surveillance for the manufacturing process

EN 15267-3, Air quality — Certification of automated measuring systems — Part 3: Performance criteria and test procedures for automated measuring systems for monitoring emissions from stationary sources

ISO 14956, Air quality — Evaluation of the suitability of a measurement procedure by comparison with a required measurement uncertainty

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp