

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications –
Part 4-4: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 4 elements**



THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Copyright © 2023 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Secretariat
3, rue de Varembe
CH-1211 Geneva 20
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11
info@iec.ch
www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigendum or an amendment might have been published.

IEC publications search - webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee, ...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and once a month by email.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: sales@iec.ch.

IEC Products & Services Portal - products.iec.ch

Discover our powerful search engine and read freely all the publications previews. With a subscription you will always have access to up to date content tailored to your needs.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary on electrotechnology, containing more than 22 300 terminological entries in English and French, with equivalent terms in 19 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

Preview generated by EVS

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications –
Part 4-4: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 4 elements**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

ICS 25.040.40; 35.100.20; 35.110

ISBN 978-2-8322-6574-1

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	4
INTRODUCTION.....	6
1 Scope.....	7
1.1 General.....	7
1.2 Specifications	7
1.3 Procedures	7
1.4 Applicability	7
1.5 Conformance	7
2 Normative references	8
3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms.....	8
3.1 Reference model terms and definitions	8
3.2 Service convention terms and definitions	10
3.3 Terms and definitions.....	11
3.4 Symbols and abbreviations	14
3.4.1 Constants, variables, counters and queues.....	14
3.4.2 Miscellaneous.....	14
4 Data Link Protocol Definition	14
4.1 Overview of the DL-protocol.....	14
4.1.1 General	14
4.1.2 Functional classes	15
4.1.3 Functions of the DLL	15
4.1.4 Service assumed from the PhL	24
4.2 General structure and encoding of PhIDUs and DLPDUs, and related elements of procedure	26
4.2.1 PhIDU structure and encoding	26
4.2.2 Frame check sequence	27
4.2.3 Common DLPDU structure, encoding and elements of procedure	28
4.3 DLPDU-specific structure, encoding and elements of procedure	33
4.3.1 DLPDU types.....	33
4.3.2 Confirmed DLPDU	33
4.3.3 Unconfirmed DLPDU.....	34
4.3.4 Acknowledge DLPDU.....	36
4.3.5 Immediate-reply DLPDU	36
4.4 DL-service elements of procedure.....	37
4.4.1 Receipt of a DL-UNITDATA request primitive	37
4.4.2 Receipt of a DL-UNITDATA response primitive.....	38
4.4.3 Autonomous DLE acknowledge.....	39
4.4.4 Generation of a DL-UNITDATA indication primitive.....	39
4.5 Route mechanism	40
4.5.1 Type 4-route function.....	40
4.5.2 Request Type 4-route generation.....	41
4.5.3 DL-route generation.....	42
4.6 Link-access system.....	43
4.7 Local variables, counters and queues	44
4.7.1 V(ACPDU) – acknowledge confirmed PDU.....	44
4.7.2 V(AUPDU) – acknowledge unconfirmed PDU	44
4.7.3 V(NA) – node-address	44

4.7.4	V(NDLE) – number of DLEs	44
4.7.5	V(PNR) – permitted number of retries	44
4.7.6	V(DC) – device class (simple or normal)	44
4.7.7	V(BR) – bit rate	44
4.7.8	V(MID) – max indication delay	45
4.7.9	V(DMRT) – default max retry time	45
4.7.10	Q(UR) – user request queue	45
4.7.11	C(LAC) – link access counter	45
4.7.12	C(LIC) – link idle counter	45
Bibliography		46
Figure 1 – Relationship of PhE, DLE and DLS-user		15
Figure 2 – DLE state diagram for confirmed and unconfirmed, unacknowledged DLPDUs		17
Figure 3 – DLE state diagram for confirmed acknowledged DLPDUs		18
Figure 4 – DLE state diagram for unconfirmed acknowledged DLPDUs		19
Figure 5 – Full duplex DLE receive state diagram		20
Figure 6 – Full duplex DLE transmit state diagram		20
Figure 7 – Link access example		23
Figure 8 – Simple Type 4-route format		28
Figure 9 – Extended Type 4-route format		29
Figure 10 – Complex Type 4-route format		29
Figure 11 – Immediate Type 4-route format		30
Figure 12 – IP Type 4-route format		30
Figure 13 – Control-status format		31
Figure 14 – Data-field-format, one octet		32
Figure 15 – Data field format, two octets		32
Figure 16 – Source / destination designator		41
Figure 17 – Simple Type 4-route generation		41
Figure 18 – Extended Type 4-route generation		42
Figure 19 – Complex and IP Type 4-route generation		42
Figure 20 – Simple DL-route generation		43
Figure 21 – Extended DL-route generation		43
Figure 22 – Complex and IP DL-route generation		43
Table 1 – Summary structure of DLPDUs		33
Table 2 – Structure of confirmed DLPDUs		34
Table 3 – Structure of unconfirmed DLPDUs		35
Table 4 – Structure of acknowledge DLPDU		36
Table 5 – Structure of immediate-reply DLPDU		36

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS –
FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –****Part 4-4: Data-link layer protocol specification –
Type 4 elements****FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as “IEC Publication(s)”). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Attention is drawn to the fact that the use of the associated protocol type is restricted by its intellectual-property-right holders. In all cases, the commitment to limited release of intellectual-property-rights made by the holders of those rights permits a layer protocol type to be used with other layer protocols of the same type, or in other type combinations explicitly authorized by its intellectual-property-right holders.

NOTE Combinations of protocol types are specified in the IEC 61784-1 series and the IEC 61784-2 series.

IEC 61158-4-4 has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Industrial networks, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation. It is an International Standard.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2018. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical change with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Use of extended data size for DLS-user data. This extension is restricted to nodes operating on a P-NET IP network.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
65C/1202/FDIS	65C/1243/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all the parts of the IEC 61158 series, under the general title *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications*, can be found on the IEC web site.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

This document is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the “three-layer” fieldbus reference model described in IEC 61158-1.

The data-link protocol provides the data-link service by making use of the services available from the physical layer. The primary aim of this document is to provide a set of rules for communication expressed in terms of the procedures to be carried out by peer data-link entities (DLEs) at the time of communication. These rules for communication are intended to provide a sound basis for development in order to serve a variety of purposes:

- a) as a guide for implementors and designers;
- b) for use in the testing and procurement of equipment;
- c) as part of an agreement for the admittance of systems into the open systems environment;
- d) as a refinement to the understanding of time-critical communications within OSI.

This document is concerned, in particular, with the communication and interworking of sensors, effectors and other automation devices. By using this document together with other standards positioned within the OSI or fieldbus reference models, otherwise incompatible systems could work together in any combination.

INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 4-4: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 4 elements

1 Scope

1.1 General

The data-link layer provides basic time-critical messaging communications between devices in an automation environment.

This protocol provides a means of connecting devices through a partial mesh network, such that most failures of an interconnection between two devices can be circumvented. In common practice the devices are interconnected in a non-redundant hierarchical manner reflecting application needs.

1.2 Specifications

This document specifies

- a) procedures for the timely transfer of data and control information from one data-link user entity to a peer user entity, and among the data-link entities forming the distributed data-link service provider;
- b) the structure of the fieldbus DLPDUs used for the transfer of data and control information by the protocol of this document, and their representation as physical interface data units.

1.3 Procedures

The procedures are defined in terms of

- a) the interactions between peer DL-entities (DLEs) through the exchange of fieldbus DLPDUs;
- b) the interactions between a DL-service (DLS) provider and a DLS-user in the same system through the exchange of DLS primitives;
- c) the interactions between a DLS-provider and a Ph-service provider in the same system through the exchange of Ph-service primitives.

1.4 Applicability

These procedures are applicable to instances of communication between systems which support time-critical communications services within the data-link layer of the OSI or fieldbus reference models, and which require the ability to interconnect in an open systems interconnection environment.

Profiles provide a simple multi-attribute means of summarizing an implementation's capabilities, and thus its applicability to various time-critical communications needs.

1.5 Conformance

This document also specifies conformance requirements for systems implementing these procedures. This document does not contain tests to demonstrate compliance with such requirements.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE All parts of the IEC 61158 series, as well as the IEC 61784-1 series and the IEC 61784-2 series are maintained simultaneously. Cross-references to these documents within the text therefore refer to the editions as dated in this list of normative references.

ISO/IEC 7498-1, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model*

ISO/IEC 7498-3, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: Naming and addressing*

ISO/IEC 10731, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Conventions for the definition of OSI services*

3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1 Reference model terms and definitions

This document is based in part on the concepts developed in ISO/IEC 7498-1 and ISO/IEC 7498-3, and makes use of the following terms defined therein.

3.1.1	called-DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.2	calling-DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.3	centralized multi-end-point-connection	[7498-1]
3.1.4	correspondent (N)-entities correspondent DL-entities (N=2) correspondent Ph-entities (N=1)	[7498-1]
3.1.5	demultiplexing	[7498-1]
3.1.6	DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.7	DL-address-mapping	[7498-1]
3.1.8	DL-connection	[7498-1]
3.1.9	DL-connection-end-point	[7498-1]
3.1.10	DL-connection-end-point-identifier	[7498-1]
3.1.11	DL-connection-mode transmission	[7498-1]