# **INTERNATIONAL STANDARD**



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# Anis Oocumen **Textiles — Quantitative chemical** analysis —

Part 4:

# Mixtures of certain protein fibres with certain other fibres (method using hypochlorite)

Textiles — Analyse chimique quantitative —

de ce hode à l Partie 4: Mélanges de certaines fibres protéiniques avec certaines autres fibres (méthode à l'hypochlorite)

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### Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, *Textiles* in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 248, *Textiles and textile products*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 1833-4:2017), which has been technically revised.

The main changes n are as follows:

— in <u>5.1.2</u>, the instruction for the preparation of the sodium hypochlorite solution has been detailed.

A list of all parts in the ISO 1833 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

# Textiles — Quantitative chemical analysis —

## Part 4: Mixtures of certain protein fibres with certain other fibres (method using hypochlorite)

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies a method, using hypochlorite, to determine the mass percentage of protein fibre, after removal of non-fibrous matter, in textiles made of mixtures of certain non-protein fibres and certain protein fibres, as follows:

— wool, other animal-hair (such as cashmere, mohair), silk, protein,

with

— cotton, cupro, viscose, modal, acrylic, chlorofibres, polyamide, polyester, polypropylene, glass, elastane, elastomultiester, elastolefin, melamine and polypropylene/polyamide bicomponent.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1833-1, Textiles — Quantitative chemical analysis — Part 1: General principles of testing

#### 3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <u>https://www.electropedia.org/</u>

#### 4 Principle

The protein fibre is dissolved out from a known dry mass of the mixture with alkaline hypochlorite. The residue is collected, washed, dried and weighed; its mass, corrected if necessary, is expressed as a percentage of the dry mass of the mixture. The percentage of protein fibre is found by the difference.

#### **5** Reagents

Use the reagents described in ISO 1833-1 together with those given in <u>5.1</u>, <u>5.2</u> and <u>5.3</u>.