

Plastics - Determination of thermal conductivity and thermal diffusivity - Part 4: Light flash method (ISO 22007-4:2024)

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

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|---|---|
| <p>See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 22007-4:2024 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 22007-4:2024 ingliskeelset teksti.</p> <p>Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.</p> <p>Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 17.01.2024.</p> <p>Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardimis-ja Akrediteerimiskeskusest.</p> | <p>This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 22007-4:2024 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 22007-4:2024.</p> <p>This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.</p> <p>Date of Availability of the European standard is 17.01.2024.</p> <p>The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.</p> |
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English Version

Plastics - Determination of thermal conductivity and  
thermal diffusivity - Part 4: Light flash method (ISO 22007-  
4:2024)

Plastiques - Détermination de la conductivité  
thermique et de la diffusivité thermique - Partie 4:  
Méthode par flash lumineux (ISO 22007-4:2024)

Kunststoffe - Bestimmung der Wärmeleitfähigkeit und  
der Temperaturleitfähigkeit - Teil 4:  
Lichtblitzverfahren (ISO 22007-4:2024)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 12 June 2023.

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COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION  
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

## European foreword

This document (EN ISO 22007-4:2024) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61 "Plastics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics" the secretariat of which is held by SIS.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 2024, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 2024.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 22007-4:2017.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

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## Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 22007-4:2024 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 22007-4:2024 without any modification.

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Physical-chemical properties*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 249, *Plastics*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 22007-4:2017), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- the term laser flash has been replaced by the more general term light flash.

A list of all parts in the ISO 22007 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

# Plastics — Determination of thermal conductivity and thermal diffusivity —

## Part 4: Light flash method

### 1 Scope

This document specifies a method for the determination of the thermal diffusivity of a thin solid disc of plastics in the thickness direction by the light flash method. This method is based upon the measurement of the temperature rise at the rear face of the thin-disc specimen produced by a short energy pulse on the front face.

The method is applicable to homogeneous solid plastics as well as composites having an isotropic or orthotropic structure. In general, it covers materials having a thermal diffusivity,  $\alpha$ , in the range  $1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2 \cdot \text{s}^{-1} < \alpha < 1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2 \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ . Measurements can be carried out in gaseous and vacuum environments over a temperature range from  $-100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+400 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

NOTE For inhomogeneous specimens, the measured values can be specimen thickness dependent.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC Guide 98-3, *Uncertainty of measurement — Part 3: Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement (GUM:1995)*

ISO 291, *Plastics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing*

ISO 527-1, *Plastics — Determination of tensile properties — Part 1: General principles*

ISO 22007-1, *Plastics — Determination of thermal conductivity and thermal diffusivity — Part 1: General principles*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 22007-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

#### 3.1 pulse width

$t_p$   
duration for which the light pulse intensity is larger than half of its maximum value

Note 1 to entry: It is expressed in seconds (s).