On-site non-potable water systems - Part 1: Systems for the use of rainwater

FFSTI STANDARDI FFSSÕNA

NATIONAL FORFWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 16941-1:2024 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 16941-1:2024 ingliskeelset teksti.

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 16941-1

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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On-site non-potable water systems - Part 1: Systems for the use of rainwater

Réseaux d'eau non potable sur site - Partie 1 : Systèmes pour l'utilisation de l'eau de pluie

Vor-Ort-Anlagen für Nicht-Trinkwasser - Teil 1: Anlagen für die Verwendung von Regenwasser

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 15 January 2024.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN 16941-1:2024) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 165 "Waste water engineering", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2024, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2024.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 16941-1:2018.

EN 16941-1:2024 includes the following significant technical changes with respect to EN 16941-1:2018:

— necessary technical and editorial updates and alignments with EN 16941-2:2021.

EN 16941, *On-site non-potable water systems* consists of the following parts:

- Part 1: Systems for the use of rainwater
- Part 2: Systems for the use of treated greywater

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

Ecological and sustainable water management is a goal of rainwater management. It is to be expected that the natural water supplies, especially by precipitation, will change in the course of climate change. Whereas evenly distributed seasonal rainwater supply over the year may decrease locally, as it was recorded during recent years in many European areas, sudden rainstorm events with high intensity and great volumes of water during short periods of time occur more often. To foster local resilience to water scarcity it is feasible to harvest and collect rainwater for later use. Herein rainwater harvesting and infiltration, as well as the decentralized detention of rainwater, are alternatives to the customary drainage of rainwater. Rainwater harvesting also reduces the potable water demand and the discharge of water.

To sustain the natural cycle of water, excess water from the rainwater harvesting system can be infiltrated or otherwise evacuated in line with national or regional requirements.

On-site collection and use of rainwater covers a variety of non-potable applications like toilet flushing, laundry, irrigation, climate control of buildings, cleaning, etc. at private and rented properties, residential areas, community developments, industrial sites, hotels, streets, parks, golf courses, theme parks, car parks, stadia, etc.

A generic flow chart of rainwater use on-site is presented in Figure 1.

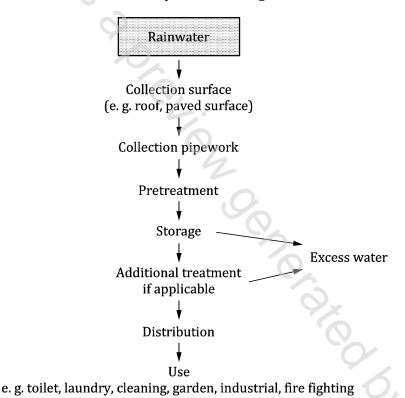


Figure 1 — Generic flow chart of rainwater use

1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements and gives recommendations for the design, sizing, installation, identification, commissioning and maintenance of rainwater harvesting systems for the use of rainwater on-site as non-potable water. This document also specifies the minimum requirements for these systems.

Excluded from the scope of this document are

- the use as drinking water and for food preparation,
- the use for personal hygiene purposes,
- attenuation and
- infiltration.

NOTE Conformity with the document does not exempt from compliance with the obligations arising from local or national regulations.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 476, General requirements for components used in drains and sewers

EN 805, Water supply — Requirements for systems and components outside buildings

EN 806 (all parts), Specification for installations inside buildings conveying water for human consumption

EN 809, Pumps and pump units for liquids — Common safety requirements

EN 1295-1, Structural design of buried pipelines under various conditions of loading — Part 1: General requirements

EN 1610, Construction and testing of drains and sewers

EN 1717, Protection against pollution of potable water in water installations and general requirements of devices to prevent pollution by backflow

EN 12050 (all parts), Wastewater lifting plants for buildings and sites

EN 12056-1, Gravity drainage systems inside buildings — Part 1: General and performance requirements

EN 12056-3, Gravity drainage systems inside buildings — Part 3: Roof drainage, layout and calculation

EN 12056-4, Gravity drainage systems inside buildings — Part 4: Wastewater lifting plants — Layout and calculation

EN 12056-5, Gravity drainage systems inside buildings — Part 5: Installation and testing, instructions for operation, maintenance and user

EN 12566-3, Small wastewater treatment systems for up to $50\,PT$ — Part 3: Packaged and/or site assembled domestic wastewater treatment plants

EN 13076, Devices to prevent pollution by backflow of potable water — Unrestricted air gap — Family A — Type A

EN 13077, Devices to prevent pollution by backflow of potable water — Air gap with non-circular overflow (unrestricted) — Family A — Type B

EN 13564 (all parts), Anti-flooding devices for buildings

EN 16323:2014, Glossary of wastewater engineering terms

EN 60335-2-41, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-41: Particular requirements for pumps (IEC 60335-2-41)

EN ISO 4064 (all parts), *Water meters for cold potable water and hot water [ISO 4064 (all parts)]*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 16323 and the following apply. ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

rainwater

water arising from atmospheric precipitation, which has not yet collected matter from the surface

[SOURCE: EN 16323:2014, 2.1.1.1]

3.2

rainwater harvesting

accumulation and deposition of rainwater for reuse

[SOURCE: ISO 6707-3:2022, 3.4.9]

3.3

rainwater harvesting system

system for collecting rainwater from surfaces in order to be used, which consists of collection, treatment, storage and distribution elements

3.4

storage device

unit for the storage of harvested rainwater

3.5

cistern

fixed container for holding water at atmospheric pressure for use as part of the plumbing system