

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Alarm systems – Intrusion and hold-up systems –
Part 3: Control and indicating equipment**

**Systèmes d'alarme – Systèmes d'alarme contre l'intrusion et les hold-up –
Partie 3: Equipement de contrôle et de signalisation**





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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**ALARM SYSTEMS –
INTRUSION AND HOLD-UP SYSTEMS –****Part 3: Control and indicating equipment****FOREWORD**

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International Standard IEC 62642-3 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 79: Alarm and electronic security systems.

This standard is based on EN 50131-3 (2006).

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
79/310/FDIS	79/321/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 62642 series can be found, under the general title *Alarm systems – Intrusion and hold-up systems*, on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

This part 3 of the IEC 62642 series of standards gives requirements for control and indicating equipment used in intrusion and hold-up alarm systems. The other parts of this series of standards are as follows:

- Part 1 System requirements
- Part 2-2 Intrusion detectors – Passive infrared detectors
- Part 2-3 Intrusion detectors – Microwave detectors
- Part 2-4 Intrusion detectors – Combined passive infrared / microwave detectors
- Part 2-5 Intrusion detectors – Combined passive infrared / ultrasonic detectors
- Part 2-6 Intrusion detectors – Opening contacts (magnetic)
- Part 2-71 Intrusion detectors – Glass break detectors – Acoustic
- Part 2-72 Intrusion detectors – Glass break detectors – Passive
- Part 2-73 Intrusion detectors – Glass break detectors – Active
- Part 3 Control and indicating equipment
- Part 4 Warning devices
- Part 5-3 Interconnections – Requirements for equipment using radio frequency techniques
- Part 6 Power supplies
- Part 7 Application guidelines
- Part 8 Security fog devices/systems

In order to insure the consistency of the whole IEC 62642 series, the terminology is defined at one place that is the master document IEC 62642-1 that gives general requirements concerning the intrusion system. Exception is made for specific terms to control and indicating equipment and where repetition is deemed essential for the clarity of this document.

Reference has been included to various implications arising from the detector standards. Full detail of the interconnection requirements could be the subject of a future standard.

A number of requirements are contained in this standard for which a formal test procedure can only be written by defining (and hence restricting) the technology by which the requirement is achieved. Accordingly, it has been recognised that such functions can be tested only by agreement between manufacturer and test house, according to documented information relating to how the required functionality has been achieved.

A table to cross reference IEC 62642-1 requirements against this standard and tests has been included in Annex D.

ALARM SYSTEMS – INTRUSION AND HOLD-UP SYSTEMS –

Part 3: Control and indicating equipment

1 Scope

This part of the IEC 62642 specifies the requirements, performance criteria and testing procedures for control and indicating equipment (CIE) intended for use in intrusion and hold-up alarm systems (I&HAS) installed in buildings. This document also applies to CIE to be used in IAS or HAS.

The CIE may incorporate processing functions of other I&HAS components or its processing requirements may be distributed among such components.

This standard specifies the requirements for CIE installed in buildings using specific or non-specific wired interconnections or wire-free interconnections. These requirements also apply to ancillary control equipment (ACE) that are installed inside or outside of the supervised premises and mounted in indoor or outdoor environments.

Where CIE shares means of detection, interconnection, control, communication, processing and/or power supplies with other applications, these requirements apply to I&HAS functions only.

This standard specifies performance requirements for CIE at each of the four security grades identified in the IEC 62642-1. Requirements are also specified for four environmental classes covering applications for indoor and outdoor locations.

This standard includes mandatory functions, which shall be provided on all CIE for the appropriate security grade, as well as optional functions that may additionally be provided.

NOTE In this standard reference to the term “I&HAS” is used throughout, except where there is specific need to differentiate between the IAS and HAS portions of a system. The term is intended to include IAS and HAS when such systems are installed separately.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-1:1988, *Environmental testing – Part 1: General and guidance*

IEC 60068-2-75:1997, *Environmental testing – Part 2-75: Tests – Test Eh: Hammer tests*

IEC 60073, *Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification – Coding principles for indicators and actuators*

IEC 60529, *Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)*

IEC 62599-1, *Alarm systems – Part 1: Environmental test methods*

IEC 62599-2, *Alarm systems – Part 2: Electromagnetic compatibility – Immunity requirements for components of fire and security alarm systems*

IEC 62642-1:2010, *Alarm systems – Intrusion and hold-up systems – Part 1: System requirements*

IEC 62642-5-3, *Alarm systems – Intrusion and hold-up systems – Part 5-3: Interconnections – Requirements for equipment using radio frequency techniques*

EN 50131-6:2008, *Alarm systems – Intrusion and hold-up systems – Part 6: Power supplies*¹

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in the IEC 62642-1, as well as the following, apply.

3.1.1

acknowledge

action of a user to accept an indication

3.1.2

alarm point

one or more detector(s) providing a common signal or message, at the CIE or at the ACE for the purpose of indication or processing

3.1.3

alarm signal or message

signal or message generated by an alarm point

3.1.4

biometric key

use of biometric characteristic by an authorized user to gain access to restricted functions or parts of a CIE

EXAMPLE: finger print or iris recognition.

3.1.5

conditioning

exposure of the Equipment Under Test (EUT) to environmental conditions in order to determine the effect of such conditions on the EUT

3.1.6

detector

device designed to generate an alarm signal or message in response to the sensing of an abnormal condition indicating the presence of a hazard

3.1.7

digital key

portable device containing digitally coded information used by an authorized user to gain access to restricted functions or parts of a CIE

EXAMPLE: magnetic card, electronic token or similar.

¹ The transformation of this document as IEC 62642-6 is under preparation.