Plastid. Termoplastide sulandi massvooluhulga ja mahtvooluhulga määramine

Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics



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This International Standard specifies two procedures for the determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastic materials under specified conditions of temperature and load.

Scope:

This International Standard specifies two procedures for the determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastic materials under specified conditions of temperature and load.

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 1133:2005) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61 "Plastics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics", the secretariat of which is held by IBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2005, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2005.

This document supersedes EN ISO 1133:1999.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

ved by The text of ISO 1133:2005 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 1133:2005 without any modifications.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 1133

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Plastics — Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 1133 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Physical-chemical properties*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 1133:1997), in which the clauses relating to temperature control have been revised. In addition, the clarity of the text has been improved.

Plastics — Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies two procedures for the determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastic materials under specified conditions of temperature and load. Procedure A is a mass-measurement method. Procedure B is a displacement-measurement method. Normally, the test conditions for measurement of melt flow rate are specified in the material standard with a reference to this International Standard. The test conditions normally used for thermoplastics are listed in Annexes A and B.

The MVR will be found particularly useful when comparing materials of different filler content and when comparing filled with unfilled thermoplastics. The MFR can be determined from MVR measurements provided the melt density at the test temperature and pressure is known.

These methods are in principle also applicable to thermoplastics for which the rheological behaviour is affected during the measurement by phenomena such as hydrolysis, condensation or crosslinking, but only if the effect is limited in extent and only if the repeatability and reproducibility are within an acceptable range. For materials which show significantly affected rheological behaviour during testing, these methods are not appropriate. In such cases, the use of the viscosity number in dilute solution, determined in accordance with the relevant part of ISO 1628, is recommended for characterization purposes.

NOTE The rates of shear in these methods are much smaller than those used under normal conditions of processing, and therefore data obtained by these methods for various thermoplastics may not always correlate with their behaviour during processing. Both methods are used primarily in quality control.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1622-2, Plastics — Polystyrene (PS) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 1628 (all parts), Plastics — Determination of the viscosity of polymers in dilute solution using capillary viscometers

ISO 1872-2, Plastics — Polyethylene (PE) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 1873-2, Plastics — Polypropylene (PP) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 2580-2, Plastics — Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

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ISO 2897-2, Plastics — Impact-resistant polystyrene (PS-I) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 4287, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters

ISO 4613-2, Plastics — Ethylene/vinyl acetate (E/VAC) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 4894-2, Plastics — Styrene/acrylonitrile (SAN) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 6402-2, Plastics — Acrylonitrile-styrene-acrylate (ASA), acrylonitrile-(ethylene-propylene-diene)-styrene (AEPDS) and acrylonitrile-(chlorinated polyethylene)-styrene (ACS) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 6507-1, Metallic materials — Vickers hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 7391-2, Plastics — Polycarbonate (PC) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 8257-2, Plastics — Poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 8986-2, Plastics — Polybutene (PB) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 9988-2, Plastics — Polyoxymethylene (POM) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 10366-2, Plastics — Methyl methacrylate-acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (MABS) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

ISO 15494, Plastic piping systems for industrial applications — Polybutene (PB), polyethylene (PE) and polypropylene (PP) — Specifications for components and the system — Metric series

ISO 15876-3, Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Polybutylene (PB) — Part 3: Fittings

3 Terms and definitions

For the purpose of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

melt mass-flow rate

MFR

rate of extrusion of a molten resin through a die of specified length and diameter under prescribed conditions of temperature, load and piston position in the barrel of an extrusion plastometer, the rate being determined as the mass extruded over a specified time

NOTE The correct SI units are decigrams per minute (dg/min). However, grams per 10 minutes (g/10 min) have customarily been used in the past and are also acceptable.