

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Expression of performance of fluorometric oxygen analyzers in liquid media

Expression des performances des analyseurs d'oxygène fluorométriques en milieu liquide



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

EXPRESSION OF PERFORMANCE OF FLUOROMETRIC OXYGEN ANALYZERS IN LIQUID MEDIA

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 62703 has been prepared by subcommittee 65B: Measurement and control devices, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
65B/867/FDIS	65B/871/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

EXPRESSION OF PERFORMANCE OF FLUOROMETRIC OXYGEN ANALYZERS IN LIQUID MEDIA

1 Scope

This International Standard is applicable to fluorometric oxygen analyzers used for the continuous determination of dissolved oxygen partial pressure or concentration. It applies to fluorometric oxygen analyzers suitable for use in water containing liquids, ultrapure waters, fresh or potable water, sea water or other aqueous solutions, industrial or municipal waste water from water bodies (e.g. lakes, rivers, estuaries) as well as for industrial process streams and process liquids. Whilst in principle fluorometric oxygen-analyzers are applicable in gaseous phases, the expression of performance in the gas-phase will not be subject of this standard.

The sensor unit of a fluorometric oxygen analyzer being in contact with the media to be measured contains a luminophore in a polymer-membrane permeable for oxygen or within other oxygen permeable materials (or substrates).

This standard specifies the terminology, definitions, requirements for statements by manufacturers and tests for fluorometric oxygen analyzers.

This standard is in accordance with the general principles set out in IEC 60359 and IEC 60770 series.

This standard is applicable to analyzers specified for permanent installation in any location (indoors or outdoors) utilizing an on-line measurement technique.

Safety requirements are dealt with in IEC 61010-1.

Standard range of analogue d.c. current signals used in process control systems are dealt with in IEC 60381-1.

Specifications for values for the testing of influence quantities can be found in IEC 60654 series.

Requirements for documentation to be supplied with instruments are dealt with in IEC 61187.

Requirements for general principles concerning quantities, units and symbols are dealt with in ISO 80000-1:2009.

The object of IEC 62703 is:

- to specify the general aspects in the terminology and definitions related to the performance of fluorometric oxygen analyzers used for the continuous determination of dissolved oxygen partial pressure or concentration in liquid media;
- to unify methods used in making and verifying statements on the functional performance of such analyzers;
- to specify which tests should be performed in order to determine the functional performance and how such tests should be carried out;
- to provide basic documents to support the application of standards of quality assurance within ISO 9001.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068 (all parts), *Environmental testing*

IEC 60359:2001, *Electrical and electronic measurement equipment – Expression of performance*

IEC 61010-1, *Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 61187, *Electrical and electronic measuring equipment – Documentation*

3 Terms, definitions, quantities and units

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions, quantities and units apply.

NOTE Terms and definitions are taken partially from IEC 60359:2001 and IEC 61207-1:2010.

3.1 Basic terms and definitions

3.1.1

measurand

quantity subjected to measurement, evaluated in the state assumed by the measured system during the measurement itself

Note 1 to entry: The value assumed by a quantity subjected to measurement when it is not interacting with the measuring instrument may be called unperturbed value of the quantity.

Note 2 to entry: The unperturbed value and its associated uncertainty can only be computed through a model of the measured system and of the measurement interaction with the knowledge of the appropriate metrological characteristics of the instrument that may be called instrumental load.

3.1.2

result of a measurement

set of values attributed to a measurand, including a value, the corresponding uncertainty and the unit of measurement

Note 1 to entry: The mid-value of the interval is called the value (see 3.1.3) of the measurand and its half-width the uncertainty (see 3.1.4).

Note 2 to entry: The measurement is related to the indication (see 3.1.5) given by the instrument and to the values of correction obtained by calibration.

Note 3 to entry: The interval can be considered as representing the measurand provided that it is compatible with all other measurements of the same measurand.

Note 4 to entry: The width of the interval, and hence the uncertainty, can only be given with a stated level of confidence (see 3.1.4, NOTE 1).

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-300:2001, 311-01-01, modified – revision of the definition and the notes]

3.1.3

measure-value

mid element of the set assigned to represent the measurand