

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**High-voltage switchgear and controlgear –
Part 105: Alternating current switch-fuse combinations for rated voltages above
1 kV up to and including 52 kV**

**Appareillage à haute tension –
Partie 105: Combinés interrupteurs-fusibles pour courant alternatif de tensions
assignées supérieures à 1 kV et jusqu'à 52 kV inclus**



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CONTENTS

FOREWORD	5
1 General	7
1.1 Scope	7
1.2 Normative references	8
2 Normal and special service conditions	8
3 Terms and definitions	8
3.1 General terms	8
3.2 Assemblies of switchgear and controlgear	8
3.3 Parts of assemblies	8
3.4 Switching devices	8
3.5 Parts of switchgear and controlgear	9
3.6 Operation	10
3.7 Characteristic quantities	10
3.101 Fuses	14
4 Ratings	15
4.1 Rated voltage (U_r)	15
4.2 Rated insulation level	15
4.3 Rated frequency (f_r)	15
4.4 Rated normal current and temperature rise	15
4.4.1 Rated normal current (I_r)	15
4.4.2 Temperature rise	15
4.5 Rated short-time withstand current (I_k)	15
4.6 Rated peak withstand current (I_p)	15
4.7 Rated duration of short-circuit (t_k)	15
4.8 Rated supply voltage of closing and opening devices and of auxiliary and control circuits (U_a)	16
4.9 Rated supply frequency of closing and opening devices and of auxiliary circuits	16
4.10 Rated pressure of compressed gas supply for controlled pressure systems	16
4.11 Rated filling levels for insulation and/or operation	16
4.101 Rated short-circuit breaking current	16
4.102 Rated transient recovery voltage	16
4.103 Rated short-circuit making current	16
4.104 Rated transfer current (striker operation) ($I_{transfer}$)	17
4.105 Rated take-over current for release-operated combinations (I_{to})	17
5 Design and construction	17
5.1 Requirements for liquids in switch-fuse combinations	17
5.2 Requirements for gases in switch-fuse combinations	17
5.3 Earthing of switch-fuse combinations	17
5.4 Auxiliary and control equipment	17
5.5 Dependent power operation	17
5.6 Stored energy operation	17
5.7 Independent manual or power operation (independent unlatched operation)	17
5.8 Operation of releases	17
5.9 Low- and high-pressure interlocking and monitoring devices	17
5.10 Nameplates	17

5.11	Interlocking devices	18
5.12	Position indication	18
5.13	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures	18
5.14	Creepage distances for outdoor insulators	18
5.15	Gas and vacuum tightness	19
5.16	Liquid tightness	19
5.17	Fire hazard (flammability)	19
5.18	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	19
5.19	X-ray emission	19
5.20	Corrosion	19
5.101	Linkages between the fuse striker(s) and the switch release	19
5.102	Low over-current conditions (long fuse-pre-arcing time conditions)	19
6	Type tests	20
6.1	General	20
6.1.1	Grouping of tests	20
6.1.2	Information for identification of specimens	21
6.1.3	Information to be included in the type-test reports	21
6.2	Dielectric tests	21
6.3	Radio interference voltage (r.i.v.) tests	21
6.4	Measurement of the resistance of circuits	21
6.5	Temperature-rise tests	21
6.6	Short-time withstand current and peak withstand current tests	21
6.7	Verification of the protection	21
6.8	Tightness tests	21
6.9	Electromagnetic compatibility tests (EMC)	21
6.10	Additional tests on auxiliary and control circuits	21
6.11	X-radiation test procedure for vacuum interrupters	22
6.101	Making and breaking tests	22
6.101.1	General	22
6.101.2	Conditions for performing the tests	22
6.101.3	Test-duty procedures	28
6.101.4	Behaviour of the combination during tests	33
6.101.5	Condition of the apparatus after testing	33
6.102	Mechanical operation tests	34
6.103	Mechanical shock tests on fuses	34
6.104	Thermal test with long pre-arcing time of fuse	35
6.105	Extension of validity of type tests	35
6.105.1	Dielectric	35
6.105.2	Temperature rise	35
6.105.3	Making and breaking	35
7	Routine tests	36
7.101	Mechanical operating tests	36
8	Guide for the selection of switch-fuse combinations	36
8.1	Selection of rated values	36
8.2	Continuous or temporary overload due to changed service conditions	37
8.101	Guide for the selection of switch-fuse combination for transformer protection	37
8.101.1	General	37
8.101.2	Rated short-circuit breaking current	37

8.101.3 Primary fault condition caused by a solid short-circuit on the transformer secondary terminals	37
8.102 Coordination of switch and fuses for extension of the reference list	38
8.102.1 General	38
8.102.2 Rated normal current	38
8.102.3 Low over-current performance	39
8.102.4 Transfer current	39
8.102.5 Take-over current	39
8.102.6 Extension of the validity of type tests	39
8.103 Operation	39
9 Information to be given with enquiries, tenders and orders	40
9.1 Information with enquiries and orders	40
9.2 Information with tenders	40
10 Transport, storage, installation, operation and maintenance	40
11 Safety	41
12 Influence of the product on the environment	41
Annex A (informative) Example of the coordination of fuses, switch and transformer	42
Annex B (normative) Procedure for determining transfer current	45
Annex C (normative) Tolerances on test quantities for type tests	50
Bibliography	51
Figure 1 – Arrangement of test circuits for test duties $TD_{I_{sc}}$ and $TD_{I_{Wmax}}$	23
Figure 2 – Arrangement of test circuits for test-duty $TD_{I_{transfer}}$	24
Figure 3 – Arrangement of test circuits for test-duty $TD_{I_{to}}$	24
Figure 4 – Determination of power-frequency recovery voltage	26
Figure 5 – Representation of a specified TRV by a two-parameter reference line and a delay line	27
Figure 6 – Example of a two-parameter reference line for a TRV	28
Figure 7 – Characteristics for determining take-over current	32
Figure 8 – Transfer current in relation to the primary fault current I_{sc} due to a solid short circuit in the transformer secondary terminal	38
Figure A.1 – Characteristics relating to the protection of an 11 kV – 400 kVA transformer	43
Figure A.2 – Discrimination between HV and LV fuses	44
Figure B.1 – Practical determination of the transfer current	46
Figure B.2 – Determination of the transfer current with the iterative method	48
Table 1 – Nameplate markings	18
Table 2 – Standard values of prospective TRV for test-duty $TD_{I_{transfer}}$ based on practice in Europe	30
Table 3 – Standard values of prospective TRV for test-duty $TD_{I_{transfer}}$ based on practice in the United States of America and Canada	31
Table 4 – Summary of test parameters for test duties	32
Table C.1 – Tolerances on test quantities for type tests	50

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

**Part 105: Alternating current switch-fuse combinations
for rated voltages above 1 kV up to and including 52 kV**

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 62271-105 has been prepared by subcommittee 17A, High-voltage switchgear and controlgear, of IEC technical committee 17: Switchgear and controlgear.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition of IEC 62271-105, published in 2002, and constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- implementation of figures at the place where they are cited first;
- renumbering of tables;
- addition of some of the proposals from IEC paper 17A/852/INF;
- addition of missing subclauses of IEC 62271-1;
- implementation of 6.105 "Extension of validity of type tests" and consequently removing of the relevant parts in the different existing clauses;

- change of 7th paragraph of 6.101.4 as there is now a definition of NSDD given in 3.7.4 of IEC 62271-1:2007. Harmonization with IEC 62271-107;
- some referenced clauses in other standards like IEC 60282-1 were changed and therefore changed the editions under 1.2 to the ones referred to;
- addition of a new Annex C defining tolerances.

The text of this standard is based the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
17A/1013/FDIS	17A/1022/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This standard is to be read in conjunction with IEC 62271-1:2007, to which it refers and which is applicable, unless otherwise specified in this standard. In order to simplify the indication of corresponding requirements, the same numbering of clauses and subclauses is used as in IEC 62271-1. Amendments to these clauses and subclauses are given under the same numbering, whilst additional subclauses are numbered from 101.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62271 series, published under the general title *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

Part 105: Alternating current switch-fuse combinations for rated voltages above 1 kV up to and including 52 kV

1 General

1.1 Scope

Subclause 1.1 of IEC 62271-1:2007 is not applicable, and is replaced as follows:

This part of IEC 62271 applies to three-pole units for public and industrial distribution systems which are functional assemblies of switches including switch-disconnectors and current-limiting fuses designed so as to be capable of

- breaking, at the rated recovery voltage, any current up to and including the rated short-circuit breaking current;
- making, at the rated voltage, circuits to which the rated short-circuit breaking current applies.

It does not apply to fuse-circuit-breakers, fuse-contactors, combinations for motor-circuits or to combinations incorporating single capacitor bank switches.

In this standard, the word “combination” is used for a combination in which the components constitute a functional assembly. Each association of a given type of switch and a given type of fuse defines one type of combination.

In practice, different types of fuses may be combined with one type of switch, which give several combinations with different characteristics, in particular concerning the rated currents. Moreover, for maintenance purposes, the user should know the types of fuses that can be combined to a given switch without impairing compliance to the standard, and the corresponding characteristics of the so-made combination.

A switch-fuse combination is then defined by its type designation and a list of selected fuses is defined by the manufacturer, the so-called “reference list of fuses”. Compliance with this standard of a given combination means that every combination using one of the selected fuses is proven to be in compliance with this standard.

The fuses are incorporated in order to extend the short-circuit breaking rating of the combination beyond that of the switch alone. They are fitted with strikers in order both to open automatically all three poles of the switch on the operation of a fuse and to achieve a correct operation at values of fault current above the minimum melting current but below the minimum breaking current of the fuses. In addition to the fuse strikers, the combination may be fitted with either an over-current release or a shunt release.

NOTE In this standard the term “fuse” is used to designate either the fuse or the fuse-link where the general meaning of the text does not result in ambiguity.

This standard applies to combinations designed with rated voltages above 1 kV up to and including 52 kV for use on three-phase alternating current systems of either 50 Hz or 60 Hz.

Fuses are covered by IEC 60282-1.

Devices that require dependent manual operation are not covered by this standard.

Switches, including their specific mechanism, shall be in accordance with IEC 62271-103 except for the short-time current and short-circuit making requirements where the current-limiting effects of the fuses are taken into account.

Earthing switches forming an integral part of a combination are covered by IEC 62271-102.

1.2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Subclause 1.2 of IEC 62271-1:2007 is applicable with the following additions:

IEC 60282-1:2009, *High-voltage fuses – Part 1: Current-limiting fuses*

IEC/TR 60787:2007, *Application guide for the selection of high-voltage current-limiting fuse-links for transformer circuits*

IEC 62271-1:2007, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 1: Common specifications*

IEC 62271-100:2008, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 100: Alternating-current circuit-breakers*

IEC 62271-102:2001, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 102: Alternating current disconnectors and earthing switches*

IEC 62271-103:2011, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 103: Switches for rated voltages above 1 kV up to and including 52 kV*

2 Normal and special service conditions

Clause 2 of IEC 62271-1:2007 is applicable.

3 Terms and definitions

Clause 3 of IEC 62271-1:2007 is applicable with the the following additions.

3.1 General terms

Subclause 3.1 of IEC 62271-1:2007 is applicable.

3.2 Assemblies of switchgear and controlgear

Subclause 3.2 of IEC 62271-1:2007 is applicable.

3.3 Parts of assemblies

Subclause 3.3 of IEC 62271-1:2007 is applicable.

3.4 Switching devices

Subclause 3.4 of IEC 62271-1:2007 is applicable, with the following additions