



Edition 1.0 2013-07

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION



Telecontrol equipment and systems -

Part 5-7: Transmission protocols – Security extensions to IEC 60870-5-101 and IEC 60870-5-104 protocols (applying IEC 62351)





THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED Copyright © 2013 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester.

If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Central Office Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11 3, rue de Varembé Fax: +41 22 919 03 00

CH-1211 Geneva 20 info@iec.ch Switzerland www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigenda or an amendment might have been published.

Useful links:

IEC publications search - www.iec.ch/searchpub

The advanced search enables you to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee,...).

It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available on-line and also once a month by email.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary of electronic and electrical terms containing more than 30 000 terms and definitions in English and French, with equivalent terms in additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) on-line.

Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: csc@iec.ch.



IEC/TS 60870-5-7

Edition 1.0 2013-07

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION



Telecontrol equipment and systems -

Part 5-7: Transmission protocols – Security extensions to IEC 60870-5-101 and IEC 60870-5-104 protocols (applying IEC 62351)

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

PRICE CODE

ICS 33.200 ISBN 978-2-8322-0919-6

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

1	Scope						
2	Normative references7						
3	Term	Terms, definitions and abbreviations					
	3.1	Terms	and definitions	8			
	3.2	Abbrev	riated terms	9			
4	Selected options						
	4.1	Overvi	ew of clause	9			
	4.2	MAC a	lgorithms	9			
	4.3	Encryp	tion algorithms	9			
	4.4	Maxim	um error count	9			
	4.5	Use of	aggressive mode	9			
5	Oper	ations c	onsidered critical	9			
6	Addressing information						
7	Imple	ementati	on of messages	10			
	7.1	Overvi	ew of clause	10			
	7.2	Data d	efinitions	10			
		7.2.1	Causes of transmission	10			
		7.2.2	Type identifiers				
		7.2.3	Security statistics				
		7.2.4	Variable length data				
		7.2.5	Information object address	12			
		7.2.6	Transmitting extended ASDUs using segmentation				
	7.3		ation Service Data Units				
		7.3.1	TYPE IDENT 81: S_CH_NA_1 Authentication challenge				
		7.3.2	TYPE IDENT 82: S_RP_NA_1 Authentication Reply	17			
		7.3.3	TYPE IDENT 83: S_AR_NA_1 Aggressive mode authentication request	10			
		7.3.4	TYPE IDENT 84: S_KR_NA_1 Session key status request				
		7.3.5	TYPE IDENT 85: S_KS_NA_1 Session key status				
		7.3.6	TYPE IDENT 86: S_KC_NA_1 Session key change				
		7.3.7	TYPE IDENT 87: S_ER_NA_1 Authentication error				
		7.3.8	TYPE IDENT 88: S_UC_NA_1 User certificate				
		7.3.9	TYPE IDENT 90: S_US_NA_1 User status change				
		7.3.10	TYPE IDENT 91: S_UQ_NA_1 Update key change request				
			TYPE IDENT 92: S_UR_NA_1 Update key change reply				
		7.3.12	TYPE IDENT 93: S_UK_NA_1 Update key change – symmetric	27			
			TYPE IDENT 94: S_UA_NA_1 Update key change – asymmetric				
		7.3.14	TYPE IDENT 95: S_UC_NA_1 Update key change confirmation	29			
		7.3.15	TYPE IDENT 41: S_IT_TC_1 Integrated totals containing time-	5			
_			tagged security statistics				
8	Implementation of procedures						
	8.1 Overview of clause						
	8.2 Initialization of aggressive mode						
	8.3 Refreshing challenge data						
	8.4	Co-exis	stence with non-secure implementations	34			

9	Imple	mentation of IEC/TS 62351-3 using IEC 60870-5-104	34
	9.1	Overview of clause	
	9.2	Deprecation of non-encrypting cipher suites	
	9.3	Mandatory cipher suite	
	9.4 Recommended cipher suites		
	9.5	Negotiation of versions	35
	9.6	Cipher renegotiation	35
	9.7	Message authentication code	35
	9.8	Certificate support	
		9.8.1 Overview of clause	35
		9.8.2 Multiple Certificate Authorities (CAs)	36
		9.8.3 Certificate size	
		9.8.4 Certificate exchange	
		9.8.5 Certificate comparison	
	9.9	Co-existence with non-secure protocol traffic	
		Use with redundant channels	
10		col Implementation Conformance Statement	
		Overview of clause	
		Required algorithms	
		MAC algorithms	
		Key wrap algorithms	
		Use of error messages	
		Update key change methods	
		Configurable parameters	
		Configurable statistic thresholds and statistic information object addresses	
		Critical functions	
Ribl		phy	
Fiaı	ıre 1 -	- ASDU segmentation control	12
Fiai	ıre 2 -	- Segmenting extended ASDUs	12
		- Illustration of ASDU segment reception state machine	
_		- ASDU: S_CH_NA_1 Authentication challenge	
		- ASDU: S_RP_NA_1 Authentication Reply	
		- ASDU: S_AR_NA_1 Aggressive Mode Authentication Request	
		- ASDU: S_KR_NA_1 Session key status request	
Figi	ıre 8 -	- ASDU: S_KS_NA_1 Session key status	20
Figu	ıre 9 -	- ASDU: S_KC_NA_1 Session key change	21
		- ASDU: S_ER_NA_1 Authentication error	
Figu	ıre 11	- ASDU: S_UC_NA_1 User certificate	23
Figu	ıre 12	- ASDU: S_US_NA_1 User status change	24
Figu	ıre 13	- ASDU: S_UQ_NA_1 Update key change request	25
Figu	ıre 14	- ASDU: S_UR_NA_1 Update key change reply	26
		- ASDU: S_UK_NA_1 Update key change - symmetric	
		- ASDU: S_UA_NA_1 Update key change - asymmetric	
		- ASDU: S UC NA 1 Update key change confirmation	29

igure 18 – ASDU: S_IT_TC_1 Integrated totals containing time-tagged tatistics	
igure 19 – Example of successful initialization of challenge data	33
able 1 – Additional cause of transmission	
able 2 – Additional type identifiers	
able 3 – Maximum lengths of variable length data	
able 4 – ASDU segment reception state machine	
able 5 – Recommended cipher suite combinations	35
9,	
\sim	
2	
	*
	0,
	\ \ \

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

TELECONTROL EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS -

Part 5-7: Transmission protocols – Security extensions to IEC 60870-5-101 and IEC 60870-5-104 protocols (applying IEC 62351)

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The main task of IEC technical committees is to prepare International Standards. In exceptional circumstances, a technical committee may propose the publication of a technical specification when

- the required support cannot be obtained for the publication of an International Standard, despite repeated efforts, or
- the subject is still under technical development or where, for any other reason, there is the future but no immediate possibility of an agreement on an International Standard.

Technical specifications are subject to review within three years of publication to decide whether they can be transformed into International Standards.

IEC 60870-5-7, which is a technical specification, has been prepared by IEC technical committee 57: Power systems management and associated information exchange.

The text of this technical specification is based on the following documents:

Enquiry draft	Report on voting
57/1308/DTS	57/1339/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this technical specification can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this publication the following print types are used:

Clause 10: Direct quotations from IEC/TS 62351-3:2007: in italic type.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 60870 series, published under the general title *Telecontrol* equipment and systems, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- transformed into an International Standard,
- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

TELECONTROL EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS -

Part 5-7: Transmission protocols – Security extensions to IEC 60870-5-101 and IEC 60870-5-104 protocols (applying IEC 62351)

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60870 describes messages and data formats for implementing IEC/TS 62351-5 for secure authentication as an extension to IEC 60870-5-101 and IEC 60870-5-104.

The purpose of this base standard is to permit the receiver of any IEC 60870-5-101/104 Application Protocol Data Unit (APDU) to verify that the APDU was transmitted by an authorized user and that the APDU was not modified in transit. It provides methods to authenticate not only the device which originated the APDU but also the individual human user if that capability is supported by the rest of the telecontrol system.

This specification is also intended to be used, together with the definitions of IEC/TS 62351-3, in conjunction with the IEC 60870-5-104 companion standard.

The state machines, message sequences, and procedures for exchanging these messages are defined in the IEC/TS 62351-5 specification. This base standard describes only the message formats, selected options, critical operations, addressing considerations and other adaptations required to implement IEC/TS 62351 in the IEC 60870-5-101 and 104 protocols.

The scope of this specification does not include security for IEC 60870-5-102 or IEC 60870-5-103. IEC 60870-5-102 is in limited use only and will therefore not be addressed. Users of IEC 60870-5-103 desiring a secure solution should implement IEC 61850 using the security measures from in IEC/TS 62351 referenced in IEC 61850.

Management of keys, certificates or other cryptographic credentials within devices or on communication links other than IEC 60870-5-101/104 is out of the scope of this specification and may be addressed by other IEC/TS 62351 specifications in the future.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60870-5-101:2003, Telecontrol equipment and systems – Part 5-101:Transmission protocols – Companion standard for basic telecontrol tasks

IEC 60870-5-104:2006, Telecontrol equipment and systems – Part 5-104:Transmission protocols – Network access for IEC 60870-5-101 – Using standard transport profiles

IEC/TS 62351-3:2007, Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 3: Communication network and system security – Profiles including TCP/IP

IEC/TS 62351-5:2013, Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 5: Security for IEC 60870-5 and derivatives

IEC/TS 62351-8, Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 8: Role-based access control

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

NOTE Terms 3.1.1 to 3.1.7 are included here because they are specific to the IEC 60870-5 standards and may be useful for reading this specification as an independent document. Terms 3.1.8 to 3.1.9 are included here because they are specific to IEC/TS 62351-5.

3.1.1

Application Protocol Data Unit

complete application layer message transmitted by a station

3.1.2

Application Service Data Unit

application layer message submitted to lower layers for transmission

3.1.3

Controlling Station

device or application that initiates most of the communications and issues commands

Note 1 to entry: Commonly called a "master" in some protocol specifications.

3.1.4

Controlled Station

remote device that transmits data gathered in the field to the controlling station

Note 1 to entry: Commonly called the "outstation" or "slave" in some protocols.

3.1.5

Control Direction

data transmitted by the controlling station to the controlled station(s)

3.1.6

Message Authentication Code

calculated value used by a receiving station to authenticate and check the integrity of an Application Protocol Data Unit

3.1.7

Monitoring Direction

data transmitted by the controlled station to the controlling stations

3.1.8

Challenger

station that issues authentication challenges. May be either a controlled or controlling station.

3.1.9

Responder

station that responds or reacts to authentication challenges. May be either a controlled or controlling station.