Värvid ja lakid. Teraskonstruktsioonide korrosioonitõrje värvkattesüsteemidega. Osa 6: Laboratoorsete etalonkatsete meetodid

Paints and varnishes - Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems - Part 6: Laboratory performance test methods



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 12944-6:2000 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 12944-6:1998 ingliskeelset teksti. This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 12944-6:2000 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 12944-6:1998.

Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 11.01.2000 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.

This document is endorsed on 11.01.2000 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

Käsitlusala:

Standardi see osa määrab kindlaks laboratoorsed katsemeetodid ja tingimused teraskonstruktsioonide korrosioonitõrje määramiseks. Katsetulemused on abiks vajaliku värvkattesüsteemi valikul, kuid ei esita täpset infot püsivuse määramiseks. Standardi osa hõlmab kaitsvaid värvkattesüsteeme, mis on välja töötatud pealekandmiseks katmata terasele, kuumsukelgalvaanitud terasele ja termopihustatud tsinkkattega teraspindadele.

Scope:

ICS 87.020

Võtmesõnad: kaitsekatted, katsed, kiirendatud katsed, korrosioon, korrosioonitõrje, kunstliku vanandamise katsed, käitusomaduste katsed, laborikatsed, lakid teraskonstruktsioon, võrdluskatsed, värvid

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EN ISO 12944-6

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Paint coatings, corrosion protection, structural steelwork, performance, testing.

English version

Paints and varnishes Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems

(ISO 12944-6: 1998)

Peintures et vernis Anticorrosion des structures en acier par systèmes de peinture - Partie 6: Essais de performance en laboratoire (ISO 12944-6: 1998)

Beschichtungsstoffe - Korrosionsschutz von Stahlbauten durch Beschichtungssysteme -Teil 6: Laborprüfungen zur Bewertung von Beschichtungssystemen (ISO 12944-5: 1998)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1997-06-16.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

The European Standards exist in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom.

European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

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Page 2

EN ISO 12944-6: 1998

Foreword

International Standard

ISO 12944-6: 1998 Paints and varnishes - Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems - Part 6: Laboratory performance test methods,

which was prepared by ISO/TC 35 'Paints and varnishes' of the International Organization for Standardization, has been adopted by Technical Committee CEN/TC 139 'Paints and varnishes', the Secretariat of which is held by DIN, as a European Standard.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, and conflicting national standards withdrawn, by November 1998 at the latest.

In accordance with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard:

Austria, Belgium, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

Contonto

The text of the International Standard ISO 12944-6: 1998 was approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification.

international publications are listed in Annex ZA (normative). NOTE: Normative references to

Contents		Page
1	Scope	. 4
2	Normative references	4
3	Definitions	6
4	General	6
5	Tests	0
6	Paint system assessment	
7	Test report	. 11
An	nexes	CO
A	Scratch line for ISO 7253 test	12
В	Example of report form	13
		O
		9,

Introduction

Unprotected steel in the atmosphere, in water and in soil is subject to corrosion that may lead to damage. Therefore, to avoid corrosion damage, steel structures are normally protected to withstand the corrosion stresses during the service life required of the structure.

There are different ways of protecting steel structures from corrosion. ISO 12944 deals with protection by paint systems and covers, in the various parts, all features that are important in achieving adequate corrosion protection. Additional or other measures are possible but require particular agreement between the interested parties.

In order to ensure effective corrosion protection of steel structures, it is necessary for owners of such structures, planners, consultants, companies carrying out corrosion protection work, inspectors of protective coatings and manufacturers of coating materials to have at their disposal state-ofthe-art information in concise form on corrosion protection by paint systems. Such information has to be as complete as possible, unambiguous and easily understandable to avoid difficulties and misunderstandings between the parties concerned with the practical implementation of protection work.

This International Standard — 150 12944 — is intended to give this information in the form of a series of instructions. It is written for those who have some technical knowledge. It is also assumed that the user of ISO 12944 is familiar with other relevant International Standards, in particular those dealing with surface preparation, as well as relevant national regulations.

Although ISO 12944 does not deal with financial and contractual questions, attention is drawn to the fact that, because of the considerable implications of inadequate corrosion protection, non-compliance with requirements and

inadequate commendations grannsequences.

SO 12944-1 defines the overall scope of an important of ISO 12944. Furthermore, it includes a general statement of ISO 12944. Furthermore, it includes a general statement of ISO 12944 and environmental protection, and guidelines for using for a given project.

ISO 12944-6 provides a way of assessing paint systems by means of laboratory tests in order to be able to select the most suitable.

Page 4 EN ISO 12944-6: 1998

1 Scope

This part of ISO 12944 specifies laboratory test methods and test conditions for the assessment of paint systems for the corrosion protection of steel structures. The test results are to be considered as an aid in the selection of suitable paint systems and not as exact information for determining durability.

This part of ISO 12944 covers protective paint systems designed for application to uncoated steel, hot-dip-galvanized steel and steel surfaces with thermally sprayed zinc coatings.

This part of ISO 12944 does not apply to protective paint systems for electroplated or painted steel.

Certain tests in this part of ISO 12944 are not applicable to many water-borne paint systems (see 4.2). Nevertheless, some water-borne paint systems are amenable to testing and evaluation using the procedures described herein, and their results could be taken into account.

The environments defined in 180 12944-2 are considered.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 12944. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 12944 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 554:1976, Standard atmospheres for conditioning and/or testing — Specifications.

ISO 1512:1991, Paints and varnishes — Sampling of products in liquid or paste form.

ISO 1513:1992, Paints and varnishes — Examination and preparation of samples for testing.

ISO 2409:1992, Paints and varnishes — Cross-cut test.

ISO 2808:1997, Paints and varnishes — Determination of film thickness.

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- ISO 2812-1:1993, Paints and varnishes Determination of resistance to liquids Part 1: General methods.
- ISO 2812-2:1993, Paints and varnishes Determination of resistance to liquids Part 2: Water immersion method.
- ISO 3231:1993, Paints and varnishes Determination of resistance to humid atmospheres containing sulfur dioxide.
- ISO 4624:1978, Paints and varnishes Pull-off test for adhesion.
- ISO 4628-1:1982, Paints and varnishes Evaluation of degradation of paint coatings Designation of intensity, quantity and size of common types of defect Part 1: General principles and rating schemes.
- ISO 4628-2:1982, Paints and varnishes Evaluation of degradation of paint coatings Designation of intensity, quantity and size of common types of defect Part 2: Designation of degree of blistering.
- ISO 4628-3:1982, Paints and varnishes Evaluation of degradation of paint coatings Designation of intensity, quantity and size of common types of defect Part 3: Designation of degree of rusting.
- ISO 4628-4:1982, Paints and varnishes Evaluation of degradation of paint coatings Designation of intensity, quantity and size of common types of defect Part 4: Designation of degree of cracking.
- ISO 4628-5:1982, Paints and varnishes Evaluation of degradation of paint coatings Designation of intensity, quantity and size of common types of defect Part 5: Designation of degree of flaking.
- ISO 6270:1980, Paints and varnishes Determination of resistance to humidity (continuous condensation).
- ISO 7253:1996, Paints and varnishes Determination of resistance to neutral salt spray (fog).
- ISO 7384:1986, Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres General requirements.
- ISO 8501-1:1988, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products Visual assessment of surface cleanliness Part 1: Rust grades and preparation grades of uncoated steel substrates and of steel substrates after overall removal of previous coatings.
- ISO 8503-1:1988, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products Surface roughness characteristics of blast-cleaned steel substrates Part 1: Specifications and definitions for ISO surface profile comparators for the assessment of abrasive blast-cleaned surfaces.
- ISO 8503-2:1988, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products Surface roughness characteristics of blast-cleaned steel substrates Part 2: Method for the grading of surface profile of abrasive blast-cleaned steel Comparator procedure.
- ISO 12944-1:1998, Paints and varnishes Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems Part 1: General introduction.
- ISO 12944-2:1998, Paints and varnishes Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems Part 2: Classification of environments.
- ISO 12944-4:1998, Paints and varnishes Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems Part 4: Types of surface and surface preparation.
- ISO 12944-5:1998, Paints and varnishes Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems Part 5: Protective paint systems.