Health Informatics - Electronic Health Record Communication - Part 5: Interface specification



FESTI STANDARDI FESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 13606-5:2010 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 13606-5:2010 ingliskeelset teksti.

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English Version

th informatics - Electronic health record communication -Part 5: Interface specification (ISO 13606-5:2010)

Informatique de santé - Communication du dossier de santé informatisé - Partie 5: Soécification d'interfaces (ISO

Medizinische Informatik - Kommunikation von Patientendaten in elektronischer Form - Teil 5: Nachrichten für den Informationsaustausch (ISO 13606-5:2010)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 13606-5:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 251 "Health informatics", the secretariat of which is held by NEN, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 215 "Health informatics".

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsoment, at the latest by September 2010, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2010.

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Contents		Page
Forev	word	iv
Intro	duction	v
1	Scope	1
2	Conformatice	
3	Terms and definitions	2
4	Abbreviated terms	5
5	Interfaces	6
6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	Interface: REQUEST_EDR_EXTRACT Interface: REQUEST_ARCHETYPES Interface: REQUEST_EHR_AUDIT_LOG_EXTRACT	10 10
Bibli	ography	15
	ography	ĵ.

Contents

Introduction

This part of ISO 13606 defines the interfaces by which an EHR_EXTRACT, an ARCHETYPE or an EHR_AUDIT_LOG_EXTRACT may be requested and provided.

The scope of this part of ISO 13606 has been considered carefully in order to achieve several objectives:

- to specify those interfaces that are unique to the ISO 13606 context, and not to include more generic
 health information communication interfaces that might be the scope of other standards and
 specifications;
- to specify the interfaces in ways that are compatible with the HISA standard (ISO 12967) and, in particular, to define these interfaces as specializations of HISA ISO 12967-3 interfaces;
- to specify the interfaces as a pure RM-ODP Computational Viewpoint, in order to support the wide range of engineering viewpoints that might be adopted by individual vendors or eHealth programmes; (it should be noted that ISO 13606-1, ISO 13606-2 and ISO 13606-4 define the corresponding Information Viewpoints, and that ISO/TS 18308 defines the corresponding Enterprise Viewpoint);
- to construct these interfaces such that they might easily be implemented as specializations of standard interfaces within the commonly used eigeneering languages such as Java, Visual Basic, dotnet, SOAP, ebXML, etc.;
- to work through the Joint SDO Initiative and Council on the production of Engineering Viewpoint Implementation Guides, that will define more specifically how to implement these interfaces; (e.g. in HL7 3); these guides will be published separately from this part of ISO 13606, to enable them to be maintained and updated more frequently (to reflect implementation experience) than is possible for a standard;
- to recognise that EHR communication will be implemented within a healthcare communications infrastructure, usually nationally, that will define a generalized approach to many other complementary and necessary services such as patient demographics registries, provider registries, authentication and authorization policies and services, etc.; these are therefore not part of the formal scope of this part of ISO 13606 but are referred to as being assumed and necessary complementary services;
- to assume that an ISO/TS 22600 (PMAC) compatible architecture or its equivalent will be used for managing security services, and not to duplicate or conflict with these services in this part of ISO 13606;
- to further support the protection of patient privacy by avoiding the need to reveal whether any EHR data have been withheld by the provider when responding to a request;
- to enable each interface and term set to be extended locally to cater for specialized circumstances of EHR communication, in which additional requirement constraints might apply.

This part of ISO 13606 defines a set of interfaces by which the artefacts defined in ISO 13606-1, ISO 13606-2 and ISO 13606-4 can be requested and provided:

- a) ISO 13606-1 defines a reference model for an EHR_EXTRACT: part or all of the EHR of a subject of care;
- b) ISO 13606-2 defines an information model for an ARCHETYPE, and optionally a serialized form represented using Archetype Definition Language;
- c) ISO 13606-4 defines an EHR_AUDIT_LOG_EXTRACT to communicate the audit log activity history pertaining to part or all of an EHR.

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(ISO 13606-3 defines term lists and reference archetypes, to which a direct interface is not required. ISO 13606-4 defines an access policy model to which a direct interface is also not required.)

This part of ISO 13606 defines three interfaces, one for each of a) to c) above, as a communication between an *EHR_requester* (wishing to and authorizing the communication of the artefact), an *EHR_provider* (a repository service that contains and can return the requested artefact) and an *EHR_recipient* who is intended and authorized to receive the artefact (usually but not always the same as the *EHR_requester*). In terms of the HISA standard, ISO 12967, these interfaces are all specializations of the Detail Basic Methods defined in ISO 12967-3.

These interfaces are all expressed as ODP Computational Viewpoint specifications, and aim to support implementation through many different Engineering Viewpoint (transport) formalisms, such as message protocols (e.g. EDIFACT, 1917 3) or service protocols (e.g. SOAP, Java RMI). This part of ISO 13606 therefore specifies only the "payload" information to be communicated at each interface. Attributes such as message identifiers, message time-stamping and message version management are normally defined and handled by each kind of transport protocol in particular ways, and this part of ISO 13606 therefore does not define its own duplication of this kind of information. It should be noted that the EHR_EXTRACT defined in ISO 13606-1, the ARCHETYPE defined in ISO 13606-2, and the EHR_AUDIT_LOG_EXTRACT defined in ISO 13606-4 all include time-stamping, authorship and version management information of the payload data as part of their information models.

Request acknowledgements and system/communication error messages are routinely handled by most engineering transport protocols. It is therefore not appropriate that this part of ISO 13606 duplicate these. An optional exception is defined to communicate pack to the *EHR_requester* a reason why a request has been received but refused, if it is legitimate to reveal this without breaching confidentiality.

The EHR_requester will need to authenticate to the EHR_provider in ways that are to be locally determined, and will present authorization credentials that are also beyond the scope of this part of ISO 13606 but are specified in ISO/TS 22600 (PMAC). It is recognised that there may be times when an EHR_requester wishes the EHR_provider to "send" the EHR_EXTRACT to a third party. This part of ISO 13606 may be used within a delegation architecture, in which an EHR_requester acts or behalf of another party, but the representation and communication of the hierarchy of authorizations involved in delegation is a matter for the privilege management and access control architecture and does not directly impact on this part of ISO 13606. Alternatively, local arrangements may be made to securely communicate to a third party a unique reference for any particular RECORD_COMPONENT (e.g. for a particular letter or discharge summary, via the ehr-id and rc_id of the COMPOSITION) that the third party is recommended to and has permission to access directly, without therefore requiring the use of delegation.

A set of Implementation Guides is being developed to define how the part of ISO 13606 should be implemented within particular communications/transport standards. The first of these is expected to be for HL7 3, to be published and maintained by HL7.

Health informatics — Electronic health record communication —

Part 5:

Interface specification

1 Scope

This part of ISO 13606 specifies the information architecture required for interoperable communications between systems and services that need or provide EHR data. This part of ISO 13606 is not intended to specify the internal architecture of database design of such systems.

The subject of the record or record extract to be communicated is an individual person, and the scope of the communication is predominantly with respect to that person's care.

Uses of healthcare records for other purposes such as administration, management, research and epidemiology, which require aggregations of individual people's records, are not the focus of this part of ISO 13606, but such secondary uses could also find this document useful.

This part of ISO 13606 defines a set of interfaces request and provide:

- an EHR_EXTRACT for a given subject of care applefined in ISO 13606-1;
- one or more ARCHETYPE(s) as defined in ISO 13606-2
- an EHR_AUDIT_LOG_EXTRACT for a given subject of the control o

This part of ISO 13606 defines the set of interactions for requesting each of these artefacts, and for providing the data to the requesting party or declining the request. An interface to query an EHR or populations of EHRs, for example for clinical audit or research, are beyond its scope, although provision is made for certain selection criteria to be specified when requesting an EHR_EXTRACTION might also serve for population queries.

This part of ISO 13606 defines the Computational Viewpoint for each interface, without specifying or restricting particular engineering approaches to implement these as messages or as service interfaces.

This part of ISO 13606 effectively defines the payload to be communicated at each interface. It does not specify the particular information that different transport protocols will additionally require, nor the security or authentication procedures that might be agreed between the communicating parties or required by different jurisdictions.

2 Conformance

2.1 A message or service interface that serves to request part or all of the EHR of a subject of care shall include all of the information specified as mandatory in 6.1, and may include any of the information specified as optional in 6.1. An EHR_provider shall be able to receive and process all of the mandatory and optional parameters in the request. The provision of an EHR_EXTRACT in response to this request, or the refusal to do so, shall conform to 6.1.

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- **2.2** A message or service interface that serves to request one or more Archetypes shall include all of the information specified as mandatory in 6.2, and may include any of the information specified as optional in 6.2. An EHR_provider shall be able to receive and process all of the mandatory and optional parameters in the request. The provision of ARCHETYPES in response to this request, or the refusal to do so, shall conform to 6.2.
- 2.3 A message or service interface that serves to request part or all of the Audit Log pertaining to an EHR of a subject of care shall include all of the information specified as mandatory in 6.3, and may include any of the information specified as optional in 6.3. An EHR_provider shall be able to receive and process all of the mandatory and optional parameters in the request. The provision of an EHR_AUDIT_LOG_EXTRACT in response to this request, or the refusal to do so, shall conform to 6.3.
- **2.4** The information specified in 6.1 to 6.3 may be included as parameters, arguments or message segments within the communications artefact, as appropriate to the engineering paradigm adopted. These interfaces may be locally extended to include additional information that is locally relevant, but such extensions cannot be mandated outside of the jurisdiction in which they have been agreed.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

access control

means of ensuring that the resources of a data processing system can be accessed only by authorized entities in authorized ways

[ISO/IEC 2382-8:1998, definition 08.04.01]

3.2

accountability

property that ensures that the actions of an entity may be traced uniquely to that entity

[ISO/IEC 2382-8:1998, definition 08.01.10]

3.3

archetype instance

individual metadata class instance of an archetype model, specifying the clinical concept and the value constraints that apply to one class of record component instances in an electronic health record extract

3.4

archetype model

information model of the metadata to represent the domain-specific characteristics of electronic health record entries, by specifying values or value constraints for classes and attributes in the electronic health record reference model

3.5

archetype repository

persistent repository of archetype definitions, accessed by a client authoring tool or by a run-time component within an electronic health record service

3.6

attester

party (person) who certifies and records legal responsibility for a particular unit of information

3.7

attestation

process of certifying and recording legal responsibility for a particular unit of information