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**Information technology —  
Telecommunications and information  
exchange between systems — Private  
Integrated Services Network —  
Specification, functional model and  
information flows — Path replacement  
additional network feature**

*Technologies de l'information — Télécommunications et échange  
d'information entre systèmes — Réseau privé à intégration de  
services — Spécification, modèle fonctionnel et flux d'informations —  
Facilité de réseau additionnelle de remplacement de chemin*



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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO/IEC 13863 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Telecommunications and information exchange between systems*.

Annexes A and B of this International Standard are for information only.

**Introduction**

This International Standard is one of a series of International Standards defining services and signalling protocols applicable to Private Integrated Services Networks (PISNs). The series uses ISDN concepts as developed by ITU-T and conforms to the framework of International Standards for Open Systems Interconnection as defined by ISO/IEC.

This particular International Standard specifies the Path Replacement additional network feature.

# **Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Specification, functional model and information flows - Path replacement additional network feature**

## **1 Scope**

This International Standard specifies the Path Replacement additional network feature (ANF-PR), which is applicable to various basic services supported by Private Integrated Services Networks (PISN). Basic services are specified in ISO/IEC 11574.

ANF-PR is a feature which applies to an established call, allowing that call's connection between Private Integrated Services Network Exchanges (PINXs) to be replaced by a new connection. If the new connection is required to satisfy certain criteria, ANF-PR should be used in conjunction with other supplementary services and/or ANFs. Annex A gives examples of the circumstances under which ANF-PR can be used and criteria which can govern the selection of the new connection.

Additional network feature specifications are produced in three stages, according to the method described in CCITT Recommendation I.130 for supplementary services. This International Standard contains the stage 1 and stage 2 specifications of ANF-PR. The stage 1 specification (clause 6) specifies the feature as seen by an entity which initiates path replacement, the ANF-PR user. The stage 2 specification (clauses 7 and 8) identifies the functional entities involved in the feature and the information flows between them. Clause 7 contains the stage 2 specification for basic operation of the feature. Clause 8 contains the stage 2 specification for an enhanced mode of working which can be employed when supported by all the equipment involved. It allows some of the elements of the old connection to be re-used.

## **2 Conformance**

In order to conform to this International Standard, a stage 3 International Standard shall specify signalling protocols and equipment behaviour that are capable of being used in a PISN which supports the feature specified in this International Standard. This means that, to claim conformance, a Stage 3 International Standard is required to be adequate for the support of those aspects of clause 6 (stage 1) and clauses 7 and 8 (stage 2) which are relevant to the interface or equipment to which the Stage 3 International Standard applies.

## **3 Normative references**

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO/IEC 11571:1994, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Numbering and sub-addressing in private integrated services networks*.

ISO/IEC 11574:1994, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Circuit-mode 64 kbit/s bearer services - Service description, functional capabilities and information flows*.

ISO/IEC 11579-1:1994, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Part 1: Reference configuration for PISN exchanges (PINX)*.

CCITT Rec. I.112(1988), *Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs (Blue Book)*.

CCITT Rec. I.130(1988), *Method for the characterization of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and network capabilities of an ISDN (Blue Book)*.

CCITT Rec. I.210(1988), *Principles of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and the means to describe them (Blue Book)*.

CCITT Rec. Z.100(1988), *Specification and Description Language (Blue Book)*.

## 4 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following definitions apply.

### 4.1 External definitions

This International Standard uses the following terms defined in other documents:

- Basic service (CCITT Rec. I.210)
- Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) (ISO/IEC 11579-1)
- Private Integrated Services Network Exchange (PINX) (ISO/IEC 11579-1)
- Service (CCITT Rec. I.112)
- Signalling (CCITT Rec. I.112)
- Supplementary Service (CCITT Rec. I.210)
- User (except in the context of ANF-PR user) (ISO/IEC 11574)

This International Standard refers to the following basic call functional entities (FEs) defined in ISO/IEC 11574:

- Call Control (CC)
- Call Control Agent (CCA)

This International Standard refers to the following basic call inter-FE relationships defined in ISO/IEC 11574:

- r1
- r2
- r3

This International Standard refers to the following basic call information flows defined in ISO/IEC 11574:

- Channel\_Acknowledge request/indication
- Release request/indication
- Release response/confirmation
- Setup request/indication
- Setup response/confirmation.

This International Standard refers to the following basic call information flow service element defined in ISO/IEC 11574:

- Destination Number.

### 4.2 Other definitions

**4.2.1 additional network feature (ANF):** A capability, over and above that of a basic service, provided by a PISN, but not directly to a PISN user

**4.2.2 ANF-PR user:** An entity, within a PISN, that requests ANF-PR.

**4.2.3 call, basic call:** An instance of the use of a basic service.

**4.2.4 connection:** As defined in CCITT Rec. I.112, but limited to the case of providing for the transfer of signals between two PINXs.

NOTE 1 — A connection between two PINXs can pass through zero or more Transit PINXs.

**4.2.5 new connection:** The connection established by ANF-PR and used to replace all or part of the old connection.