



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 1463:2004 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 1463:2004 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 1463:2004 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 1463:2004.			
Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 23.09.2004 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.	This document is endorsed on 23.09.2004 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.			
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.	The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.			
Käsitlusala: This International Standard describes a method for the measurement of the local thickness of metallic coatings, oxide layers, and porcelain or vitreous enamel coatings, by the microscopical examination of cross-sections using an optical microscope.	Scope: This International Standard describes a method for the measurement of the local thickness of metallic coatings, oxide layers, and porcelain or vitreous enamel coatings, by the microscopical examination of cross-sections using an optical microscope.			
	0 2 0			
ICS 17.040.20, 25.220.40				
Võtmesõnad: klaasemailid, metallkatted, mõõtmete määramine, oksiidkatted, paksu				
	S			

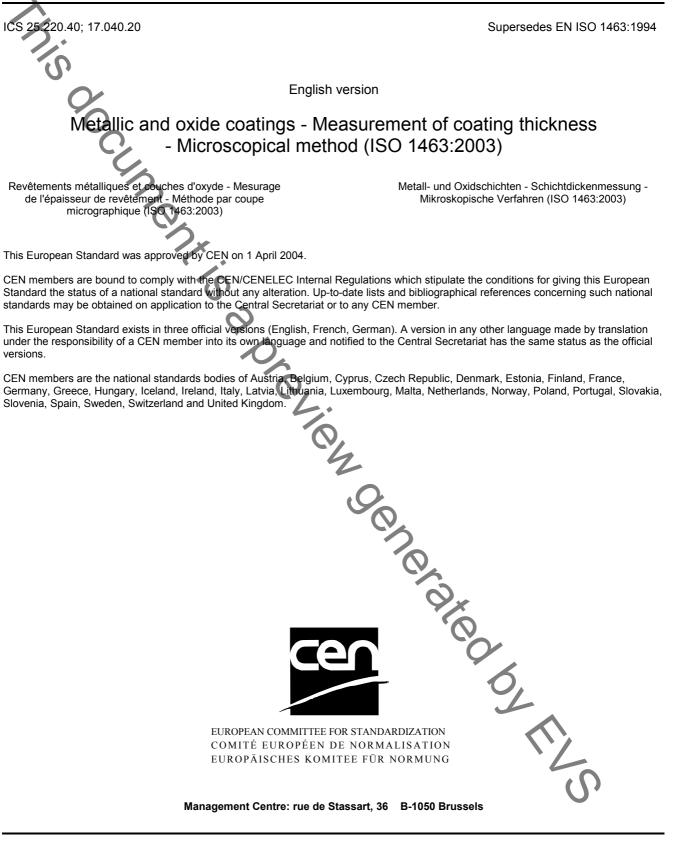
EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 1463

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

May 2004



© 2004 CEN All rights of exploitation in any form and by any means reserved worldwide for CEN national Members.

reword

The text of ISO 1463:2003 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107 "Metallic and other inorganic coatings" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 1463:2004 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 262 "Metallic and other inorganic coatings", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2004, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2004.

This document supersedes EN ISO 1463:1994.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



The text of ISO 1463:2003 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 1463:2004 without any modifications.

NOTE Normative references to International Standards are listed in Annex ZA (normative).

Annex ZA (normative)



Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod.), the relevant EN/HD applies.

	Ψ.	*		
Publication	Year	Title	<u>EN</u>	Year
ISO 2064	1996	Metallic and other inorganic coatings - berinitions and conventions concerning the measurement of thickness	EN ISO 2064	2000

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Third edition 2003-03-01

Metallic and oxide coatings Metallic and oxide coatings Measurement of coating thickne. Nicroscopical method

reference. Orientien Oenerheiten verschaft Orientien Oenerheiten verschaft Kert

Reference number ISO 1463:2003(E)

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

© ISO 2003

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org Published in Switzerland

Cont	ents Page
Forewo	iv
1	Scope
2	Normative references
3	Term and definition
4	Principle
5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 5.12 5.13 5.14 5.15	Factors relating to measurement uncertainty.2Surface roughness2Taper of cross-section2Deformation of coating2Rounding of edge of coating2Overplating2Etching2Smearing2Magnification2Calibration of stage micrometer3Calibration of micrometer eyepiece3Uniformity of magnification3Uniformity of magnification3Uniformity of magnification3Uniformity of magnification3Uniformity of ross-sections4
6 7	Preparation of cross-sections
	Measurement uncertainty
0 0	Test report
Δnney	Measurement uncertainty
	B (informative) Taper of cross-section and measurement of tooth-constructed coatings
	C (informative) Some typical etchants for use at room temperature
	jraphy

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in Ilaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 1463 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Test methods*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 1463:1982), which has been technically revised.

ion in the second secon	
00	
	6.
	T

Metallic and oxide coatings — Measurement of coating thickness — Microscopical method

1 Scope

This International Standard describes a method for the measurement of the local thickness of metallic coatings, oxide layers, and porcelain or vitreous enamel coatings, by the microscopical examination of cross-sections using an optical microscope.

WARNING — The use of this document may involve the use of hazardous materials, operations and equipment. This document does not address any health hazard and safety issues associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate health and safety practices and to take suitable action to comply with any national and/or local regulations prior to its use.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2064, Metallic and other inorganic coatings — Definitions and conventions concerning the measurement of thickness

3 Term and definition

For the purposes of this document the following term and definition apply.

3.1

local thickness

the mean of the thickness measurements, of which a specified number is made within a reference area

[3.4 of ISO 2064:1996]

4 Principle

A portion of the test specimen is cut out and mounted. The mounted cross-section is prepared by suitable techniques of grinding, polishing and etching. The thickness of the coating cross-section is measured by means of a calibrated scale.

NOTE These techniques will be familiar to experienced metallographers, but some guidance is given in Clause 5 and in Annex A for less experienced operators.