Petroleum and natural gas industries - Materials for use in H2S-containing environments in oil and gas production - Part 1:General principles for selection of ten. cracking-resistant materials



FESTI STANDARDI FESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 15156-1:2009 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 15156-1:2009 ingliskeelset teksti.

Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 31.12.2009 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.

Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonide poolt rahvuslikele liikmetele Euroopa standardi teksti kättesaadavaks tegemise kuupäev on 15.10.2009.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 15156-1:2009 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 15156-1:2009.

This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 31.12.2009 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

Date of Availability of the European standard text 15.10.2009.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

ICS 75.180.01

Standardite reprodutseerimis- ja levitamisõigus kuulub Eesti Standardikeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonilisse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel on keelatud ilma Eesti Standardikeskuse poolt antud kirjaliku loata.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, palun võtke ühendust Eesti Standardikeskusega: Aru 10 Tallinn 10317 Eesti; www.evs.ee; Telefon: 605 5050; E-post: info@evs.ee

Right to reproduce and distribute Estonian Standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without permission in writing from Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

If you have any questions about standards copyright, please contact Estonian Centre for Standardisation: Aru str 10 Tallinn 10317 Estonia; www.evs.ee; Phone: +372 605 5050; E-mail: info@evs.ee

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 15156-1

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

October 2009

ICS 75.180.01

Supersedes EN ISO 15156-1:2001

English Version

Petroleum and natural gas industries - Materials for use in H2S-containing environments in oil and gas production - Part 1: General principles for selection of cracking-resistant materials (ISO 15156-1:2009)

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel - Matériaux pour utilisation dans des environnements contenant de l'hydrogène sulfuré (H2S) dans la production de pétrole et de gaz - Partie 1: Principes généraux pour le choix des matériaux résistant au craquage (ISO 15156-1:2009)

Erdöl- und Erdgasindustrie - Werkstoffe für den Einsatz in H2S-haltiger Umgebung bei der Öl- und Gasgewinnung -Teil 1: Allgemeine Grundlagen für die Auswahl von gegen Rissbildung beständigen Werkstoffen (ISO 15156-1:2009)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 29 September 2009.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 15156-1:2009) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 12 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2010, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2010.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 15156-1:2001.

According to the CEN/CENELEC internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 15156-1:2009 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 15156-1:2009 without any modification.

Col	ntents	Page
	word	
	duction	
1	Scope	
2	Normative references	
3	Terms and definitions	
4	Abbreviated terms	
5	General principles	
6	Evaluation and definition of service conditions to enable material selection	7
7	Selection of materials, resistant to SSC/SCC in the presence of sulfides, from existing lists and tables	7
8	Qualification of materials for H ₂ S service	7
9	Report of the method of selection or qualification	9
Bibli	ography	10
	ography	

Introduction

The consequences of sudden failures of metallic oil and gas field components, associated with their exposure to H_2S -containing production fluids, led to the preparation of the first edition of NACE MR0175, which was published in 1975 by the National Association of Corrosion Engineers, now known as NACE International.

The original and subsequent editions of NACE MR0175 established limits of H_2S partial pressure above which precautions against sulfide stress-cracking (SSC) were always considered necessary. They also provided guidance for the selection and specification of SSC-resistant materials when the H_2S thresholds were exceeded. In more recent editions, NACE MR0175 has also provided application limits for some corrosion-resistant alloys, in terms of environmental composition and pH, temperature and H_2S partial pressures.

In separate developments, the European Federation of Corrosion issued EFC Publication 16 in 1995 and EFC Publication 17 in 1996. These documents are generally complementary to those of NACE though they differed in scope and detail.

In 2003, the publication of the three parts of ISO 15156 and NACE MR0175/ISO 15156 was completed for the first time. These technically identical documents utilized the above sources to provide requirements and recommendations for materials qualification and selection for application in environments containing wet $\rm H_2S$ in oil and gas production systems. They are complemented by NACE TM0177 and NACE TM0284 test methods.

The revision of this part of ISO 15156 involves a consolidation of all changes agreed and published in the Technical Corrigendum 1, ISO 15156-1:2001/Cor.1:2005 and by the Technical Circular 1, ISO 15156-1:2001/Cir.1:2007(E), published by the ISO 15156 maintenance agency secretariat at DIN, Berlin.

The changes were developed by, and approved by the ballot of, representative groups from within the oil and gas production industry. The great majority of these changes stem from issues raised by document users. A description of the process by which these changes were approved can be found at the ISO 15156 maintenance website www.iso.org/iso15156maintenance.

When found necessary by oil and gas production industry experts, future interim changes to this part of ISO 15156 will be processed in the same way and will lead to interim updates to this part of ISO 15156 in the form of Technical Corrigenda or Technical Circulars. Document users should be aware that such documents can exist and can impact the validity of the dated references in this part of ISO 15156.

The ISO 15156 maintenance agency at DIN was set up after approval by the ISO Technical Management Board given in document 34/2007. This document describes the make up of the agency, which includes experts from NACE, EFC and ISO/TC 67/WG 7, and the process for approval of amendments. It is available from the ISO 15156 maintenance website and from the ISO/TC 67 Secretariat. The website also provides access to related documents that provide more detail of ISO 15156 maintenance activities.

© ISO 2009 – All rights reserved

Petroleum and natural gas industries — Materials for use in H₂S-containing environments in oil and gas production —

Part 1:

General principles for selection of cracking-resistant materials

WARNING — Metallic materials selected using ISO 15156 are resistant to cracking in defined H_2S -containing environments in oil and gas production but not necessarily immune to cracking under all service conditions. It is the equipment user's responsibility to select materials suitable for the intended service.

1 Scope

This part of ISO 15156 describes general principles and gives requirements and recommendations for the selection and qualification of metallic materials for service in equipment used in oil and gas production and in natural-gas sweetening plants in H_2S -containing environments, where the failure of such equipment can pose a risk to the health and safety of the public and personnel or to the environment. It can be applied to help to avoid costly corrosion damage to the equipment itself. It supplements, but does not replace, the materials requirements given in the appropriate design codes, standards or regulations.

This part of ISO 15156 addresses all mechanisms of cracking that can be caused by H₂S, including sulfide stress cracking, stress corrosion cracking, hydrogen-induced cracking and stepwise cracking, stress-oriented hydrogen-induced cracking, soft zone cracking and galvanically induced hydrogen stress cracking.

Table 1 provides a non-exhaustive list of equipment to which this part of ISO 15156 is applicable, including permitted exclusions.

This part of ISO 15156 applies to the qualification and selection of materials for equipment designed and constructed using conventional elastic design criteria.

This part of ISO 15156 is not necessarily applicable to equipment used in refining or downstream processes and equipment.

© ISO 2009 – All rights reserved

Table 1 — List of equipment

ISO 15156-1 is applicable to materials used for the following equipment	Permitted exclusions		
Drilling, well construction and well-servicing equipment	Equipment exposed only to drilling fluids of controlled composition ^a		
	Drill bits		
	Blowout preventer (BOP) shear blades ^b		
	Drilling riser systems		
	Work strings		
	Wireline and wireline equipment ^c		
	Surface and intermediate casing		
ells, including subsurface equipment, gas-lift equipment, illheads and christmas trees	Sucker rod pumps and sucker rods ^d		
	Electric submersible pumps		
	Other artificial lift equipment		
	Slips		
Flowlines, gathering lines, field facilities and field processing plants	Crude-oil storage and handling facilities operating at a total absolute pressure below 0,45 MPa (65 psi)		
Water-handling equipment	Water-handling facilities operating at a total absolute pressure below 0,45 MPa (65 psi)		
	Water injection and water disposal equipment		
Natural-gas treatment plants	Θ,		
Transportation pipelines for liquids, gases and multiphase fluids	Lines handling gas prepared for general commercial and domestic use		
For all equipment above	Components loaded only in compression		
See ISO 15156-2:2009, A.2.3.2.3 for more information.			
b See ISO 15156-2:2009, A.2.3.2.1 for more information.	See ISO 15156-2:2009, A.2.3.2.1 for more information.		
Wireline lubricators and lubricator connecting devices are not permitted exclusions. For sucker rod numps and sucker rods, reference can be made to NACE MR0176.			

For sucker rod pumps and sucker rods, reference can be made to NACE MR0176.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 15156-2:2009, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Materials for use in H_2 S-containing environments in oil and gas production — Part 2: Cracking-resistant carbon and low alloy steels, and the use of cast irons

ISO 15156-3:2009, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Materials for use in H_2 S-containing environments in oil and gas production — Part 3: Cracking-resistant CRAs (corrosion-resistant alloys) and other alloys