Water quality - Determination of orthophosphate and total phosphorus contents by flow analysis (FIA and CFA) - Part 2: Method by continuous flow analysis (CFA)

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EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 15681-2:2005 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 15681-2:2004 ingliskeelset teksti. This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 15681-2:2005 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 15681-2:2004.

Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 22.02.2005 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.

This document is endorsed on 22.02.2005 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

Käsitlusala:

This part of ISO 15681 specifies CFA methods for the determination of orthophosphate in the mass concentration range from 0,01 mg/l to 1,00 mg/l P, and total phosphorus in the mass concentration range from 0,10 mg/l to 10,0 mg/l P. The method includes the digestion of organic phosphorus compounds and the hydrolysis of inorganic polyphosphate compounds, performed either manually as described in ISO 6878 [5], [6] or with an integrated UV digestion and hydrolysis unit.

Scope:

This part of ISO 15681 specifies CFA methods for the determination of orthophosphate in the mass concentration range from 0,01 mg/l to 1,00 mg/l P, and total phosphorus in the mass concentration range from 0,10 mg/l to 10,0 mg/l P. The method includes the digestion of organic phosphorus compounds and the hydrolysis of inorganic polyphosphate compounds, performed either manually as described in ISO 6878 [5], [6] or with an integrated UV digestion and hydrolysis unit.

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Water quality

Determination of orthophosphate and total phosphorus contents by flow analysis (FIA and CFA)

Part 2: Method by continuous flow analysis (CFA) (ISO 15681-2:2003)

Qualité de l'eau - Dosage des orthophosphates et du phosphore total par analyse en flux (FIA et CFA) - Partie 2: Méthode par analyse en flux continu (CFA) (ISO 15681-2:2003)

Wasserbeschaffenheit – Bestimmung von Orthophosphat und Gesamtphosphor mittels Fließanalytik (FIA und CFA) – Teil 2: Verfahren mittels kontinuierlicher Durchflussanalyse (CFA) (ISO 15681-2:2003)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 2004-12-21.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Management Centre or to any CEN member.

The European Standards exist in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom.

CEN

European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

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6. T.

Foreword

International Standard

ISO 15681-2:2003 Water quality - Determination of orthophosphate and total phosphorus contents by flow analysis (FIA and CFA) - Part 2: Method by continuous flow analysis (CFA),

which was prepared by ISO/TC 147 'Water quality' of the International Organization for Standardization, has been adopted by Technical Committee CEN/TC 230 'Water analysis', the Secretariat of which is held by DIN, as a European Standard.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, and conflicting national standards withdrawn, by June 2005 at the latest.

In accordance with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard:

Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

Agrico 15 Control of C The text of the International Standard ISO 15681-2:2003 was approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification any modification.

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Introduction

Methods of determining water quality using flow analysis automated wet chemical procedures and are particularly suitable for the processing of many analytes in water in large sample series at a high analysis frequency.

Analysis can be performed by flow injection analysis (FIA) ^[1], ^[2] or continuous flow analysis (CFA) ^[3]. Both methods share the feature of an automatic dosage of the sample into a flow system (manifold) where the analyte in the sample reacts with the reagent solutions on its way through the manifold. The sample preparation may be integrated in the manifold. The amount of reaction product is measured in a flow detector (e.g. flow photometer). This part of ISO 15681 describes the CFA method.

The user should be aware that particular problems could require the specification of additional marginal conditions.

WARNING — Persons using this part of ISO 15681 should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This part of ISO 15681 does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions. Molybdate and antimony waste solutions should be disposed of properly. It is absolutely essential that tests conducted according to this part of ISO 15681 be carried out by suitably qualified staff.

1 Scope

This part of ISO 15681 specifies CFA methods for the determination of orthophosphate in the mass concentration range from 0,01 mg/l to 1,00 mg/l P, and total phosphorus in the mass concentration range from 0,10 mg/l to 10,0 mg/l P. The method includes the digestion of organic phosphorus compounds and the hydrolysis of inorganic polyphosphate compounds, performed either manually as described in ISO 6878 [5], [6] or with an integrated UV digestion and hydrolysis unit.

This part of ISO 15681 is applicable to various types of water (such as ground, drinking, surface, leachate and waste water). The range of application may be changed by varying the operating conditions.

This method is also applicable to the analysis of seawater, but with changes in sensitivity, by adaptation of the carrier and calibration solutions to the salinity of the samples.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3696, Water for analytical laboratory use — Specifications and test methods

ISO 5667-1, Water quality — Sampling — Part 1: Guidance on the design on sampling programmes

ISO 5667-2, Water quality — Sampling — Part 2: Guidance on sampling techniques

ISO 5667-3, Water quality — Sampling — Part 3: Guidance on the preservation and handling of water samples

ISO 6878:—1), Water quality — Determination of phosphorus — Ammonium molybdate spectrometric method

¹⁾ To be published.