



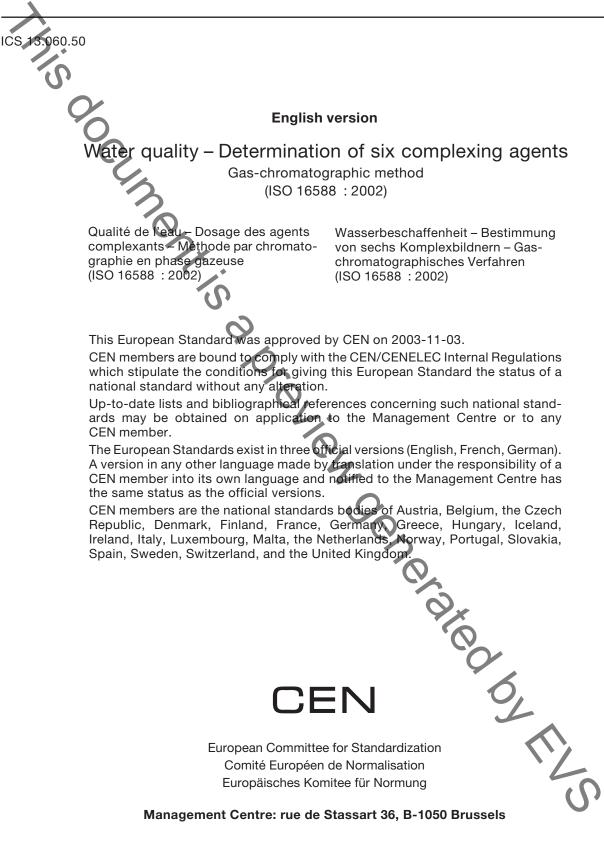
EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA NATIONAL FOREWORD

| Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 16588.2004 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 16588:2003 ingliskeelset teksti. | This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 16588:2004 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 16588:2003. |
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| Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 20.02.2004 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes. | This document is endorsed on 20.02.2004 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation. |
| Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist. | The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation. |
| | |
| Käsitlusala: This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of the water- soluble organic complexing agents listed in Table 1 in the concentration range from 0,5 ug/l to 200 ug/l, if a sample volume between 50 ml and 100 ml is used. | Scope: This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of the water- soluble organic complexing agents listed in Table 1 in the concentration range from 0,5 ug/l to 200 ug/l, if a sample volume between 50 ml and 100 ml is used. |
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Standardite reprodutseerimis- ja levitamisõigus kuulub Eesti Standardikeskusele

EN ISO 16588

November 2003



EUROPEAN STANDARD

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

Foreword

International Standard

ISO 16588 : 2002 Water quality – Determination of six complexing agents – Gas-chromatographic method, which was prepared by ISO/TC 147 'Water quality' of the International Organization for Standardization, has been adopted by Technical Committee CEN/TC 230 'Water analysis', the Secretariat of which is held by DIN, as a European Standard.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, and conflicting national standards withdrawn, by May 2004 at the latest.

In accordance with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard:

Austria, Belgium, the Szech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard ISO 16588 : 2002 was approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification.

international publications are listed in Annex ZA (normative). NOTE: Normative references to

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Introduction

It is essential that the test described in this International Standard be carried out by suitably qualified staff.

It should be investigated whether and to what extent particular problems will require the specification of additional conditions.

WARNING Persons using this International Standard should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of the water-soluble organic complexing agents listed in Table 1 in the concentration range from $0.5 \,\mu$ g/l to $200 \,\mu$ g/l, if a sample volume between 50 ml and 100 ml is used. The concentration range may change if diluted solutions are analysed. The method is applicable to drinking, ground, surface and waste water.

| Table 1 — Complexing agents determinable by this method |
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|---|

| No. | Name | Composition | Molecular mass | CAS number ^a |
|-------|---|--|----------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | EDTA — ethylenedinitrilotetraacetic acto | C ₁₀ H ₁₆ O ₈ N ₂ | 292,25 | 60-00-4 |
| 2 | NTA — nitrilotriacetic acid | C ₆ H ₉ O ₆ N | 191,14 | 139-13-9 |
| 3 | DTPA — diethylenetrinitrilopentaacetic acid | C ₁₄ H ₂₃ O ₁₀ N ₃ | 393,35 | 67-43-6 |
| 4 | MGDA — methylglycinediacetic acid | C ₇ H ₁₁ O ₆ N | 205,17 | 29578-05-0 |
| 5 | β -ADA — β -alaninediacetic acid | C ₇ H ₁₁ O ₆ N | 205,17 | 6245-75-6 |
| 6 | 1,3-PDTA — 1,3-propylenedinitrilotetraacetic acid | C ₁₁ H ₁₈ O ₈ N ₂ | 306,27 | 1939-36-2 |
| a CAS | S: Chemical Abstracts System |), | | |

In waste water analysis, it is recommended that a smaller sample volume, e.g. 5 ml or 10 ml, be used in order to reduce matrix effects.

The adsorption of the six complexing agents on solid materials is negligibly low.

Other complexing agents of similar composition may also be determined using this method, provided they behave similarly during sample pretreatment, derivatization and gas chromatography. This shall be checked in each individual case.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 3696:1987, Water for analytical laboratory use - Specification and test methods

ISO 5667-1:1980, Water quality - Sampling - Part 1: Guidance on the design of sampling programmes

ISO 5667-2:1991, Water quality - Sampling - Part 2: Guidance on sampling techniques