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Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Acceptance and reverification tests for coordinate measuring machines (CMM) —

Part 4:

CMMs used in scanning measuring mode

Spécification géométrique des produits (GPS) — Essais de réception et de vérification périodique des machines à mesurer tridimensionnelles (MMT) —

Partie 4: MMT utilisées en mode de mesure par scanning



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 10360 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 10360-4 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 213, *Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verifications*.

ISO 10360 consists of the following parts, under the general title Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Acceptance and reverification tests for coordinate measuring machines (CMM):

- Part 1: Vocabulary
- Part 2: CMMs used for measuring linear dimensions
- Part 3: CMMs with the axis of a rotary table as the fourth axis
- Part 4: CMMs used in scanning measuring mode
- Part 5: CMMs using multiple stylus probing systems
- Part 6: Estimation of errors in computing Gaussian associated features

Annexes A, B and C of this part of ISO 10360 are for information only.

Introduction

This part of ISO 10360 is a geometrical product specification (GPS) standard and is to be regarded as a general GPS standard (see ISO/TR 14638). It influences link 5 of the chains of standards on size, distance, radius, angle, form, orientation, location, run-out and datums.

For more detailed information on the relationship of this part of ISO 10360 to other standards and the GPS matrix model, see annex C.

The acceptance test and reverification test of this part of ISO 10360 are applicable only to a CMM that is capable of being used in a scanning measuring mode and may be used to determine the form of a surface or the parameters of an associated feature.

The tests specified in this part of \$0,010360 are performed in addition to the size measuring test according to ISO 10360-2, which are conducted whould the use of scanning, and are designed to assess the performance of a CMM used in a scanning measuring mode. It is normally not useful to isolate the scanning probing errors from other sources of machine error.

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Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Acceptance and reverification tests for coordinate measuring machines (CMM) —

Part 4:

CMMs used in scanning measuring mode

1 Scope

This part of ISO 10360 specifies the acceptance test which verifies that the performance of a CMM used in scanning measuring mode is as stated by the manufacturer. It also specifies the reverification test which enables the user to periodically reverify the performance of a CMM used in scanning measuring mode.

The acceptance test and reverification test described in this part of ISO 10360 are applicable only to CMMs capable of performing scannings using any type of contacting probing system(s).

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 10360. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on the part of ISO 10360 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the pormative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 10360-1:—¹⁾, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Acceptance and reverification tests for coordinate measuring machines (CMM) — Part 1: Vocabulary.

ISO 14253-1:1998, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Inspection by measurement of workpieces and measuring equipment — Part 1: Decision rules for proving conformance or non-conformance with specifications.

International Vocabulary of Basic and General Terms in Metrology (VIM). BIPM IEC, IFCC, ISO, IUPAC, IUPAP, OIML, 2nd edition, 1993.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 10360, the terms and definitions given in ISO 10360-1, ISO 14253-1 and VIM apply.

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