Plastics - Determination of Charpy impact properties and the design of the design o Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test



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### **NATIONAL FOREWORD**

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 179-1:2010 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 179-1:2010 ingliskeelset teksti.

Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 30.09.2010 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.

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This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 30.09.2010 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

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ICS 83.080.01

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# EUROPEAN STANDARD

### **EN ISO 179-1**

# NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

June 2010

ICS 83.080.01

Supersedes EN ISO 179-1:2000

### **English Version**

# Plastics - Determination of Charpy impact properties - Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test (ISO 179-1:2010)

Plastiques - Détermination des caractéristiques au choc Charpy - Partie 1: Essai de choc non instrumenté (ISO 179-1:2010) Kunstststoffe - Bestimmung der Charpy-Schlageigenschaften - Teil 1: Nicht instrumentierte Schlagzähigkeitsprüfung (ISO 179-1:2010)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 19 May 2010.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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### **Foreword**

This document (EN ISO 179-1:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61 "Plastics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics" the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2010, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2010.

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### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 179-1:2010 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 179-1:2010 without any modification.

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## Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact properties —

### Part 1:

## Non-instrumented impact test

### 1 Scope

- **1.1** This part of ISO 179 specifies a method for determining the Charpy impact strength of plastics under defined conditions. A number of different types of specimen and test configurations are defined. Different test parameters are specified according to the type of material, the type of test specimen and the type of notch.
- **1.2** The method can be used to investigate the behaviour of specified types of specimen under the impact conditions defined and for estimating the brittleness or toughness of specimens within the limitations inherent in the test conditions. It can also be used for the determination of comparative data from similar types of material.
- **1.3** The method has a greater range of applicability than that given in ISO  $180^{[1]}$  and is more suitable for the testing of materials showing interlaminar shear fracture or of materials exhibiting surface effects due to environmental factors.
- **1.4** The method is suitable for use with the following range of materials:
- rigid thermoplastic moulding and extrusion materials (including filled and reinforced compounds in addition to unfilled types) and rigid thermoplastics sheets;
- rigid thermosetting moulding materials (including filled and reinforced compounds) and rigid thermosetting sheets (including laminates);
- fibre-reinforced thermosetting and thermoplastic composites incorporating unidirectional or multidirectional reinforcements (such as mats, woven fabrics, woven rovings, chopped strands, combination and hybrid reinforcements, rovings and milled fibres) or incorporating sheets made from pre-impregnated materials (prepregs), including filled and reinforced compounds;
- thermotropic liquid-crystal polymers.
- **1.5** Notched samples are not normally suitable for use with rigid cellular materials, long-fibre-reinforced composites or thermotropic liquid-crystal polymers. In these cases, unnotched samples may be used.
- **1.6** The method is suited to the use of specimens moulded to the chosen dimensions, machined from the central portion of a standard multipurpose test specimen (see ISO 3167) or machined from finished or semifinished products such as mouldings, laminates and extruded or cast sheet.
- **1.7** The method specifies preferred dimensions for the test specimen. Tests which are carried out on specimens of different dimensions or with different notches, or specimens which are prepared under different conditions, might produce results which are not comparable. Other factors, such as the energy capacity of the apparatus, the impact velocity and the conditioning of the specimens can also influence the results. Consequently, when comparative data are required, these factors must be carefully controlled and recorded.

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**1.8** The method should not be used as a source of data for design calculations. Information on the typical behaviour of a material can be obtained, however, by testing at different temperatures, by varying the notch radius and/or the specimen thickness and by testing specimens prepared under different conditions.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 291, Plastics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing

ISO 293, Plastics — Compression moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials

ISO 294-1, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials — Part 1: General principles, and moulding of multipurpose and bar test specimens

ISO 294-3, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials — Part 3: Small plates

ISO 295, Plastics — Compression moulding of test specimens of thermosetting materials

ISO 1268-11, Fibre-reinforced plastics — Methods of producing test plates — Part 11: Injection moulding of BMC and other long-fibre moulding compounds — Small plates

ISO 2602, Statistical interpretation of test results — Estimation of the mean — Confidence interval

ISO 2818, Plastics — Preparation of test specimens by machining

ISO 3167, Plastics — Multipurpose test specimens

ISO 10724-1, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermosetting powder moulding compounds (PMCs) — Part 1: General principles and moulding of multipurpose test specimens

ISO 13802, Plastics — Verification of pendulum impact-testing machines — Charpy, Izod and tensile impact-testing

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

### 3.1

### Charpy unnotched impact strength

 $a_{cll}$ 

impact energy absorbed in breaking an unnotched specimen, referred to the original cross-sectional area of the specimen

NOTE It is expressed in kilojoules per square metre (kJ/m<sup>2</sup>).

#### 3.2

### Charpy notched impact strength

 $a_{cN}$ 

impact energy absorbed in breaking a notched specimen, referred to the original cross-sectional area of the specimen at the notch, where N = A, B or C, depending on the notch type (see 6.3.1.1.2)

NOTE It is expressed in kilojoules per square metre (kJ/m<sup>2</sup>).