INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 15253

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Ophthalmic optics and instruments — Optical devices for enhancing low vision

Optique et instruments ophtalmiques — Dispositifs optiques pour malvoyants



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Contents	Page
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Forewo	ord	iv
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4	Classification	6
4.1	Magnifiers	6
4.2	Telescopes — Distance vision	
4.3	Telescopes — Near-vision/telemicroscopes	
4.4	Telescopes — Adjustable	6
5	Requirements	6
5.1	Optical characteristics	6
5.2	Optical characteristics	8
6	Environmental conditions of use	8
7	Test methods	9
7.1	General	9
7.2	Equivalent power — Magnifiers	9
7.3	Angular magnification — Telescopes	9
7.4	Resolution test	9
7.5	Determination of lateral variation of magnification	13
8	Marking and instructions for use	13
8.1	Marking	13
8.2	Information to be provided by the manufacturer	13
Annex	A (informative) Determination of lateral variation of magnification	14
Annex	B (informative) List of equivalent terms	19
	Marking	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 15253 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 172, Optics and optical instruments, Subcommittee SC 7, Ophthalmic optics and instruments.

Annexes A and B of this International Standard and or information only.

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Ophthalmic optics and instruments — Optical devices for enhancing low vision

Scope

This International Standard applies to optical devices specified by the manufacturer for use by visually impaired persons as optical low-vision aids. It specifies the optical and mechanical requirements and test methods for such devices, including optical devices with electrical components such as illuminators.

It does not apply to electro-optical devices for enhancing low vision.

Requirements and test methods for electro-optical devices for enhancing low vision are specified in ISO 15254, optics and instruments — Electro-optical devices for low vision. NOTE Ophthalmic optics and instruments -

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated reference subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative ocument referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standard

- General requirements and test methods. ISO 12870, Ophthalmic optics — Spectacle frames -

ISO 14889, Ophthalmic optics — Spectacle lenses — Fundamental requirements for uncut finished lenses.

ISO 15004:1997, Ophthalmic instruments — Fundamental requirements and test methods.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following terms and definitions apply. The symbols for certain of these terms are language-dependent. Equivalent terms in other languages, and the corresponding symbols used in those languages as well as in English, are given in annex B.

3.1

astronomical telescope

Keplerian telescope

compound optical system, afocal in normal adjustment, consisting of a positive objective element or group and a positive ocular element or group forming a magnified, inverted image

3.2

binocular aid

optical device, usually consisting of two separate optical systems mounted in alignment, intended to be used with both eyes simultaneously

3.3

biocular aid

optical device in which both eyes view through a single optical system