Kerged konvelerilindid. Põhitunnused ja rakendusvaldkonnad

Light conveyor belts - Part 1: Principal characteristics and applications 1 Ochologica of the



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 21183-1:2006 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 21183-1:2006 ingliskeelset teksti. This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 21183-1:2006 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 21183-1:2006.

Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 21.12.2006 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.

This document is endorsed on 21.12.2006 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

Käsitlusala:

See standard kirjeldab kergete konveierilintide peamisi tunnuseid ja rakendusvaldkondi. See kirjeldus on vajalik kas teatud standardite kehtivuse piiramiseks kergete konveierilintide suhtes või kergete konveierilintide väljaarvamiseks teatud standardite kehtivusalast.

Scope:

This part of ISO 21183 describes the principal characteristics and applications of light conveyor belts. This description is necessary either for limiting the validity of certain standards to light conveyor belts or for excluding light conveyor belts from the validity of certain standards.

ICS 53.040.20

Võtmesõnad: kirjeldus, konveierilindid, mõõde, parameetrid, tehnilised andmed, ülesehitus

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 21183-1

NORME EUROPÉENNE **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

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Supersedes EN 873:1996

English Version

ght conveyor belts - Part 1: Principal characteristics and applications (ISO 21183-1:2005)

Courroies transporteuses légères - Partie 1: Caractéristiques et applications principales (ISO 21183-1:2005)

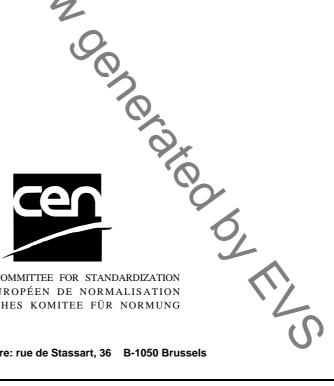
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Foreword

The text of ISO 21183-1:2005 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 41 "Pulleys and belts (including veebelts)" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 21183-1:2006 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 188 "Conveyor belts", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2007, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2007.

This document supersedes EN 873:1996.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 21183-1:2005 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 21183-1:2006 without any modifications.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 21183-1

Light conveyor belts —
Part 1:
Principal characteristics and applications

Courroles transporteuses légères —
Partie 1: Caractéristiques et applications principales

Aurroies to Partie 1: Carac.

Refr. 150 2



Reference number ISO 21183-1:2005(E)

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Foreword

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ISO 21183-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 41, *Pulleys and belts (including veebelts)*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Conveyor belts*.

This part of ISO 21183 is based on EN 873:1996, prepared by CEN/TC 188.

ISO 21183 consists of the following parts, under the general title Light conveyor belts:

- Part 1: Principal characteristics and applications
- Part 2: List of equivalent terms

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Light conveyor belts —

Part 1

Principal characteristics and applications

1 Scope

This part of ISO 21183 describes the principal characteristics and applications of light conveyor belts. This description is necessary either for limiting the validity of certain standards to light conveyor belts or for excluding light conveyor belts from the validity of certain standards.

2 Description

2.1 Applications

2.1.1 General applications

Light conveyor belts are predominantly used for the indoor transport of unit loads (for example, parcels, boxes, cans, containers, luggage, industrial goods of all kinds and foodstuffs).

In many cases, light conveyor belts are incorporated into a machine as an integral machine element. They are then called machine belts (also known as machine tapes). In that function, they perform either just as a conveying element that additionally participates in a manufacturing action or in a manufacturing process. In such applications, machine belts sometimes get special names.

EXAMPLE 1 Machines using machine belts with a pure conveying function: paper processing machinery (printing, cutting, etc.), letter sorting/cancelling machines, ticket vending/defacing automats, packaging machines.

EXAMPLE 2 Machines using machine belts participating in a manufacturing action or in a manufacturing process: newspaper folding machines, processing machinery for dough, chocolate and sweets, special processing machines for paper and plastic foil, cigarette manufacturing machines.

EXAMPLE 3 Machine belts with special names:

- folder-gluer belts, tube-winder belts, printing blankets;
- processing belts in drying, coating, particle board manufacturing and other uses.

2.1.2 Other applications

Bulk foods conveying with light conveyor belts can be found in the chemical, pharmaceutical, cosmetic, food, agricultural, wood and tobacco industry. However they are almost always in indoor applications or outdoors under cover.

EXAMPLE Granular or powdered materials, corn, rice, fruits, vegetables, wood chips, tobacco.

Outdoor applications of light conveyor belts are seldom encountered but are increasing — for example, agricultural equipment, particularly some harvesting machines.

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