

**Plastics piping systems for water supply -
Polyethylene (PE) - Part 5: Fitness for purpose of
the system**

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(PE) - Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 12201-5:2003 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 12201-5:2003 ingliskeelset teksti.

Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 15.04.2003 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.

Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonide poolt rahvuslikele liikmetele Euroopa standardi teksti kättesaadavaks tegemise kuupäev on .

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 12201-5:2003 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 12201-5:2003.

This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 15.04.2003 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

Date of Availability of the European standard text .

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

ICS 23.040.01, 91.140.60

Võtmesõnad: measurement, operating requirements, pi, pipes : tubes, plastic pipes, plastics, polyethylene, potable water, specification (approval), specifications, systems, tolerances, tolerances (measurement), water, water pipelines, water practice, water supply, welded joints

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Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, palun võtke ühendust Eesti Standardikeskusega:
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ICS 23.040.01; 91.140.60

English version

**Plastics piping systems for water supply - Polyethylene (PE) -
Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system**

Systèmes de canalisations en plastique pour alimentation
en eau - Polyéthylène (PE) - Partie 5: Aptitude à l'emploi

Kunststoff-Rohrleitungssysteme für die Wasserversorgung
- Polyethylen (PE) - Teil 5: Gebrauchstauglichkeit des
Systems

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 4 December 2002.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
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Foreword

This document EN 12201-5:2003 has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN /TC 155, "Plastics piping systems and ducting systems" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2003, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2005.

This standard is a Part of a System Standard for plastics piping systems, which is a standard for plastics piping of a particular material for a specified application. There are a number of such Systems Standards.

System Standards are based on the results of the work being undertaken in ISO/TC 138 "*Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids*", which is a Technical Committee of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

They are supported by separate standards on test methods to which references are made throughout the System Standard.

The System Standards are consistent with standards on general functional requirements and standards on installation practices.

This European Standard consists of the following Parts, under the general title *Plastics piping systems for water supply — Polyethylene (PE)*

- *Part 1: General.*
- *Part 2: Pipes.*
- *Part 3: Fittings.*
- *Part 4: Valves.*
- *Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system (this standard).*
- *Part 7: Guidance for the assessment of conformity¹⁾*

NOTE It was decided not to publish a Part 6: Recommended practice for installation. Instead, existing national practices would be applicable.

This Part of EN 12201 includes a Bibliography

System Standards for piping systems of other plastics materials used for the conveyance of water include the following:

EN 1452, *Plastics piping systems for water supply — Unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U).*

prEN 1796, *Plastics piping systems for water supply with or without pressure — Glass-reinforced thermosetting plastics (GRP) based on polyester resins (UP).*

For components which have conformed to the relevant national standard before [DAV], as shown by the manufacturer or by a certification body, the national standard may continue to be applied until the [DAV + 24 months].

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard : Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

¹⁾ to be published as as a CEN/TS

Introduction

The System Standard, of which this is Part 5, specifies the requirements for a piping system and its components when made from polyethylene (PE). It is intended to be used for water supply intended for human consumption, including the conveyance of raw water prior to treatment.

In respect of potential adverse effects on the quality of water intended for human consumption, caused by the product covered by this standard:

- a) this standard provides no information as to whether the product may be used without restriction in any of the Member States of the EU or EFTA;
- b) it should be noted that, while awaiting the adoption of verifiable European criteria, existing national regulations concerning the use and/or the characteristics of this product remain in force.

Requirements and test methods for components of the piping system are specified in EN 12201-1, EN 12201-2^[1], EN 12201-3^[2] and EN 12201-4^[3]. PrCEN/TS 12201-7^[4] gives guidance for the assessment of conformity.

This Part of this European Standard covers the characteristics of the fitness for purpose of the system.

1 Scope

This Part of this European Standard specifies the characteristics of the fitness for purpose of the assembled piping systems intended for the conveyance of water intended for human consumption, including raw water prior to treatment.

It also specifies the test parameters for the test methods referred to in this standard.

In conjunction with other Parts of this European Standard (see Foreword) it is applicable to PE pipes, fittings, valves, their joints and to joints with components of other materials intended to be used under the following conditions:

- a) a maximum operating pressure, MOP, up to 25 bar ²⁾ ;
- b) an operating temperature of 20 °C as a reference temperature.

NOTE 1 For applications operating at constant temperatures greater than 20 °C up to 40 °C, see annex A of EN 12201-1:2003.

EN 12201 covers a range of maximum operating pressures and gives requirements concerning colours and additives.

NOTE 2 It is the responsibility of the purchaser or specifier to make the appropriate selections from these aspects, taking into account their particular requirements and any relevant national guidance or regulations and installation practices or codes.

2 Normative references

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text, and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

EN 712, *Thermoplastics piping systems — End-load-bearing mechanical joints between pressure pipes and fittings — Test method for resistance to pull-out under constant longitudinal force.*

EN 713, *Plastics piping systems — Mechanical joints between fittings and polyolefin pressure pipes — Test method for leaktightness under internal pressure of assemblies subjected to bending.*

EN 715, *Thermoplastics piping systems — End-load bearing joints between small diameter pressure pipes and fittings - Test method for leaktightness under internal water pressure, including end thrust.*

EN 911, *Plastics piping systems — Elastomeric sealing ring type joints and mechanical joints for thermoplastics pressure piping — Test method for leaktightness under external hydrostatic pressure.*

EN 921:1994, *Plastics piping systems — Thermoplastics pipes — Determination of resistance to internal pressure at constant temperature.*

EN 12201-1:2003, *Plastics piping systems for water supply — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 1: General.*

ISO 11413:1996, *Plastics pipes and fittings — Preparation of test piece assemblies between a polyethylene (PE) pipe and an electrofusion fitting.*

ISO 11414:1996, *Plastics pipes and fittings — Preparation of polyethylene (PE) pipe/pipe or pipe/fitting test piece assemblies by butt fusion .*

ISO 13953:2001, *Polyethylene (PE) pipes and fittings — Determination of the tensile strength and failure mode of test pieces from a butt-fused joint.*

ISO 13954:1997, *Plastics pipes and fittings — Peel decohesion test for polyethylene (PE) electrofusion assemblies of nominal outside diameter greater than or equal to 90 mm.*

²⁾ 1 bar = 10⁵ N/m².

ISO 13955:1997, *Plastics pipes and fittings — Crushing decohesion test for polyethylene (PE) electrofusion assemblies*.

ISO/DIS 13956:1996, *Plastics pipes and fittings — Determination of cohesive strength — Tear test for polyethylene (PE) assemblies*.

3 Terms and definitions, symbols and abbreviations

For the purposes of this European Standard, the terms and definitions, symbols and abbreviations given in EN 12201-1:2003 together with the following apply.

3.1

electrofusion joint

joint between a PE socket or saddle electrofusion fitting and pipe or fitting with spigotted ends. The electrofusion fittings are heated by the Joule effect of the heating element incorporated at their jointing surfaces, causing the material adjacent to them to melt and the pipe and fitting surfaces to fuse

3.2

butt fusion joint

joint made by heating the planed ends of matching surfaces by holding them against a flat heating plate until the PE material reaches fusion temperature quickly removing the heating plate and pushing the two softened ends against one another

3.3

saddle fusion joint

joint made by heating the curved surface of a saddle and the outside surface of a pipe by holding them against a heated tool until the PE material reaches fusion temperature, quickly removing the heated tool and pushing the two softened surfaces against each other

3.4

mechanical joint

joint made by assembling a PE pipe to an other PE pipe or any other element of the piping system that generally includes a compression part to provide for pressure integrity, leaktightness and resistance to end loads. A support sleeve inserted into the pipe bore may be used to provide a permanent support for the PE pipe to prevent creep in the pipe wall under radial compressive forces

NOTE Metallic parts of these fittings or valves can be assembled to metallic pipes by screw threads, compression joints, welded or flanged connections, including PE flanges. The fitting or valve can allow either a dismantable or permanently assembled joint.

3.5

fusion compatibility

ability of two similar or dissimilar polyethylene (PE) materials to be fused together to form a joint which conforms to the performance requirements of this standard

4 Fitness for purpose of the system

4.1 General

This clause details the preparation of test assemblies and the tests required to verify the fusion process under normal and extreme conditions and compatibility.