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Textile machinery — Noise test code — Part 3: Nonwoven machinery

Matériel pour l'industrie textile — Code d'essai acoustique — Partie 3: Machines de production de non-tissés



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 9902 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 9902-3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 72, Textile machinery and machinery for dry-cleaning and industrial laundering, Subcommittee SC 8, Safety requirements for textile machinery.

9902-1, ISO 9902-2, ISO 9902-4, ISO 9902-5, ISO 9902-6 and This first edition of ISO 9902-3, together with ISO ISO 9902-7, cancels and replaces ISO 9902:1993, which has been technically revised.

ISO 9902 consists of the following parts, under the general title Textile machinery — Noise test code:

- Part 1: Common requirements
- Part 2: Spinning preparatory and spinning machinery
- Part 3: Nonwoven machinery
- inery of the state Part 4: Yarn processing, cordage and rope manufacturing machine
- Part 5: Weaving and knitting preparatory machinery
- Part 6: Fabric manufacturing machinery
- Part 7: Dyeing and finishing machinery

Introduction

Nonwoven lines of textile machinery include machines for:

- preparation (bale breaker, automated blending bale opener, carding willow, blender, fan, condenser, opener),
- feeding (hopper feeder, flock feeder),
- web formation (card, cross lapper), and
- needle Bonding Cumment is a Dreview Generaled by EUS bonding (lap drafter, pre-needle machine, needle puncher, stitch bonding machine for nonwovens, spray bonding machine, water jet bonding machine, calender, dryer, coating machine).

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Textile machinery — Noise test code —

Part 3:

Nonwoven machinery

Scope

This part of ISO 9902, taken together with ISO 9902-1, specifies the mounting, operating and measuring conditions ans),

an required for the measurement, destaration and verification of noise emitted by nonwoven machinery. It defines a noise test code for

- cross lappers,
- lap drafters,
- pre-needle machines,
- needle punchers,
- stitch bonding machines (nonwovens),
- water jet bonding machines, and
- praying machines.

The other machines of nonwoven lines are covered in ISO 9902-2

This part of ISO 9902 is applicable to engineering (grade 2) and survey grade 3) test methods, in accordance with the International Standards to which it makes normative reference.

2 **Normative references**

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 9902. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 9902 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 3744:1994, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Engineering method in an essentially free field over a reflecting plane.

ISO 3746:1995, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Survey method using an enveloping measurement surface over a reflecting plane.

ISO 3747:2000, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Comparison method for use in situ.

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ISO 9902-3:2001(E)

ISO 9614-1:1993, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound intensity — Part 1: Measurement at discrete points.

ISO 9614-2:1996, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound intensity — Part 2: Measurement by scanning.

ISO 9902-1:2001, Textile machinery — Noise test code — Part 1: Common requirements.

ISO 11201:1995, Acoustics — Noise emitted by machinery and equipment — Measurement of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions — Engineering method in an essentially free field over a reflecting plane.

ISO 11202:1995, Acoustics Noise emitted by machinery and equipment — Measurement of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions — Survey method in situ.

ISO 11204:1995, Acoustics — Majse emitted by machinery and equipment — Measurement of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions — Method requiring environmental corrections.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 9902, the terms and definitions given in ISO 9902-1 apply.

4 Defining the test object

See Table 1 of this part of ISO 9902 and clause 4 of \$3,9902-1:2001.

5 Sound power level determination

5.1 International Standards required for basic measurements

5.1.1 General

See 5.1 of ISO 9902-1:2001.

5.1.2 Determination by measuring sound intensity

Determination of the A-weighted sound power level, L_{WA} , using sound intensity measurements shall be in accordance with ISO 9614-1 (discrete points) or ISO 9614-2 (scanning).

5.1.3 Determination using emission sound pressure levels on a measurement surface

Determination of the A-weighted sound power level, L_{WA} , by measurement of A-weighted emission sound pressure levels on a prescribed measurement surface shall be in accordance with one of the following:

- ISO 3744,
- ISO 3747, or
- ISO 3746, but only where use of ISO 3744 or ISO 3747 is not practicable.