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EUROPEAN STANDARD
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English Version

Leather - Physical and mechanical test methods for the
determination of soiling - Part 1: Rubbing (Martindale) method
(ISO 26082-1:2012)

Cuir - Méthodes d'essai physique et mécanique de
détermination de la salissure - Partie 1: Méthode par
frottement (Martindale) (ISO 26082-1:2012)

Leder - Physikalische und mechanische Prüfverfahren zur
Bestimmung des Anschmutzens - Teil 1: Martindale-
Verfahren (ISO 26082-1:2012)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 14 March 2012.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 26082-1:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 289 "Leather", the secretariat of which is held by UNI, in collaboration with IULTCS "International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies".

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2012, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2012.

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Leather — Physical and mechanical test methods for the determination of soiling —

Part 1: Rubbing (Martindale) method

1 Scope

This part of ISO 26082 specifies a method for determining the resistance of all forms of leather to visible soiling through repeated contact with soiled objects. It provides a physical pretreatment routine for leathers that may be vulnerable to loss of soiling resistance while in service, prior to conducting further tests such as cleaning.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2418, *Leather — Chemical, physical and mechanical and fastness tests — Sampling location*

ISO 2419, *Leather — Physical and mechanical tests — Sample preparation and conditioning*

ISO 105-A02, *Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A02: Grey scale for assessing change in colour*

ISO 105-A05, *Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A05: Instrumental assessment of change in colour for determination of grey scale rating*

ISO 12947-1, *Textiles — Determination of the abrasion resistance of fabrics by the Martindale method — Part 1: Martindale abrasion testing apparatus*

ISO 12945-2, *Textiles — Determination of the fabric propensity to surface fuzzing and to pilling — Part 2: Modified Martindale method*

3 Principle

A test specimen of leather is subjected to a rubbing-type soiling process under standard conditions and the change in colour of the leather is evaluated.

A pretreatment to simulate wear and/or an after-treatment to test cleaning procedures is possible.