INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 7240-12

Second edition 2014-04-15

Fire detection and alarm systems —

Part 12:

Line type smoke detectors using a transmitted optical beam

Systèmes de détection d'incendie et d'alarme —

Partie 12: Détecteurs linéaires de fumée utilisant une transmission par faisceaux lumineux





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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received. www.iso.org/patents

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 21, *Equipment for fire protection and fire fighting*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Fire detection and fire alarm systems*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 7240-12:2006), which has been technically revised.

ISO 7240 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Fire detection and alarm systems*:

- Part 1: General and definitions
- Part 2: Control and indicating equipment
- Part 3: Audible alarm devices
- Part 4: Power supply equipment
- Part 5: Point-type heat detectors
- Part 6: Carbon monoxide fire detectors using electro-chemical cells
- Part 7: Point-type smoke detectors using scattered light, transmitted light or ionization
- Part 8: Carbon monoxide fire detectors using an electro-chemical cell in combination with a heat sensor
- *Part 9: Test fires for fire detectors* [Technical Specification]
- Part 10: Point-type flame detectors
- Part 11: Manual call points
- Part 12: Line type smoke detectors using a transmitted optical beam
- Part 13: Compatibility assessment of system components

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- Part 14: Design, installation, commissioning and service of fire detection and fire alarm systems in and around buildings
- Part 15: Point type fire detectors using scattered light, transmitted light or ionization sensors in combination with a heat sensor
- Part 16: Sound system control and indicating equipment
- Part 17: Short-circuit isolators
- Part 18: Input/output devices
- Part 19: Design, installation, commissioning and service of sound systems for emergency purposes
- Part 20: Aspirating smoke detectors
- Part 21: Routing equipment
- Part 22: Smoke detection equipment for ducts
- Part 23: Visual alarm devices
- Part 24: Sound-system loudspeakers
- Part 25: Components using radio transmission paths
- Part 27: Point-type fire detectors using a scattered-light, transmitted-light or ionization smoke sensor, an electrochemical-cell carbon-monoxide sensor and a heat sensor
- Part 28: Fire protection control equipment

ration. A Part 29 dealing with video fire detectors is under preparation.

Introduction

This part of ISO 7240 has been prepared by ISO/TC 21/SC 3, the secretariat of which is held by SA and is based on ISO 7240-12:2006.

A fire detection and alarm system is required to function satisfactorily not only in the event of fire, but also during and after exposure to conditions likely to be met in practice, including corrosion, vibration, direct impact, indirect shock and electromagnetic interference. Specific tests are intended to assess the performance of the smoke detectors under such conditions.

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d is not i This part of ISO 7240 is not intended to place any other restrictions on the design and construction of such detectors.

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Fire detection and alarm systems —

Part 12:

Line type smoke detectors using a transmitted optical beam

1 Scope

1.1 This part of ISO 7240 specifies requirements, test methods and performance criteria for line-type smoke detectors for use in fire detection systems installed in buildings. The detectors consist of at least a transmitter and a receiver and can include reflector(s), for the detection of smoke by the attenuation and/or changes in attenuation of an optical beam.

1.2 This part of ISO 7240 does not cover

- line-type smoke detectors designed to operate with separations between opposed components of less than 1 m;
- line-type smoke detectors whose optical path length is defined or adjusted by an integral mechanical connection;
- line-type smoke detectors with special characteristics, which cannot be assessed by the test methods in this part of ISO 7240.

NOTE The term "optical" is used to describe that part of the electromagnetic spectrum produced by the transmitter to which the receiver is responsive; this is not restricted to visible wavelengths.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 209, Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Chemical composition

ISO 7240-1, Fire detection and alarm systems — Part 1: General and definitions

IEC 60064, Tungsten filament lamps for domestic and similar general lighting purposes — Performance requirements

IEC 60068-1, Environmental testing — Part 1: General and guidance

IEC 60068-2-1, Environmental testing — Part 2-1: Tests. Tests A: Cold

IEC 60068-2-2, Environmental testing — Part 2-2: Tests. Tests B: Dry heat

IEC 60068-2-6, Environmental testing — Part 2-6: Tests. Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)

IEC 60068-2-27, Environmental testing — Part 2-27: Tests. Test Ea and guidance: Shock

IEC 60068-2-42, Environmental testing — Part 2-42: Tests. Test Kc: Sulphur dioxide test for contacts and connections

IEC 60068-2-78, Environmental testing — Part 2-78: Tests. Test Cab: Damp heat, steady state