

**Gaasiarvestid. Leppekoguse mõõturid. Osa 1:
Mahu teisendus KONSOLIDEERITUD TEKST**

Gas meters - Conversion devices - Part 1: Volume
conversion CONSOLIDATED TEXT

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 12405-1:2005+A2:2010 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 12405-1:2005+A2:2010 ingliskeelset teksti.

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English Version

Gas meters - Conversion devices - Part 1: Volume conversion

Compteurs de gaz - Dispositifs de conversion - Partie 1:
Conversion de volume

Gaszähler - Umwerter - Teil 1: Volumenumwertung

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 15 March 2005 and includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 6 July 2006 and Amendment 2 approved by CEN on 19 September 2010.

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Contents

	Page
Foreword.....	9
1 Scope	10
2 Normative references	10
3 Terms, definitions and symbols	12
3.1 Terms and definitions	12
3.2 Symbols	15
3.3 A_1 Classification A_1	17
3.3.1 Mechanical classes	17
3.3.2 Electromagnetic environmental classes	17
4 Principle of measurement	17
4.1 Conversion as a function of temperature	17
4.2 Conversion as a function of pressure and temperature	17
4.3 Conversion as a function of pressure, temperature and deviation from the ideal gas law	18
4.4 Correction of the volume at measurement conditions	19
5 Rated operating conditions	19
5.1 Specified field of measurement.....	19
5.1.1 Specified measurement range for gas pressure	19
5.1.2 Specified measurement range for gas temperature.....	19
5.1.3 Gas characteristics.....	20
5.1.4 A_1 Base conditions A_1	20
5.2 A_1 Environmental conditions A_1	20
5.2.1 Ambient temperature range	20
5.2.2 Humidity range.....	20
5.2.3 A_1 Mechanical environment A_1	20
5.2.4 Electromagnetic environment	20
5.3 Power supply.....	20
6 Construction requirements.....	20
6.1 General.....	20
6.2 Casings	21
6.3 Indications	22
6.3.1 General.....	22
6.3.2 Electronic indicating device	23
6.4 Inputs for volume conversion	24
6.5 Battery powered conversion device	24
6.6 Security devices and alarms	25
7 Installation requirements	25
7.1 General.....	25
7.2 Temperature transducer	26
7.3 Pressure transducer.....	26
8 Performance	26
8.1 Reference conditions	26
8.2 Rated operating conditions	27
8.3 Maximum permissible errors	27
8.3.1 General.....	27
8.3.2 Error of conversion.....	28
8.3.3 Specific errors for a gas-volume conversion device, type 2.....	28
8.4 Conditions of matching the constituent elements of a conversion device type 2	28
8.5 Influence factors	29

8.6	Disturbances	29
8.7	Durability	29
8.8	A1 Repeatability A1	29
8.9	A1 Reliability A1	30
9	Tests of conformity	30
9.1	Verification of the construction requirements	30
9.2	Verification of the performance requirements	30
9.2.1	Test conditions	30
9.2.2	Samples of gas volume conversion device type 1 required for testing	31
9.2.3	Samples of gas volume conversion devices type 2 required for testing	34
9.3	Test report	34
10	Marking	34
11	A1 Installation and operating instructions A1	35
Annex A	(normative) Type test	37
A.1	General conditions	37
A.1.1	General	37
A.1.2	Additional conditions specific to gas volume conversion devices type 1	37
A.1.3	Additional conditions specific to gas-volume conversion devices type 2	37
A.1.4	Test procedures	38
A.1.5	Verification of the construction requirements	39
A.2	Accuracy tests under reference conditions	39
A.2.1	Objective	39
A.2.2	Reference to documents	40
A.2.3	Procedure	40
A.2.4	Acceptance criteria	40
A.3	Effect of ambient temperature	40
A.3.1	Objective	40
A.3.2	Reference to documents	40
A.3.3	Procedure	40
A.3.4	Acceptance criteria	40
A.4	Effect of damp heat, steady state test	40
A.4.1	Objective	40
A.4.2	Reference to documents	40
A.4.3	Procedure	41
A.4.4	Acceptance criteria	41
A.5	Effect of damp heat, cyclic test	41
A.5.1	Objective	41
A.5.2	Reference to documents	41
A.5.3	Procedure	41
A.5.4	Acceptance criteria	42
A.6	Electrical power variation	42
A.6.1	Objective	42
A.6.2	Reference to documents	42
A.6.3	Procedure	42
A.6.4	Acceptance criteria	42
A.7	Short time power reductions	43
A.7.1	Objective	43
A.7.2	Reference to documents	43
A.7.3	Procedure	43
A.7.4	Acceptance criteria	43
A.8	Electrical bursts	43
A.8.1	Objective	43
A.8.2	Reference to documents	43
A.8.3	Procedure	43
A.8.4	Acceptance criteria	43
A.9	Electromagnetic susceptibility	44
A.9.1	Objective	44
A.9.2	Reference to documents	44
A.9.3	Procedure	44

A.9.4	Acceptance criteria	44
A.10	Electrostatic discharges	44
A.10.1	Objective	44
A.10.2	Reference to documents	44
A.10.3	Procedure	44
A.10.4	Acceptance criteria	45
A.11	Overload of pressure (only for type 1 and pressure transducers)	45
A.11.1	Objective	45
A.11.2	Reference to documents	45
A.11.3	Procedure	45
A.11.4	Acceptance criteria	45
A.12	Effect of vibrations	45
A.12.1	Objective	45
A.12.2	Reference to documents	45
A.12.3	Procedure	46
A.12.4	Acceptance criteria	46
A.13	Effect of shocks	46
A.13.1	Objective	46
A.13.2	Reference to documents	46
A.13.3	Procedure	46
A.13.4	Acceptance criteria	46
A.14	Overload of pressure (mechanical)	46
A.14.1	Objective	46
A.14.2	Reference to documents	47
A.14.3	Procedure	47
A.14.4	Acceptance criteria	47
A.15	Durability	47
A.15.1	Objective	47
A.15.2	Reference to documents	47
A.15.3	Procedure	47
A.15.4	Acceptance criteria	48
A.16	Alarms operation	48
A.16.1	Objective	48
A.16.2	Reference to documents	48
A.16.3	Procedure	48
A.16.4	Acceptance criteria	48
A.17	A1 Repeatability	48
A.17.1	Objective	48
A.17.2	Reference to standards	48
A.17.3	Procedure	49
A.17.4	Acceptance criteria A1	49
A.18	A2 Short time DC power variations	49
A.18.1	Objective	49
A.18.2	Reference to standards	49
A.18.3	Procedure	49
A.18.4	Acceptance criteria A2	49
A.19	A2 Surges on supply lines and/or signal lines	49
A.19.1	Objective	49
A.19.2	Reference to standards	50
A.19.3	Procedure	50
A.19.4	Acceptance criteria A2	50
A.20	A2 Power frequency magnetic field	50
A.20.1	Objective	50
A.20.2	Reference to standards	50
A.20.3	Procedure	50
A.20.4	Acceptance criteria A2	50
Annex B	(normative) Pressure transducers	51
B.1	Scope	51
B.2	Rated operating conditions	51
B.2.1	Specified measurement range for pressure	51

B.2.2	Environmental class.....	51
B.2.3	Power supply	51
B.3	Construction requirements.....	51
B.3.1	General.....	51
B.3.2	Casings	51
B.3.3	Indications.....	51
B.4	Performances.....	52
B.4.1	Reference conditions	52
B.4.2	Rated operating conditions	52
B.4.3	Maximum permissible errors.....	52
B.4.4	Influence factors	52
B.4.5	Disturbances	52
B.4.6	Durability	52
B.5	Tests of conformity	53
B.5.1	Test conditions	53
B.5.2	Tests.....	53
B.5.3	Sample of pressure transducers required for testing	53
B.6	Marking	53
Annex C	(normative) Platinum resistance thermometer sensors.....	54
C.1	Scope	54
C.2	Operating rated conditions.....	54
C.2.1	Specified measurement range for temperature.....	54
C.2.2	Environmental class.....	54
C.3	Construction requirements.....	54
C.4	Performances.....	54
C.5	Marking	55
C.5.1	Required markings	55
C.5.2	Verification mark.....	55
C.6	Metrological verifications	55
C.6.1	Type approval	55
C.6.2	Initial verification	56
C.7	Verification procedure.....	56
C.7.1	Visual inspection	56
C.7.2	Type testing (type approval).....	56
C.7.3	Samples of PRT required for testing	56
C.7.4	Initial verification	56
Annex D	(normative) Temperature transducers	58
D.1	Scope	58
D.2	Rated operating conditions	58
D.2.1	Specified measurement range for temperature.....	58
D.2.2	Environmental class.....	58
D.2.3	Power supply	58
D.3	Construction requirements.....	58
D.3.1	General.....	58
D.3.2	Casings	58
D.3.3	Indications.....	58
D.4	Performances.....	59
D.4.1	Reference conditions	59
D.4.2	Rated operating conditions	59
D.4.3	Maximum permissible errors.....	59
D.4.4	Influence factors	59
D.4.5	Disturbances	59
D.4.6	Durability	59
D.5	Tests of conformity	60
D.5.1	Test conditions	60
D.5.2	Tests.....	60
D.5.3	Sample of temperature transducers required for testing.....	60
D.6	Marking	60
Annex E	(informative) Model type test report for conversion devices	61

E.1	General.....	61
E.1.1	General remarks.....	61
E.1.2	Number of pages.....	61
E.1.3	Laboratory's identification.....	61
E.1.4	Applicant.....	61
E.1.5	Identification of device(s) submitted for testing	61
E.2	Accuracy tests under reference conditions.....	62
E.2.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	62
E.2.2	Test equipment used	62
E.2.3	Test results.....	62
E.3	Ambient temperature.....	63
E.3.1	Effect of dry heat.....	63
E.3.2	Effect of cold	64
E.4	Effect of damp heat, steady state test	66
E.4.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	66
E.4.2	Test equipment used.....	66
E.4.3	Test results.....	66
E.5	Effect of damp heat, cyclic test.....	67
E.5.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	67
E.5.2	Test equipment used	67
E.5.3	Test results.....	68
E.6	Electrical power variation	69
E.6.1	AC power supply.....	69
E.6.2	DC power supply or battery supply	71
E.7	Short time power reductions	72
E.7.1	Test equipment used	72
E.7.2	Test results.....	72
E.8	Electrical bursts	73
E.8.1	Test equipment used	73
E.8.2	Test results.....	73
E.9	Electromagnetic immunity.....	75
E.9.1	Test equipment used	75
E.9.2	Test results.....	75
E.10	Electrostatic discharges	75
E.10.1	Test equipment used	75
E.10.2	Test results.....	76
E.11	Effect of an overload of static pressure	76
E.11.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	76
E.11.2	Test equipment used	76
E.11.3	Test results.....	77
E.12	Effect of vibrations	78
E.12.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	78
E.12.2	Test equipment used	78
E.12.3	Test results.....	78
E.13	Effect of shocks	79
E.13.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	79
E.13.2	Test equipment used	79
E.13.3	Test results.....	79
E.14	Mechanical resistance to overload of static pressure	80
E.14.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	80
E.14.2	Test equipment used	80
E.14.3	Test results.....	80
E.15	Durability	80
E.15.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	80
E.15.2	Test equipment used	80
E.15.3	Test equipment used	81
E.16	A1 Alarms operation.....	84
E.16.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	84
E.16.2	Test equipment used	84
E.16.3	Test results.....	84
E.17	Repeatability A1	84

E.18	Ⓐ ₂ Short time DC power variations.....	84
E.18.1	Test equipment used.....	84
E.18.2	Test results Ⓐ ₂	84
E.19	Ⓐ ₂ Surges on supply lines and/or signal lines.....	85
E.19.1	Test equipment used.....	85
E.19.2	Test results Ⓐ ₂	85
E.20	Ⓐ ₂ Power frequency magnetic field.....	86
E.20.1	Test equipment used.....	86
E.20.2	Test results Ⓐ ₂	86
Annex F	(informative) Model type test report for associated transducers.....	88
F.1	General.....	88
F.1.1	General remarks.....	88
F.1.2	Number of pages.....	88
F.1.3	Laboratory's identification.....	88
F.1.4	Applicant.....	88
F.1.5	Identification of device(s) submitted for testing.....	88
F.2	Accuracy tests under reference conditions.....	89
F.2.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	89
F.2.2	Test equipment used.....	89
F.2.3	Test results.....	89
F.3	Ambient temperature.....	89
F.3.1	Effect of dry heat.....	89
F.3.2	Effect of cold.....	90
F.4	Effect of damp heat, steady state test.....	91
F.4.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	91
F.4.2	Test equipment used.....	91
F.4.3	Test results.....	91
F.5	Effect of damp heat, cyclic test.....	92
F.5.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	92
F.5.2	Test equipment used.....	92
F.5.3	Test results.....	93
F.6	Electrical power variation.....	93
F.6.1	AC power supply.....	93
F.6.2	DC power supply or battery supply.....	95
F.7	Short time power reductions.....	95
F.7.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	95
F.7.2	Test equipment used.....	95
F.7.3	Test results.....	96
F.8	Electrical bursts.....	96
F.8.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	96
F.8.2	Test equipment used.....	96
F.8.3	Test results.....	96
F.9	Electromagnetic immunity.....	97
F.9.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	97
F.9.2	Test equipment used.....	97
F.9.3	Test results.....	98
F.10	Electrostatic discharges.....	98
F.10.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	98
F.10.2	Test equipment used.....	98
F.10.3	Test results.....	99
F.11	Effect of an overload of static pressure.....	99
F.11.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	99
F.11.2	Test equipment used.....	99
F.11.3	Test results.....	100
F.12	Effect of vibrations.....	101
F.12.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	101
F.12.2	Test equipment used.....	101
F.12.3	Test results.....	101
F.13	Effect of shocks.....	101
F.13.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	101

F.13.2	Test equipment used	101
F.13.3	Test results	102
F.14	Mechanical resistance to overload of static pressure	102
F.14.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	102
F.14.2	Test equipment used	102
F.14.3	Test results	102
F.15	Durability	103
F.15.1	Ambient temperature during the test.....	103
F.15.2	Test equipment used	103
F.15.3	Test results	103
F.16	 Repeatability 	105
Annex ZA	(informative)  Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 2004/22 Measuring Instruments Directive 	106
Bibliography		111

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Foreword

This document (EN 12405-1:2005+A2:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 237 “Gas meters”, the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This ~~deleted text~~ European Standard ~~deleted text~~ shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2011.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 2004/22 Measuring Instruments Directive (MID).

For relationship with EU Directive 2004/22, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

This document includes Amendment 1, approved by CEN on 2006-07-06 and Amendment 2, approved by CEN on 2010-09-19.

This document supersedes EN 12405-1:2005.

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags and .

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Due to technical developments the layout of the document has been changed and EN 12405 will appear in parts:

- Part 1: Volume conversion (this European Standard),
- Part 2: Energy conversion (in preparation),
- Part 3: Data loggers.

Further parts are under consideration, following the technical progress.

In the preparation of this European Standard, the content of OIML Publication, “International Document 11”, “International Recommendations 6” and “International Recommendations 32” and the content of member bodies’ national standards on gas-volume electronic conversion devices have been taken into account.

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According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the requirements and tests for the construction, performance, safety and conformity of gas-volume electronic conversion devices associated to gas meters, used to measure volumes of fuel gases of the 1st and 2nd families according to EN 437.

This European Standard is intended for type testing, the detailed relevant provisions of which are given in Annex A.

Only three kinds of conversion are treated in this European Standard:

- conversion as a function of temperature only (called T conversion);
- conversion as a function of the pressure and of the temperature with constant compression factor (called PT conversion);
- conversion as a function of the pressure, the temperature and taking into account the compression factor (called PTZ conversion).

[A₁] This document is not relevant to temperature conversion integrated into gas meters which only indicate the converted volume. **[A₁]**

EN 12405-2 for energy conversion is in preparation.

Gas-volume conversion devices consist of a calculator and a temperature transducer or a calculator, a temperature transducer and a pressure transducer locally installed.

For application of this European Standard, a conversion device may be, as a choice of the manufacturer, considered as a complete instrument (Type 1) or made of separate elements (Type 2), according to the definitions given in 3.1.18.1 and 3.1.18.2.

In this last case, the provisions concerning pressure transducers, temperature sensors and temperature transducers are given in Annexes B, C and D respectively.

Any conversion device can provide an error curve correction for a gas meter.

NOTE When rendering an account to an end user the readings from the conversion device can be used in conjunction with the readings from a gas meter conforming to EN 1359, EN 12480, or EN 12261, as appropriate, or to any other appropriate and relevant international or national standard for gas meters, without prejudice of national regulations.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this European Standard. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 437, *Test gases — Test pressures — Appliance categories*

EN 1776, *Gas supply systems — Natural gas measuring stations — Functional requirements*

[A₂] *deleted text* **[A₂]**

EN 55011, *Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment — Radio disturbance characteristics — Limits and methods of measurement (CISPR 11:1997, modified)*

EN 60068-2-1, *Environmental testing — Part 2: Tests — Tests A: Cold (IEC 60068-2-1:1990)*

EN 60068-2-2, *Basic environmental testing procedures — Part 2: Tests — Tests B: Dry heat* (IEC 60068-2-2:1974 + IEC 60068-2-2A:1976)

EN 60068-2-30, *Environmental testing — Part 2: Tests — Test Db and guidance: Damp heat, cyclic (12 + 12 hour cycle)* (IEC 60068-2-30:1980 + A1:1985)

EN 60068-2-31, *Basic environmental testing procedures — Part 2: Tests — Test Ec: Drop and topple, primarily for equipment-type specimens* (IEC 60068-2-31:1969 + A1:1982)

EN 60068-2-78, *Environmental testing — Part 2-78: Tests — Test Cab: Damp heat, steady state* (IEC 60068-2-78:2001)

EN 60079-0, *Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres — Part 0: General requirements* (IEC 60079-0:2004)

EN 60079-1, *Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres — Flameproof enclosures "d"* (IEC 60079-1:2003)

EN 60079-2, *Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres — Part 2: Pressurized apparatus "p"* (IEC 60079-2:2001)

EN 60079-5, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 5: Equipment protection by powder filling "q"* (IEC 60079-5:2007)

EN 60079-6, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 6: Equipment protection by oil immersion "o"* (IEC 60079-6:2007)

EN 60079-7, *Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres — Increased safety "e"* (IEC 60079-7:2001)

EN 60079-11, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 11: Equipment protection by intrinsic safety "i"* (IEC 60079-11:2006)

EN 60079-25, *Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres — Part 25: Intrinsically safe systems* (IEC 60079-25:2003)

EN 60529, *Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)* (IEC 60529:1989)

EN 60730-1:2000, *Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use — Part 1: General requirements* (IEC 60730-1:1999, modified)

EN 60751, *Industrial platinum resistance thermometer sensors* (IEC 60751:1983 + A1:1986)

EN 60950-1, *Information technology equipment — Safety — Part 1: General requirements* (IEC 60950-1:2001, modified)

EN 61000-4-2, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques — Section 2: Electrostatic discharge immunity test — Basic EMC publication* (IEC 61000-4-2:1995)

EN 61000-4-3, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques — Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test* (IEC 61000-4-3:2002)

EN 61000-4-4, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques — Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test* (IEC 61000-4-4:2004)

EN 61000-4-5, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques — Surge immunity test* (IEC 61000-4-5:2005)

EN 61000-4-6, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques — Section 6: Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields* (IEC 61000-4-6:1996)

EN 61000-4-8, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques — Section 8: Power frequency magnetic field immunity test* (IEC 61000-4-8:1993 + A1 2001) ^{A2}

EN 61000-4-11, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 4-11: Testing and measurement techniques — Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests* (IEC 61000-4-11:2004)

EN 61000-4-29, *Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) — Part 4-29: Testing and measurement techniques — Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on d.c. input power port immunity tests* (IEC 61000-4-29:2000) ^{A2}

EN ISO 12213-2:2005, *Natural gas — Calculation of compression factor — Part 2: Calculation using molar-composition analysis* (ISO 12213-2:1997)

EN ISO 12213-3:2005, *Natural gas — Calculation of compression factor — Part 3: Calculation using physical properties* (ISO 12213-3:1997)

3 Terms, definitions and symbols

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this European Standard, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1.1

absolute static pressure

value of the static pressure of the gas relative to vacuum

^{A1} 3.1.2

base conditions

specified conditions to which the measured quantity of gas is converted ^{A1}

EXAMPLES Temperature of 273,15 K and absolute pressure of 1,013 25 bar¹ or temperature of 288,15 K and absolute pressure of 1,013 25 bar.

3.1.3

calculator

electronic device that receives the output signals from the associated gas meter and transducers and processes them

3.1.4

conversion factor

factor equal to the volume at base conditions divided by the corrected volume, or if there is no gas meter correction, equal to the volume at base conditions divided by the volume at measurement conditions

3.1.5

conventional true value (of a quantity)

value attributed to a particular quantity and accepted, sometimes by convention, as having an uncertainty appropriate for a given purpose

3.1.6

corrected volume

volume at measurement conditions corrected for the error curve of the gas meter

3.1.7

correction

value added algebraically to the uncorrected result of a measurement to correct the systematic error