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**Plastics piping systems for hot and cold  
water installations — Chlorinated  
poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) —**

**Part 2:  
Pipes**

*Systèmes de canalisations en plastique pour les installations d'eau  
chaude et froide — Poly(chlorure de vinyle) chloré (PVC-C) —*

*Partie 2: Tubes*



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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 15877-2 was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 138, *Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Plastics pipes and fittings for water supplies*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

Throughout the text of this document, read “...this European Standard...” to mean “...this International Standard...”.

ISO 15877 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C)*:

- *Part 1: General*
- *Part 2: Pipes*
- *Part 3: Fittings*
- *Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system*
- *Part 7: Guidance for the assessment of conformity* [Technical Specification]

## Contents

Foreword.....	v
Introduction.....	vii
<b>1 Scope.....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2 Normative references.....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>3 Terms and definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms.....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>4 Material.....</b>	<b>2</b>
4.1 General.....	2
4.2 Pipe material .....	2
4.3 Evaluation of $\sigma_{LCL}$ -values .....	2
4.4 Influence on water intended for human consumption .....	3
<b>5 General characteristics.....</b>	<b>4</b>
5.1 Appearance .....	4
5.2 Chamfering.....	4
5.3 Opacity .....	4
<b>6 Geometrical characteristics .....</b>	<b>4</b>
6.1 General.....	4
pressure, $p_D$ , shall conform to Table 1.....	4
6.2 Dimensions of pipes.....	4
6.2.1 Outside diameters .....	4
6.2.2 Wall thicknesses and their tolerances.....	5
6.2.3 Length of pipes.....	6
6.2.4 Pipes with sockets.....	7
<b>7 Mechanical characteristics.....</b>	<b>7</b>
7.1 Resistance to internal pressure.....	7
7.2 Impact resistance .....	7
7.3 Tensile strength.....	8
<b>8 Physical characteristics .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>9 Performance requirements .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>10 Adhesives .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>11 Marking.....</b>	<b>9</b>
11.1 General.....	9
11.2 Minimum required marking.....	10
11.3 Additional marking.....	10
<b>Annex A (informative) .....</b>	<b>11</b>
General .....	11
Design stress .....	11
Derivation of the maximum value of $S_{calc}$ ( $S_{calc,max}$ ).....	12
Use of $S_{calc,max}$ to determine the wall thickness.....	12
<b>Bibliography .....</b>	<b>13</b>

## Foreword

This document (EN ISO 15877-2:2003) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 155 "Plastics piping systems and ducting systems", the secretariat of which is held by NEN, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 138 "Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids"

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2004, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2005.

NOTE This draft was submitted for CEN enquiry as prEN 12731-2:1995.

This standard is a Part of a System Standard for plastics piping systems of a particular material for a specified application. There are a number of such System Standards.

System Standards are based on the results of the work undertaken in ISO/TC 138 "Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids", which is a Technical Committee of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

They are supported by separate standards on test methods to which references are made throughout the System Standard.

The System Standards are consistent with general standards on functional requirements and recommended practices for installation.

EN ISO 15877:2003 consists of the following Parts <sup>1)</sup>, under the general title *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations - Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C)*

- Part 1: General
- Part 2: Pipes (the present standard)
- Part 3: Fittings
- Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system
- Part 7 Guidance for the assessment of conformity (CEN ISO/TS 15877-7).

This Part of EN ISO 15877 includes the following :

- Annex A (informative): Derivation of the maximum calculated pipe value,  $S_{calc,max}$ ;
- Bibliography.

At the date of publication of this standard, System Standards for piping systems of other plastics materials used for hot and cold water installations are the following:

EN ISO 15874, *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Polypropylene (PP)* (ISO 15874:2003)

EN ISO 15875, *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Crosslinked polyethylene (PE-X)* (ISO 15875:2003)

EN ISO 15876, *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Polybutylene (PB)* (ISO 15876:2003)

For pipes and fittings which have conformed to the relevant national standard before 1<sup>st</sup> November 2003, as shown by the manufacturer or by a certification body, the national standard may continue to apply until 30<sup>th</sup> November 2005.

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1) This System Standard does not incorporate Part 4: *Ancillary equipment* and Part 6: *Guidance for installation*. For ancillary equipment separate standards can apply. Guidance on installation of plastics piping systems made from different materials, intended to be used for hot and cold water installations, is given by ENV 12108 <sup>[1]</sup>.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

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## Introduction

The System Standard, of which this is Part 2, specifies the requirements for a piping system when made from chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C). The piping system is intended to be used for hot and cold water installations.

In respect of potential adverse effects on the quality of water intended for human consumption, caused by the product covered by this standard:

- This standard provides no information as to whether the product may be used without restriction in any of the Member States of the EU or EFTA;
- It should be noted that, while awaiting the adoption of verifiable European criteria, existing national regulations concerning the use and/or the characteristics of this product remain in force.

When using solvent cement, relevant national safety rules or regulations concerning their use (e.g. protection of workers) are to be observed.

Requirements and test methods for material and components, other than pipes are specified in Part 1 and Part 3 of EN ISO 15877:2003. Characteristics for fitness for purpose (mainly for joints) are covered in Part 5. Part 7 (CEN ISO/TS 15877-7) gives guidance for the assessment of conformity.

This Part of EN ISO 15877 specifies the characteristics of pipes.



## 1 Scope

This Part of EN ISO 15877:2003 specifies the requirements of pipes made from chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) for piping systems intended to be used for hot and cold water installations within buildings for the conveyance of water, whether or not intended for human consumption (domestic systems), under design pressures and temperatures appropriate to the class of application (see Table 1 of EN ISO 15877-1:2003).

This standard covers a range of service conditions (application classes), design pressures and pipe series. For values of  $T_D$ ,  $T_{max}$  and  $T_{mal}$  in excess of those in Table 1 of Part 1, this standard does not apply.

**NOTE** It is the responsibility of the purchaser or specifier to make the appropriate selections from these aspects, taking into account their particular requirements and any relevant national regulations and installation practices or codes.

It also specifies the test parameters for the test methods referred to in this standard.

In conjunction with the other Parts of EN ISO 15877 (see Foreword) it is applicable to PVC-C pipes, their joints and to joints with components of PVC-C, other plastics and non-plastics materials intended to be used for hot and cold water installations.

## 2 Normative references

This standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications apply to this standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

EN 578, *Plastics piping systems — Plastics pipes and fittings — Determination of the opacity*

EN 727, *Plastics piping and ducting systems — Thermoplastics pipes and fittings — Determination of Vicat softening temperature (VST)*

EN 743:1994, *Plastics piping and ducting systems — Thermoplastics pipes — Determination of the longitudinal reversion*

EN 744, *Plastics piping and ducting systems — Thermoplastics pipes — Test method for resistance to external blows by the round-the-clock method*

EN 921:1994, *Plastics piping systems — Thermoplastics pipes — Determination of resistance to internal pressure at constant temperature*

EN ISO 6259-1, *Thermoplastics pipes — Determination of tensile properties — Part 1: General test method (ISO 6259-1:1997)*

EN ISO 9080, *Plastics piping and ducting systems - Determination of the long-term hydrostatic strength of thermoplastics materials in pipe form by extrapolation (ISO 9080:2003)*

EN ISO 15877-1:2003, *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) — Part 1: General (ISO 15877-1:2003)*

EN ISO 15877-3:2003, *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) — Part 3: Fittings (ISO 15877-3:2003)*

EN ISO 15877-5, *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) — Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system (ISO 15877-5:2003)*

EN ISO 3126, *Plastics piping systems — Plastics components — Determination of dimensions (ISO 3126:2003)*

ISO 6259-2:1997, *Thermoplastics pipes — Determination of tensile properties — Part 2: Pipes made of unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U), chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) and high-impact poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-HI)*