INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 8098

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Cycles — Safety requirements for bicycles for young children

yclesenfants Cycles — Exigences de sécurité relatives aux bicyclettes pour jeunes



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 149, *Cycles*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Cycles and major sub-assemblies*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 8098:2002), which has been technically revised.

Introduction

This International Standard has been developed in response to demand throughout the world, and the aim has been to ensure that bicycles manufactured in compliance with it will be as safe as is practically possible. The tests have been designed to ensure the strength and durability of individual parts as well as of the bicycle as a whole, demanding high quality throughout and consideration of safety aspects from the design stage onwards.

The scope has been limited to safety considerations, and has specifically avoided standardization of components.

If the bicycle is to be used on public roads, national regulations apply.

on put for toy bit. For safety requirements for toy bicycles intended for very young children see national regulations and standards.

This document is a previous general ded by tills

Cycles — Safety requirements for bicycles for young children

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies safety and performance requirements and test methods for the design, assembly and testing of fully assembled bicycles and sub-assemblies for young children. It also provides guidelines for instructions on the use and care of the bicycles.

This International Standard is applicable to bicycles with a maximum saddle height of more than 435 mm and less than 635 mm, propelled by a transmitted drive to the rear wheel.

It is not applicable to special bicycles intended for performing stunts (e.g. BMX bicycles).

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1101, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Tolerances of form, orientation, location and run-out

ISO 5775-1, Bicycle tyres and rims — Part 1: Tyre designations and dimensions

ISO 5775-2, Bicycle tyres and rims — Part 2: Rims

ISO 6742-2, Cycles — Lighting and retro-reflective devices — Part 2: Retro-reflective devices

ISO 11243, Cycles — Luggage carriers for bicycles — Concepts, classification and testing

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

bicvcle

two-wheeled cycle

3.2

brake-lever

lever which operate the brake device

3.3

braking force

tangential rearward force between the tyre and the ground or the tyre and the drum or belt of the test machine

3.4

crank assembly

<fatigue testing> drive and non-drive crank arms, pedal-spindles or adaptors, bottom-bracket spindle, and the first component of the drive system, e.g. the chain-wheel cluster