INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 16030

First edition 2001-12-15

Pneumatic fluid power — Connections — Ports and stud ends

Transmissions pneumatiques — Raccordements — Orifices et éléments mâles



PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

This document is a dreview denotated by this

© ISO 2001

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.ch Web www.iso.ch

Printed in Switzerland

iii

Contents	Page
Foreword	iv

Introdu	ctionv	V
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	
3	Terms and definations	1
4	Dimensional requirements	2
5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	Performance requirements Rated pressure range Rated temperature range Performance verification Sealing devices Test methods General Burst pressure test Leakage test Cyclic endurance (impulse) test Overtorque capability test Long-term creep test	222223344
7 8	Designation	5
Annex	A (informative) Examples of sealing methods1	0
Annex	B (informative) Distances between centrelines of ISO 16030 ports1	1
Bibliog	raphy1	3
	Identification statement (reference to this International Standard)	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that ome of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 16030 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 131, Fluid power systems.

Annexes A and B of this International Standard are or information only.

Ochocological Control of the Control o

įν

Introduction

In pneumatic fluid power systems, power is transmitted and controlled through air under pressure within a circuit.

Components are connected through their threaded ports by means of connectors to tubes and pipes or to hose fittings and hoses. Ports are an integral part of fluid power components, such as valves, cylinders and filters.

In the past, various thread and port systems (for example ISO 7-1 and ISO 1179:1981) have been used in pneumatic fluid power systems. See the scope of this International Standard for further information on the relationship between those standards and this International Standard. Where ISO 7-1 tapered external threads are intended to connect to pneumatic components with internal threads, the ports in those components should conform to ISO 1179:1981. In the past, various thead and port systems (for example ISO 7-1 and ISO 1179:1981) have been used in

© ISO 2001 – All rights reserved

Inis document is a preview denetated by EUS

Pneumatic fluid power — Connections — Ports and stud ends

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies dimensions and performance requirements for ports and stud ends with parallel threads for pneuroatic fluid power applications.

It specifies reusable, positively retained seals for leak-free connections, for use at pressures from $-0.09 \, \text{MPa}$ $(-0.9 \, \text{bar}^{\, 1})$ up to 1,6 MPa (16 par).

Only this International Standard is applicable for threaded ports and stud ends specified in new designs in pneumatic fluid power applications.

Ports and stud ends conforming to this International Standard are not intended to connect with ports and stud ends that conform to ISO 1179 or threads that conform to ISO 7-1.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreement based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 228-1, Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are not made on the threads — Part 1: Dimensions, tolerances and designation

ISO 261, ISO general-purpose metric screw threads — General plan

ISO 3448, Industrial liquid lubricants — ISO viscosity classification

ISO 5598, Fluid power systems and components — Vocabulary

ISO 8778²), Pneumatic fluid power — Standard reference atmosphere

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5598 apply.

© ISO 2001 – All rights reserved

^{1) 1} bar = $0.1 \text{ MPa} = 10^5 \text{ Pa}$; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm^2

²⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 8778:1990)