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NATIONAL FOREWORD

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English version

Child use and care articles - Baby walking frames - Safety requirements and test methods

Articles de puériculture - Trotteurs - Exigences de sécurité et méthodes d'essai

Artikel für Säuglinge und Kleinkinder - Kinderlaufhilfen - Sicherheitstechnische Anforderungen und Prüfverfahren

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 3 March 2005.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



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Foreword

This document (EN 1273:2005) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 252 “Child use and care articles”, the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2005, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2005.

This document supersedes EN 1273:2001.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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Introduction

The purpose of this European Standard is to reduce the risk of accidents. It is stressed that this European Standard cannot eliminate all possible risks to children using such a product and that carer control is of paramount importance. Accidents are mainly due to carer(s) not anticipating the extra reach and speed that children can achieve in the baby walking frame. It is essential that all warnings and instructions specified in this standard are clearly given by the manufacturer, to ensure that the baby walking frame can be used safely and correctly.

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1 Scope

This European Standard specifies safety requirements and test methods for baby walking frames into which a child is placed, and intended to be used from when the child is able to sit up by itself until the child is able to walk by itself.

This European Standard does not apply to baby walking frames for therapeutic and curative purposes and to those baby walking frames relying on inflatable parts to support the child.

NOTE Baby walking frames relying solely on inflatable parts to support the child are excluded from the scope of this standard because of the problem of retaining rigidity of the structure.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 71-1, *Safety of toys – Part 1: Mechanical and physical properties*.

EN 71-3, *Safety of toys – Part 3: Migration of certain elements*.

EN 1103, *Textiles - Burning behaviour - Fabrics for apparel - Detailed procedure to determine the burning behaviour of fabrics for apparel*.

CEN/TR 13387:2004, *Child use and care articles - Safety guidelines*.

EN ISO 105-X12:2002, *Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part X12: Color fastness to rubbing (ISO 105-X12:2001)*

EN ISO 2439, *Flexible cellular polymeric materials - Determination of hardness (indentation technique) (ISO 2439:1997, including Technical Corrigendum 1:1998)*.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1
baby walking frame
structure in which a child is placed in a sitting or standing position, which allows a child to move around with the aid of the support offered by the frame

3.2
crotch strap
device which passes between the child's legs to prevent the child slipping out of the seat

3.3
base
the lower part of the frame where castors or wheels may be attached

3.4
parking device
device to maintain the baby walking frame in a stationary position