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Road transport and traffic telematics -Dedicated Short Range Communication (DSRC) - DSRC data link layer: medium access and logical link control

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EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 12795:2003 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 12795:2003 ingliskeelset teksti. Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 15.04.2003 ja selle kohta on avaldatud	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 12795:2003 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 12795:2003. This document is endorsed on 15.04.2003 with the notification being published in the
ametlikus väljaandes.	standardisation organisation.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.	The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.
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Käsitlusala: This European Standard: defines the Data Link Layer of DSRC; is positioned with respect to other related standards by the layers defined in OSI Basic Reference Model [EN ISO/IEC 7498-1] as adopted for DSRC; supports broadcast and half-duplex transmission modes	Scope: This European Standard: defines the Data Link Layer of DSRC; is positioned with respect to other related standards by the layers defined in OSI Basic Reference Model [EN ISO/IEC 7498-1] as adopted for DSRC; supports broadcast and half-duplex transmission modes

ICS 35.100.20, 35.240.60

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12

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

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Supersedes ENV 12795:1997

English version

Road transport and traffic telematics - Dedicated Short Range Communication (DSRC) - DSRC data link layer: medium access and logical link control

Télématique de la circulation et du Transport routier -Communication à courte portée - Couche de liaison de contrôle d'accès au média et de contrôle logique de liaison

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 4 December 2002.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Contents

		paye	
F	oreword	3	
1	Scope	5	
2	2 Normative references		
3	3 Terms and definitions		
4	4 Abbreviations and variables		
5	5 Frame format		
6	6 Address establishment		
7	Medium Access Control (MAC) sublayer	15	
8	Logical Link Control sublayer	26	
A	nnex A (normative) Data link layer parameters		
A	nnex B (informative) Data link layer overhead		
A	nnex C (informative) Evolution of the MAC sequence bit	40	
Α	Annex D (informative) Address establishment	42	
A	Annex E (informative) A-deviations	47	

Foreword

This document (EN 12795:2003) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN TC 278 "Road Transport and Traffic Telematics", the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2003, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2003.

This document supersedes ENV 12795:1997.

The development of this standard was carried out under European Commission Mandate M/018.

This European Standard forms part of a series of European Standards defining the framework of a Dedicated Short Range Communication (DSRC) link in the Road Transport and Traffic Telematics (RTTT) environment.

The communication requirements of many RTTT applications can be fulfilled by DSRC. The DSRC standards enable compliant communication systems to serve multiple RTTT applications in parallel.

The small service areas and severe real-time constraints require a specific protocol architecture leading to the reduced protocol stack shown in Figure A, consisting of the Application Layer, the Data Link Layer, and the Physical Layer. Such architecture is very common for real-time environments.

This European Standard gives the architecture and services offered by the DSRC Data Link Layer.

	DSRC Management	Application Layer		
		Data Link Layer]	
		Physical Layer		
Figure A — DSRC protocol stack				
bean Standards for the DSRC link is issued by CEN:				
sical Layer using Microwave at 5.8 GHz";				
a Link	Layer: MAC and LLC"	(this European Standard);	·L	
lication Laver" :				

Figure A — DSRC protocol stack

The following set of European Standards for the DSRC link is issued by CEN:

- EN 12253 "DSRC Physical Layer using Microwave at 5.8 GHz";
- EN 12795 "DSRC Data Link Layer: MAC and LLC" (this European Standard);
- EN 12834 "DSRC Application Layer";
- EN 13372 "DSRC Profiles for RTTT Applications".

Annex A is normative. Annexes B, C, D and E are informative.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard:

- defines the Data Link Layer of DSRC;
- is positioned with respect to other related standards by the layers defined in OSI Basic Reference Model [EN ISO/IEC 7498-1] as adopted for DSRC;
- supports broadcast and half-duplex transmission modes;
- supports a variety of fixed equipment configurations. It supports configurations where one fixed equipment communicates with one mobile equipment unit, as well as configurations where one fixed equipment can communicate with several mobile equipment units;
- takes into account that the mobile equipment communicates with the fixed equipment while passing through a limited communication zone;
- defines neither any specific configuration nor the layout of the communication zone;
- does not define to what extent different instances of fixed equipment, operating in the vicinity of each other, need to be synchronised with each other;
- defines parameters to be used in negotiation procedures taking place between fixed equipment and mobile equipment.

By defining two distinct sublayers, namely the medium access control sublayer and the logical link control sublayer, this standard defines:

tenet.

- a) medium access control procedures for the shared physical medium;
- b) addressing rules and conventions;
- c) data flow control procedures;
- d) acknowledgement procedures;
- e) error control procedures;
- f) services provided to application layer.

The MAC sublayer is specific to the DSRC. The LLC services offered are unacknowledged and acknowledged connectionless services based on [ISO/IEC 8802-2].



Figure 1 — Architecture and data flow of the DSRC stack

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Figure 1 illustrates the global data flow between the elements of the DSRC stack, (Physical, Data Link and Application Layers) and the application.

NOTE For definitions of the terms used in Figure 1 see [EN ISO/IEC 7498-1].

2 Normative references

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text, and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

EN ISO/IEC 7498-1:1995, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model (ISO/IEC 7498-1:1994).

ISO/IEC 8802-2, Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 2: Logical link control.

ISO/IEC 3309, Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems – High-level data link control (HDLC) procedures – Frame structure.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this European Standard, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

beacon service table

data structure transmitted by the fixed equipment indicating available services

3.2

downlink

communication channel on which the fixed equipment transmits its information

3.3

fixed equipment

fixed communication facility with one or more downlink channels and, optionally, one or more uplink channels

NOTE Normally the fixed equipment is installed at a fixed location, but it may be installed on a mobile platform.

3.4

link identifier

unique address used for addressing the mobile equipment

3.5

mobile equipment

mobile communication facility capable of receiving information from the fixed equipment on the downlink and, optionally, also capable of transmitting information to the fixed equipment on the uplink

NOTE The mobile equipment normally corresponds to the vehicle's communication unit.

3.6

profile

unique set of parameter values controlling the behaviour of the DSRC