INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Determination of particle size distribution by gravitational liquid sedimentation methods —

Part 3: X-ray gravitational technique

Détermination de la distribution granulométrique par les méthodes de sédimentation par gravité dans un liquide —

Partie 3: Méthode aux rayons X par gravité



Reference number ISO 13317-3:2001(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also rake part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 13317 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible in identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 13317-3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 24, Sieves, sieving and other sizing methods, Subcommittee SC 4, Sizing by nethods other than sieving.

preview of ner area by the g ISO 13317 consists of the following parts, under general title Determination of particle size distribution by gravitational liquid sedimentation methods:

- Part 1: General principles and guidelines
- Part 2: Fixed pipette method
- Part 3: X-ray gravitational technique

Annex A of this part of ISO 13317 is for information only.

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Determination of particle size distribution by gravitational liquid sedimentation methods —

Part 3:

X-ray gravitational technique

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS — This part of ISO 13317 does not purport to address all of the safety considerations associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this part of ISO 13317 to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of the regulatory limitations prior to its use.

1 Scope

This part of ISO 13317 describes a method for the determination of the particle size distribution of a powder dispersed in a liquid using gravity sedimentation. The measurement of the concentration of solids settling in a liquid suspension is achieved by monitoring the incremental signal absorption from a beam of X-rays.

The method of determining the particle size distribution described in this part of ISO 13317 is applicable to powders which can be dispersed in liquids or powders which are present in slurry form. The typical particle size range for analysis is from about 0,5 μ m to about 100 μ m. The method is used for materials containing particles of the same chemical composition which produce adequate X-ray opacity.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 13317. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 13317 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative document indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 787-10, General methods of test for pigments and extenders — Paro: Determination of density — Pyknometer method.

ISO 8213, Chemical products for industrial use — Sampling techniques — Solid chemical products in the form of particles varying from powders to coarse lumps.

ISO 9276-1, Representation of results of particle size analysis — Part 1: Graphical representation.

ISO 13317-1, Determination of particle size distribution by gravitational liquid sedimentation methods — Part 1: General principles and guidelines.

ISO 14887, Sample preparation — Dispersing procedures for powders in liquids.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 13317, the terms and definitions given in ISO 13317-1 apply.