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General methods of test for pigments and extenders -Part 13: Determination of water-soluble sulfates, chlorides and nitrates (ISO 787-13:2002) A B DI CHIEN O CHIEN O



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NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 787- 13:2011 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 787-13:2002 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 787- 13:2011 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 787-13:2002.			
Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 31.01.2011 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.	This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 31.01.2011 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.			
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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

EN ISO 787-13

August 2002

ICS 87.060.10

Supersedes EN ISO 787-13:2001

English version

General methods of test for pigments and extenders - Part 13: Determination of water-soluble sulfates, chlorides and nitrates (ISO 787-13:2002)

Méthodes générales d'essai des pigments et matières de charge - Partie 13: Determination des sulfates, chlorures et nitrates solubles dans l'eau (ISO 787-13:2002)

Allgemeine Prüfverfahren für Pigmente und Füllstoffe - Teil 13: Bestimmung der wasserlöslichen Sulfate, Chloride und Nitrate (ISO 787-13:2002)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 June 2002.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Ref. No. EN ISO 787-13:2002 E

Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod.), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN</u>	<u>Year</u>
ISO 15528	2000	Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes — Sampling	EN ISO 15528	2000

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 787 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 787-13 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Pigments and extenders*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 787-13:1973), of which it constitutes a minor (editorial) revision.

ISO 787 consists of the following parts, under the general title General methods of test for pigments and extenders:

- Part 1: Comparison of colour of pigments
- Part 2: Determination of matter volatile at 105 °C
- Part 3: Determination of matter soluble in water Hot extraction method
- Part 4: Determination of acidity or alkalinity of the aqueous extract
- Part 5: Determination of oil absorption value
- Part 7: Determination of residue on sieve Water method Manual procedure
- Part 8: Determination of matter soluble in water Cold extraction method
- Part 9: Determination of pH value of an aqueous suspension
- Part 10: Determination of density Pyknometer method
- Part 11: Determination of tamped volume and apparent density after tamping
- Part 13: Determination of water-soluble sulfates, chlorides and nitrates
- Part 14: Determination of resistivity of aqueous extract
- Part 15: Comparison of resistance to light of coloured pigments of similar types
- Part 16: Determination of relative tinting strength (or equivalent colouring value) and colour on reduction of coloured pigments — Visual comparison method
- Part 17: Comparison of lightening power of white pigments
- Part 18: Determination of residue on sieve Mechanical flushing procedure
- Part 19: Determination of water-soluble nitrates (Salicylic acid method)
- Part 21: Comparison of heat stability of pigments using a stoving medium
- Part 22: Comparison of resistance to bleeding of pigments

- Part 23: Determination of density (using a centrifuge to remove entrained air)
- Part 24: Determination of relative tinting strength of coloured pigments and relative scattering power of white pigments — Photometric methods
- ison of the Part 25: Comparison of the colour, in full-shade systems, of white, black and coloured pigments — Colorimetric method

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General methods of test for pigments and extenders —

Part 13:

Determination of water-soluble sulfates, chlorides and nitrates

1 Scope

This part of ISO 787 specifies a general method of test for determining the water-soluble sulfates, chlorides and nitrates of pigments.

NOTE When this general method is applicable to a given pigment, a cross-reference to it will simply be included in the International Standard relating to the pigment, with a note of any detailed modification which may be needed in view of the special properties of the pigment in question. Only when this general method is not applicable to a particular pigment will a special method for determination of water-soluble sulfates chlorides or nitrates be specified.

2 Normative reference

The following normative document contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 787. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, this publication do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 787 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the normative document indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 15528, Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes — Sampling

3 Reagents

All reagents used shall be of recognized analytical reagent quality. Distilled water, or water of equivalent purity, shall be used.

- **3.1** Hydrochloric acid, $\rho = 1,18$.
- 3.2 Silver nitrate, 0,01 mol/l standard volumetric solution.
- 3.3 Ammonium chloride solution, 17,2 mg/l.
- 3.4 Sodium hydroxide solution, 200 g/l.
- 3.5 Barium chloride solution, 50 g/l.
- 3.6 Potassium chromate solution, 50 g/l.
- 3.7 Devarda's alloy, powdered.