

**Building hardware - Requirements and test
methods for windows and doors height windows -
Part 12: Side hung projecting reversible hardware**

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 13126-12:2008 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 13126-12:2008 ingliskeelset teksti.

Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 15.12.2008 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.

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Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 13126-12:2008 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 13126-12:2008.

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English Version

**Building hardware - Requirements and test methods for windows
and doors height windows - Part 12: Side hung projecting
reversible hardware**

Quincaillerie pour le bâtiment - Exigences et méthodes
d'essai des ferrures de fenêtres et portes-fenêtres - Partie
12: Ferrures pour ouvrants à projection de l'axe latéral
réversibles

Baubeschläge - Beschläge für Fenster und Fenstertüren -
Anforderungen und Prüfverfahren - Teil 12: Beschläge für
auskragende Drehflügel-Umkehrfenster

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Foreword

This document (EN 13126-12:2008) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 33 “Doors, windows, shutters, building hardware and curtain walling”, the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2009, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2009.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes CEN/TS 13126-12:2004.

This European Standard is one of a series of European Standards dedicated to building hardware products.

A full contribution to the preparation of this European Standard has been made by the European manufacturers’ organization “ARGE” and national standards bodies.

EN 13126 *Building hardware — Requirements and test methods for windows and doors height windows* consists of the following parts:

Part 1: Requirements common to all types of hardware

Part 2: Casement fastener handles¹⁾

Part 3: Manoeuvring fittings for espagnolette bolts/sliding button¹⁾

Part 4: Espagnolette bolts¹⁾

Part 5: Devices that restrict the opening of windows¹⁾

Part 6: Variable geometry stay hinges (with or without a friction system)

Part 7: Finger catches

Part 8: Tilt&Turn, Tilt-First and Turn-Only hardware

Part 9: Pivot hinges¹⁾

Part 10: Arm balancing systems

Part 11: Top hung projecting reversible hardware

Part 12: Side hung projecting reversible hardware

Part 13: Sash balances¹⁾

¹⁾ To be revised, for the time being CEN/TS.

Part 14: Sash fasteners¹⁾

Part 15: Rollers for horizontal sliding and sliding folding windows and doors

Part 16: Hardware for Lift&Slide windows and doors

Part 17: Hardware for Tilt&Slide windows and doors

Part 18: Fan light openers for windows and door height windows

Part 19: Sliding Closing Devices (SCD) for windows and door height windows

Informative Annex A of EN 13126-1:2006 gives detailed schedules of the elements of components of the 17 first parts of this European Standard.

Informative Annex A of EN 13126-1:2006 depicts the “list of parts and titles and their reference to the relevant window types” of the seventeen parts of this European Standard.

Informative Annex B of EN 13126-1:2006 gives schedules of the elements of components used on the 21 types of window opening functions.

The performance tests incorporated in this European Standard are considered to be reproducible and as such will provide a consistent and objective assessment of the performance of these products throughout CEN Member States.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This part of EN 13126 specifies the requirements and test methods for durability, strength, security and function of side hung projecting reversible hardware for windows.

NOTE This European Standard is applicable to side hung projecting reversible hardware whether fitted with integral restrictors or not.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1670, *Building hardware — Corrosion resistance — Requirements and test methods*

EN 12519:2004, *Windows and pedestrian doors — Terminology*

EN 13126-1:2006, *Building hardware — Requirements and test methods for windows and doors height windows — Part 1: Requirements common to all types of hardware*

CEN/TS 13126-5, *Building hardware, fittings for windows and door height windows — Requirements and test methods — Part 5: Devices that restrict the opening of windows*

ISO 4520:1981, *Chromate conversion coatings on electroplated zinc and cadmium coatings*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 13126-1:2006 and EN 12519:2004 and the following apply

NOTE The following terms and definitions apply to windows made of wood, PVC-u, aluminium or steel and their appropriate material combinations.

3.1

pivot retainer

device (may be integrated onto hinge arm system) fitted to the sash to hold it during rotation on hinge mechanism

3.2

integrated restrictor

mechanism that is an integral part of the side hung Projecting reversible hardware that limits the initial opening of the window and may or may not also hold an opening light firmly in the reverse position

3.3

top slider

assembly consisting of plate and swivel bracket fitted to a sash, which guides movement in a horizontal plane

3.4

bottom slider

assembly consisting of plate and swivel bracket fitted to sash, which guides movement in horizontal plane