

Veeldatud naftagaasid. Vesiniksulfiidide määramine. Pliiatsetaatmeetod

Liquefied petroleum gases - Determination of
hydrogen sulfide - Lead acetate method

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 8819:2000 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 8819:1995 ingliskeelset teksti. Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 11.01.2000 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes. Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 8819:2000 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 8819:1995. This document is endorsed on 11.01.2000 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation. The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.
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Käsitlusala: Käesolev standard esitab meetodi vesiniksulfiidi määramiseks veeldatud naftaproduktides. Madalaim kontsentratsioon, mida on võimalik kindlaks määrata, on 4 mg vesiniksulfiidi 1 m³ veeldatud naftagaasis. Metüülmerkaptaan, kui ta esineb, annab muutuva kollase värvuse pliiatsetaadi paberil, mis siiski kustub vähem kui 5 minutiga täielikult.	Scope:
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ICS 75.160.30

Võtmesõnad: keemiline analüüs, naftasaadused, tundlikkus, veeldatud naftagaasid, vesiniksulfiid

ICS 75.160.30

Descriptors: Liquefied petroleum gas, chemical analysis, testing, petroleum products.

English version

Liquefied petroleum gases

Detection of hydrogen sulfide

Lead acetate method

(ISO 8819:1993)

Gaz de pétrole liquéfiés; détection de
l'acide sulfhydrique; méthode à l'acétate
de plomb (ISO 8819:1993)

Flüssiggase; Nachweis von Schwefel-
wasserstoff; Bleiacetatverfahren
(ISO 8819:1993)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1995-01-02 and is identical to the ISO Standard as referred to.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

CEN

European Committee for Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation
Europäisches Komitee für Normung

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Foreword

International Standard

ISO 8819:1993 Liquefied petroleum gases; detection of hydrogen sulfide; lead acetate method, which was prepared by ISO/TC 28 'Petroleum products and lubricants' of the International Organization for Standardization, has been adopted by Technical Committee CEN/TC 19 'Petroleum products, lubricants and related products' as a European Standard.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, and conflicting national standards withdrawn, by July 1995 at the latest.

In accordance with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard:

Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard ISO 8819:1993 was approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification.