Railway applications - Track - Switches and crossings - Part 9: Layouts

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EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 13232-9:2006 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 13232-9:2006 ingliskeelset teksti.

Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 29.06.2006 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 13232-9:2006 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 13232-9:2006.

This document is endorsed on 29.06.2006 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

Käsitlusala:

The scope of this part is:- to describe the design process of switches and crossings, and the use of the other parts of this standard; - to define the main criteria to be taken into account during the design of the layout, including the safety and functional dimensions as well as geometrical and material aspects;

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Railway applications - Track - Switches and crossings - Part 9: Layouts

Applications ferroviaires - Voie - Appareils de voie - Partie 9: Ensemble de l'appareil Bahnanwendungen - Oberbau - Weichen und Kreuzungen - Teil 9: Weichenanlagen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 February 2006.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

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Foreword

This European Standard (EN 13232-9:2006) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 256 "Railway applications", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2006, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2006.

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association to support Essential Requirements of EU Directive 96/48/EC of 23 July 1996 on the interoperability of the trans-European high-speed rail system amended by the Directive 2004/50/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004.

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this European Standard.

This series of standards "Railway applications — Track — Switches and crossings" covers the design and quality of switches and crossings in flat bottom rails. The list of parts is as follows:

- Part 1 : Definitions
- Part 2 : Requirements for geometric design
- Part 3 : Requirements for wheel/rail interaction
- Part 4 : Actuation, locking and detection
- Part 5 : Switches
- Part 6 : Fixed common and obtuse crossings
- Part 7 : Crossings with moveable parts
- Part 8 : Expansion devices
- Part 9 : Layouts

Part 1 contains terminology used throughout all parts of the standard.

Parts 2 to 4 contain basic design guides and are applicable to all switch and crossing assemblies.

Parts 5 to 8 deal with particular types of equipment, including their tolerances. These use parts 1 to 4 as a basis.

Part 9 defines the functional and geometrical dimensions and tolerances for layout assembly.

The following terms are used within to define the parties involved in using the EN as the technical basis for a transaction:

CUSTOMER The operator or user of the equipment, or the purchaser of the equipment on the user's behalf.

SUPPLIER The body responsible for the use of the EN in response to the customer's requirements.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,

S. Norwey, .

This document is a branch on a grant of the control Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

1 Scope

The scope of this part is:

- to describe the design process of switches and crossings, and the use of the other parts of this standard;
- to define the main criteria to be taken into account during the design of the layout, including the safety and functional dimensions as well as geometrical and material aspects;
- to define the main criteria to be verified during the design approval;
- to define the geometrical and non-geometrical acceptance criteria for inspection of layouts assembled both in the fabrication plant and at track site in case of layouts that are delivered non or partially assembled or in a "kit" form:
- to determine the limits of supply;
- to define the minimum requirements for traceability.

This European Standard applies only to layouts that are assembled in the manufacturing plant or that are assembled for the first time at trackside.

Other aspects such as installation and maintenance also influence performance; these are not considered as part of this European Standard.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this European Standard. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 13145, Railway applications — Track — Wood sleepers and bearers

EN 13230-4, Railway applications — Track — Concrete sleepers and bearers — Part 4: Prestressed bearers for switches and crossings

EN 13232-2, Railway applications — Track — Switches and crossings — Part 2: Requirements for geometric design

EN 13232-3, Railway applications — Track — Switches and crossings — Part 3: Requirements for wheel/rail interaction

EN 13232-4, Railway applications — Track – Switches and crossings — Part 4: Actuation, locking and detection

EN 13232-5, Railway applications — Track — Switches and crossings — Part 5: Switches

EN 13232-6, Railway applications — Track — Switches and crossings — Part 6: Fixed common and obtuse crossings

EN 13232-7, Railway applications — Track — Switches and crossings — Part 7: Crossings with moveable parts

prEN 13232-8, Railway applications — Track — Switches and crossings — Part 8: Expansion devices

EN 13481 (all parts), Railway applications — Track — Performance requirements for fastening systems

EN 13674-1, Railway applications — Track — Rail — Part 1: Vignole railway rails 46 kg/m and above

EN 13674-2, Railway applications — Track — Rail — Part 2: Switch and crossing rails used in conjunction with Vignole railway rails 46 kg/m and above

EN 13674-3, Railway applications — Track — Rail — Part 3: Check rails

EN 13674-4, Railway applications — Track — Rail — Part 4: Vignole railway rails from 27 kg/m to, but excluding 46 kg/m

EN 13715, Railway applications — Wheelsets and bogies — Wheels — Tread profile

prEN 13803-2, Railway applications — Track alignment design parameters — Track gauges 1 435 mm and wider — Part 2: Switches and crossings and comparable alignment design situations with abrupt changes of curvature

prEN 14730 (all parts), Railway applications — Track — Aluminothermic welding of rails

UIC 505-1, Railway transport stock — Rolling stock construction gauge

UIC 505-4, Effects of the application of the kinematic gauges defined in the 505 series of leaflets on the positioning of structures in relation to the tracks and of the tracks in relation to each other

UIC 510-2, Trailing stock — Conditions concerning the use of wheels of various diameters with running gear of different types

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this European Standard, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

guiding force Y

lateral force, acting parallel to the running surface, between the wheel and the relevant track component (usually a rail)

3.2

wheel load Q

force, acting perpendicular to the running surface, between the wheel on one hand and the relevant track component (rail)

3.3

contact angle 1/A

angle of the contact plane, measured at the contact point A between the wheel and the track component. In the case of a two-point contact, the one nearest the wheel flange will be considered.

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